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HERITAGE U.S. COINS AUCTION MARCH 28-29 & 31, 2024













U.S. COINS March 28-29 & 31, 2024 | Dallas

Heritage Auctions

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FLOOR Sessions 1-2

(Floor, Telephone, HERITAGELive!®, Internet, Fax, and Mail)

Session 1 - PREMIER

Thursday, March 28 • 6:00 PM CT • Lots 3001-3185

Session 2

Friday, March 29 • 5:00 PM CT • Lots 3186-3674

Session 3

(HERITAGELive!®, Internet, Fax, & Mail only Session)
Sunday, March 31 • 2:00 PM CT • Lots 7001-7366

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Baltimore Convention Center | Hall ABC | Booth 819 1 W. Pratt St. | Baltimore, MD 21201 Thursday, March 21 | 8:00 AM - 6:00 PM ET Friday, March 22 | 8:00 AM - 4:00 PM ET

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By appointment. Please contact Jose Gonzalez at JoseG@HA.com or 214-409-1726.

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Monday, March 25 - Friday, March 29 | 9:00 AM - 5:00 PM CT

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Available weekdays 9:00 AM – 5:00 PM CT starting Friday, March 29, by appointment only. Please contact Client Services at the number below.

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Lots are sold at an approximate rate of 125 lots per hour, but it is not uncommon to sell 100 lots or 150 lots in any given hour.

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¹Patent No. 9,064,282 75115

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Dear Bidder,

The March 2024 Dallas U.S. Coins Signature® auction bridges an interlude between January's FUN Show extravaganza and the upcoming May Central States Numismatic Society's Convention. This year's sale offers a wide array of key-date gold, silver, and copper coins sure to inspire and delight specialists of virtually every series and interest. Mark your calendars for Thursday through Sunday, March 28 to 31!

Held at Heritage's World Headquarters in Dallas, the live Premier Session starts at 6:00 CT Thursday evening, followed by Friday's live floor session at 5:00 p.m. CT, and concluding on Sunday afternoon with our Online Signature® session starting at 2:00 p.m. CT. Each session presents collector-friendly rarities ranging from colonial issues and silver standouts to outstanding gold offerings, plus U.S. patterns and Territorial gold coins. Medals, tokens, and Mint errors round out the event, representing the greatly appreciated contributions of more than 80 consignors in all.

Here is a quick list of several auction highlights:

- Lot 3166: 1929 Saint-Gaudens double eagle, MS65+ PCGS. The heavily melted late-series key. PCGS reports only five finer examples.
- Lot 3007: 1793 Chain cent, AMERICA reverse, XF45 NGC. S-3, B-4, an impressive and historic survivor struck 230 years ago.
- Lot 3179: 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. ten dollar gold, MS61 NGC. CAC. The popular Colorado Territory "Pikes Peak Gold" issue, seldom seen in Mint State. Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection.
- Lot 3049: 1799 Draped Bust dollar, MS63 NGC.
 B-16, BB-158. Five bold berries on the branch. A Condition Census Example.
- Lot 3176: 1853 Moffat & Co. twenty dollar gold, AU55 NGC. CAC. Only about 50 1853 Moffat twenties are thought to exist in all grades combined.
- Lot 3052: 1859-S Seated dollar, MS64 NGC. OC-2, R.4. Only 20,000 pieces were struck. This example is the third-finest certified by NGC and PCGS combined.
- Lot 3185: 1888 Indian cent pattern, MS64 PCGS. Snow-2, FS-302, nickel die trial. Unique. Ex: Morris Sale (H. and S.H. Chapman, 1905); Ex: Maroskos Specimen.



- Lot 3032: 1801 Draped Bust half dollar, AU58 NGC. O-101, T-2. The first Heraldic Eagle half dollar, a conditionally rare early key date.
- Lot 3072: 1875 gold dollar, MS63 PCGS. CAC. One of only 400 pieces struck—one of the rarest and most desired of all gold dollars.

There is a fine gathering of Gem and finer quarter eagles in this sale, as well as many extremely high-grade gold and silver classic commemoratives. Also, be sure to view the large selection of gold nuggets in Sunday's Online Signature® session.

Lot viewing is available here in Dallas before (by appointment only, please). Details are on page 1 of this catalog. As always, we wish our friends, clients, and dealer associates a warm welcome to our World Headquarters in Dallas. We value our opportunity to meet and serve you, and we look forward to assisting you with lot viewing, buying, selling, consigning, or simply answering any questions you might have.



We hope you can attend the auction in person. If unable to attend, you can always bid through HA.com, email, U.S. mail, and fax. Real-time options for remote bidding include telephone bidding, and online bids with HERITAGELive!®, our award-winning and easy-to-use online bidding platform. Thank you and good luck with your bids!

Sincerely,

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Todd Imhof

Executive Vice-President

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SESSION ONE

COLONIALS

1652 Salmon 3-C Willow Tree Shilling Ex: Stearns Collection





3001 1652 Willow Tree Shilling, Salmon 3-C — Plugged, Clipped — NGC. Noe 3-C, W-180, High R.6. 49.8 grains. Die orientation: 165°. A clipped example of this variety, which retains much of both the obverse and reverse legends as well as good, if faint, diagnostic detail to the tree. Both sides are well-centered, and in each case the inner dotted circle is nearly complete. Indeed, the obverse's inner circle is about as round as one can hope for on a Willow Tree coin, and the obverse legend is fairly distinct where it hasn't been clipped: one can readily see nearly all of MASATHVSETS, with only the first S being nearly effaced. The + at the top of the tree is distinct, as are the branches below. Close examination reveals traces of the tree branches and trunk, as well as the ground line beneath. The central area of the reverse is virtually blank, with a ghost of the denomination's X just barely discernable. The inner circle here is broken into four arcs, a frequently seen phenomenon on these hammer-struck coins. The legend is less apparent, with DOM NEW being very faint, and the L in ENGLAND indistinct.

This is the second Stearns Collection example of this variety, listed and illustrated in the 1966 Mayflower catalog as lot 8, where it is very obviously holed slightly below 9 o'clock on the obverse. By the time it was offered by Bowers and Ruddy Galleries in their 1982 sale of material from the New York Public Library and Other Properties, the hole had been plugged and the surfaces tooled to resemble an unholed specimen (what the cataloger of that sale described as "a light repair on the rim"). The repair hasn't been mentioned at all in the two most recent sales traced. The plug was expertly inserted, and the surface tooling is good, but not flawless: while the partial final S of the obverse's MASATHVSETS may pass a cursory examination, the second N of the reverse's ENGLAND stands out in contrast to the clarity of the flanking A and D and draws attention to itself. The coin was retoned well, with dark gray peripheries framing lighter silver centers. Overall, the repair is welldone, and given the scarcity and importance of any Willow Tree shilling, its presence here does not overshadow the original details this coin has to offer. This piece is No. 11 in the census recorded in the October 2022 Long Beach Signature auction. Listed on page 35 of the 2024 Guide Book.

Ex: Stearns Collection (Mayflower, 12/1966), lot 8; Bowers and Ruddy (10/1982), lot 2002; Auction '83 (Stack's, 7/1983), lot 501; Stack's (10/2003), lot 2003; The Christopher J. Salmon Collection of Massachusetts Silver, Part III / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2023), lot 3630.

PCGS# 890875 Base PCGS# 16

1652 Willow Tree Shilling Salmon 3-C





3002 1652 Willow Tree Shilling, Salmon 3-C — Clipped — NGC. Noe 3-C, W-180, High R.6. 57.0 grains. Die orientation: 315°. A well-circulated example of this rare colonial type, though with enough of the legends and various occasional details present to retain considerable interest. The obverse is off-center, partly due to clipping but also due to strike. The Willow Tree coins always exhibit evidence of multiple strikes, regardless of denomination, because they were produced by essentially the same minting technique — cold striking with a silversmith's hammer — used for the previous NE series. The hand-hammering technique was clearly inadequate for the larger dies of the Willow Tree series, but the nascent mint at Boston had yet to acquire a rocker press. The results are readily apparent. Most of the inner dotted circle is visible on this piece, and tracing it demonstrates that it was struck at least three, and perhaps four, times. The central detail is very weak, but the + placed above the very top of the tree is readily apparent beneath the right upright of the M in MASATHVSETS, giving us a very good point for visual orientation. The tree's groundline is mostly clear, and traces of the trunk and peripheral branches can be seen. The beginning of the legend is complete, if jumbled, with MASATH spaced irregularly but clearly discernable. The remainder of the obverse legend is off-planchet.

The reverse is more difficult to interpret. Well-centered, the broken arcs of the inner dotted circle demonstrate clearly that the coin was produced by multiple strikes of a hammer. The central date and denomination are wholly missing, but more than half of the legend remains. Starting at 4 o'clock, the opening NEWEN of NEWENGLAND is readily apparent, despite some doubling at the W. The following GL is lost to overstriking, though the AN following can be made out at least in part. The final letters of ANDOM can be seen, which is significant because this is the only reverse die of the Willow Tree type in which there is no punctuation after the final M (AN DOM is abbreviated A.D: on the threepence, but even there the D is followed by a colon). This

area is perfectly clear on this example.

While worn and somewhat clipped, the present Willow Tree shilling provides a good amount of interest to the colonial specialist and an affordable choice for the type collector, with distinct partial legends on both sides and with inner circles that reflect strike multiplicity and the manner of manufacture. The surfaces bear a scattering of marks and nicks from what must have been an extensive period of circulation, but few of them are distracting. A couple of deeper marks are noted in the area around SA in the obverse legend, and both central portions of the coin exhibit hairlines. The coloration of the coin, a darker gray with lighter silver highlights, is original. This is a modest, but interesting, example of this scarce variety that was lacking from the Boyd-Ford Collection. We have records of 12 examples. Refer to our October 2022 Long Beach Signature auction for a detailed census. Listed on page 35 of the 2024 Guide Book.

Ex: The Christopher J. Salmon Collection of Massachusetts Silver, Part III / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2023), lot 3629.

PCGS# 890875 Base PCGS# 16

1652 Oak Tree Shilling, AU58 Noe-7, Salmon 5-D Dramatic Late Die State



3003 1652 Oak Tree Shilling, IN at Bottom, Noe-7, W-480, Salmon 5-D, R.5, AU58 NGC. Ex: Christopher J. Salmon Collection. 73.5 grains. Noe-7 is a very scarce variety notable for its varied appearance. The early die state, as seen on lot 3617 in our August 2019 Signature, has a sharply defined tree and a sizeable break below the N in AN DOM. But the present lot is the latest die state, with a huge break that extends contiguously from the N to 2 in the date, and a tree nearly as poorly detailed as the Noe-10 Ghost Tree. This cream-gray piece shows slightly better-than-average planchet quality for the variety. Design high points are stone-white. Both sides are nicely centered, although the tops of the obverse legend are off the flan as usual. Listed on page 36 of the 2024 Guide Book. Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2005), lot 5002; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 3012; Christopher J. Salmon Collection; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 8/2022), lot 3297; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 12/2022), lot 3277 PCGS# 898265 Base PCGS# 45362

1785 Vermont - Immune Columbia Copper Fine 15, Rare RR-1 Machin's Mills Variety



3004 1785 Vermont Copper, Immune Columbia, RR-1, Bressett 26-Z, W-2250, Low R.6, Fine 15 NGC. Ex: Long Island Collection. A Bust Right obverse, associated with 1787 and 1788 Vermont coppers, is muled with the 1785 Immune Columbia reverse associated with Nova Constellatio patterns and Machin's Mills George III halfpence. W-2250 is a rare variety believed struck at Machin's Mills circa 1789. Grading the present piece poses a challenge. The date area and left-side legends suggest a much higher grade than Fine 15, but the centers are softly brought up, as are portions of the right-side legends. The planchet texture remains in lightly impressed areas. Nonetheless, the mahogany-brown and steel-blue surfaces are void of post-strike detractions. Listed on page 55 of the 2024 Guide Book. Census: 1 in 15, 1 finer (1/24). PCGS# 800825 Base PCGS# 536

Undated (1795) Liberty and Security 'Penny' Rare Fire-Gilt Example Baker-30D, Musante GW-45, MS62





(1795) Liberty and Security Penny, Asylum Edge, Gilt, MS62 PCGS. Baker-30D, Musante GW-45. The Rulau-Fuld reference lists only nine known examples with gilt surfaces. This is a sharp Uncirculated example of the rare finish, with bright yellow-gold surfaces and a few bits of aged encrustation at the rims. Occasional microscopic specks scatter elsewhere on the smooth surfaces. The popular Washington Liberty and Security token becomes scarce in Uncirculated conditions when struck in copper, and is rarely seen in its fire-gilt format. The most recent appearance of a similar piece we can recall is in the November 2006 Norweb Collection sale by Stack's, lot 2035 — an AU55 example — that was described in part:

"Fuld estimates that 'probably 10 are known' in fire gilt copper, but the population seems perhaps even lower than that — Ford did not own one, nor did Garrett, Picker, Steinberg, Collins, LaRiviere, Roper, or the consignor of the Washingtonia in our Old Colony Collection sale of December 2005. With this rarity lacking from so many major collections, including those which made varieties in the Liberty and Security series a collecting priority, we suspect this prize will see eager competition."

We wonder what the present MS62 example will bring among Colonial issue specialists in today's market. This is the first Mint State example we have had the privilege to offer and the only certified Uncirculated example listed at PCGS (2/24). PCGS# 568470

HALF CENT

1793 C-4, B-4 Half Cent, AU50 The Final 1793 Variety





3006 1793 C-4, B-4, Low R.3, AU50 NGC. This is the fourth and final 1793 half cent variety produced in the opening year of Philadelphia Mint coinage. The 1793 cents and half cents represent great historical importance as the first coins produced at that facility. Two obverse dies and three reverse dies were engraved for the half cents, and those dies were used in four different combinations. This example combined olive and light brown on both sides. Trivial rim marks are noted below the date and over AMERICA. The reverse shows many short flaws that remain from the planchet at the time this coin was struck. Retained from the time of manufacture, those flaws do not affect the grade. This is a lovely example of our nation's first half cent for the historically minded collector. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35012 Base PCGS# 1000

LARGE CENTS

1793 S-3, B-4 Chain Cent, XF45 AMERICA Reverse



3007 1793 Chain, AMERICA, S-3, B-4, Low R.3, XF45 NGC. Four obverse dies and two reverse dies were utilized in five combinations to strike the Chain cents in March 1793. Study of die states reveals that the Chain AMERI. cents were produced first. The same obverse die was used with a new reverse die that had AMERICA spelled in full to produce the cents cataloged as Sheldon-2. That reverse die remained in use with three additional obverse dies to strike NC-1, S-3, and S-4. The S-3 marriage is the most frequently encountered of those, and is a perfect choice for collectors who seek a single Chain cent to illustrate the type.

Despite speculation over the years, we are certain that the Chief Coiner, Henry Voigt, engraved these early dies for the 1793 copper coins. That attribution is based on a primary document: Elias Boudinot's 1795 report on the Mint, where he wrote: "It was also a considerable time before an engraver could be engaged, during which, the chief coiner was obliged to make the dies for himself." Robert Scot was not appointed to the position of Mint engraver until several months later, and there is no evidence that Joseph Wright engraved these dies.

Light clash marks are noted along the neck, chin, and mouth, and below the bust on this attractive Chain cent. Despite trivial marks, the steel-brown and mahogany surfaces are smooth and free of corrosion. The date, legends, bust, and chain are all well-defined. The obverse shows central weakness on the high points of the bust that is typical of all surviving Chain cents. This Choice XF example is an impressive survivor of the last 230 years. NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35438 Base PCGS# 1341

1799 S-189, B-3 Cent, Fine 12 Popular Key-Date



3008 1799 S-189, B-3, R.2, Fine 12 PCGS. Unlike most 1799 cents, the date and LIBERTY are both bold, with the bottoms of the date and the top of LIBERTY merged slightly into the border. The attractive olive-brown surfaces exhibit scattered handling marks on both sides that are expected for the grade. There is no corrosion or other impairments visible on either side. The 1799 cent has long been identified as the key issue in the Draped Bust series, and one of the three important dates in the series from 1793 to 1857. Rarely are problem-free examples of this issue available. The present offering is a highly important opportunity for series specialists. NGC ID# 2246, PCGS# 36140 Base PCGS# 1443

1814 S-294 Cent, MS63 Brown Crosslet 4, Exemplary Surfaces



3009 1814 Crosslet 4, S-294, B-1, R.1, MS63 Brown NGC. The final-year Classic cent exists in two die marriages, readily attributed by the presence or absence of a crosslet on the crossbar of the 4 in the date. Both varieties are fairly plentiful in well circulated grades, but quality Mint State examples of any Classic variety are challenging to locate. This Select cent displays consistent lavender-brown toning. The well-struck surfaces are uncommonly devoid of contact. Lightly granular near the NT in CENT and the lower left leaf cluster. The obverse border shows flowlining, as made from dies long in use.

NGC ID# 224Y, PCGS# 36520 Base PCGS# 1573

INDIAN CENT

1888 Indian Cent, MS67 Red Tied for Finest Certified





3010 1888 MS67 Red PCGS. This is one of only two Superb Gem 1888 cents certified by either grading service. The PCGS *Population Report* documents the nearest contenders as 19 examples graded MS66 Red (including four MS66+). NGC shows only three coins in MS66 Red, with none designated finer (2/24). Each side on this MS67 example is perfectly balanced in color and overall appearance. The centers are light orange-red with tinges of jade; deeper red appears around the margins. The only mark worthy of note is a tiny planchet flaw in the right reverse field, inside the wreath. The strike is just a bit soft on the tips of the headdress feathers. Clash marks are lightly visible on the reverse.

Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 161; ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8, 2008), lot 1535; The Joseph C. Thomas Collection / Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 2087; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2019), lot 3687; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2021), lot 3991.

NGC ID# 228G, PCGS# 2168

LINCOLN CENTS

1914-D Cent, MS66 Brown Rich Original Patina, Satiny Luster





3011 1914-D MS66 Brown NGC. This is the secondary key date in the Lincoln cent series, behind the 1909-S VDB, but it is scarcer than the S-VDB overall. This Premium Gem Brown example is conditionally rare. A sharp strike complements satiny mint luster, with burgundy-brown and ice-blue hues throughout. No abrasions distract from the eye appeal. Census: 5 in 66 Brown, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22BH, PCGS# 2471

1914-D Lincoln Cent, MS65 Red Sought-After Denver Mint Key



3012 1914-D MS65 Red PCGS. The 1914-D Lincoln cent claims a relatively low mintage of fewer than 1.2 million coins, making it a sought-after branch mint key in the popular series. In fact, the 1914-D is much scarcer in high grade than the more highly heralded 1909-S VDB issue. Most Mint State survivors show up in MS63 and MS64 in the Brown and Red and Brown categories. Fully Red coins are much scarcer.

This Gem Red representative displays deep amber-red and orange surfaces without any distracting abrasions or spots. A terrific example of this elusive Colorado issue. Population: 81 in 65 (11 in 65+) Red, 9 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 22BH, PCGS# 2473

1922 No D Cent, AU58 FS-401, Strong Reverse



3013 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, FS-401, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Die Pair 2. The average grade for this popular variety falls between VF25 and VF30. This nearly Uncirculated survivor features the usual softness on the motto and portrait, and the D mintmark is entirely missing as a result of lapping. A strong second 2 in the date is diagnostic. The reverse, struck from a fresh die, is boldly defined on the upper wheat stalks and the legends. Original brown surfaces exhibit faint accents of rose and peach-orange. CAC endorsement ensures high quality for the assigned grade.

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 3/2019), lot 3030. NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 37676 Base PCGS# 3285

PROOF LINCOLN CENT

1936 Type Two Cent, PR67 Red Brilliant Proof Finish



3014 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR67 Red PCGS. Two types of 1936 proof Lincoln cents are identified as Satin Finish and Brilliant Finish, and the latter is offered here. Large scale proof production was discontinued in 1916 with the matte proof Lincoln cents and Buffalo nickels, along with brilliant proof silver coins. Following a 20-year intermission, proof coins were again produced for collectors from 1936 to 1942, and again starting in 1950. This impressive Superb Gem proof features brilliant orange surfaces with mirrored fields and gently frosted devices. It is tied for the finest certified at PCGS and NGC. Population: 4 in 67 Red, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

SHIELD NICKEL

LIBERTY NICKEL

1867 Rays Shield Nickel, MS66 Only Two Finer at PCGS





3015 1867 Rays MS66 PCGS. The 1 in the date is dramatically repunched on this Premium Gem that also shows slight doubling of the 8. While this variety is not listed in the Cherrypicker's Guide, it is one of many delightful date variants among the 1867 Rays Shield nickels. Hints of gold toning are evident on the brilliant and highly lustrous surfaces of this satin beauty. Population: 10 in 66 (1 in

66+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22NY, PCGS# 3791

1912-D Liberty Nickel, MS67 **Beautifully Toned** Among the Four Finest Certified





3016 1912-D MS67 NGC. The 1912-D (8.4 million coins struck) was one of the first branch mint nickels issued along with the lowermintage 1912-S. Both the 1912-D and 1912-S have similar certified populations through MS66 despite the significant discrepancy in their production totals. The only real difference between the two is that while the 1912-S is unknown in MS67, a small number of elite 1912-D survivors exist. They include four Superb Gems at NGC and two at PCGS with none finer (2/24).

This top-graded rarity is naturally toned in an array of powderblue, green rose, orange, gold, and lavender hues. Eye appeal is spectacular, easily matching the unsurpassed quality. The kernels on the left ear of corn are fully defined, as is the rest of the design. Well worth a premium bid. NGC ID# 277P, PCGS# 3874

BUFFALO NICKELS

1913 Type Two Buffalo Nickel, MS67+ Beautifully Pristine Mint Luster Tied for Finest Certified





3017 1913 Type Two MS67+ PCGS. The Type Two 1913 Buffalo nickel is significantly scarcer than its Type One predecessor, as is it was not nearly as well saved for novelty purposes as a first-year coin. The Type One coin is common in MS67 and scarce finer, while the Type Two issue is scarce in MS67 and unknown numerically finer. This is a rare top-grade Type Two example with a Plus designation, which makes it the finest possible option for advanced Registry collectors. Glistening, pristine mint luster adorns subtly iridescent toning, and the overall strike is strong despite some minor metal flow in the outer margins, and just some localized weakness is seen on the bison's shoulder and the tips of the Indian's feathers. The bison's horn is well rounded. This is only the fourth MS67 coin we have seen with a Plus designation. Population: 53 in 67 (14 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).



James Earle Fraser

1918/7-D Buffalo Nickel, MS64 Popular *Guide Book* Overdate, FS-101 Rarely Seen in High Grade





3018 1918/7-D FS-101 MS64 NGC. The 1918/7-D Buffalo nickel is among the rarest and most sought-after issues of the popular series, along with the 1916 Doubled Die Obverse and the 1937-D Three Legged variety. The coveted *Guide Book* and *Cherrypickers'* variety was not discovered until the 1930s, by which time the coins had been widely circulating for more than a decade. As a result, the 1918/7-D is seldom encountered in Mint State. It is definitely a rare issue at the MS64 grade level, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. The *Cherrypickers' Guide* describes FS-101:

"This is a very rare overdate, with the top of the 8 extending halfway up into the horizontal bar of the 7. The two 'ears' of the 7 show clearly, as well as the flat top surface of the 7. The diagonal of the 7 is straight, not curved, and appears on the right portion of the upper loop and the left half of the lower loop."

Like most 20th-century overdates, the 1918/7-D nickel was the result of double hubbing error that occurred in late 1917, when dies dated 1917 were still in use and dies for the next year were hurriedly manufactured. In *The Complete Guide to Buffalo Nickels*, David Lange describes the likely sequence of events:

"In sinking a working die, two or more impressions had to be taken from a working hub. Between each impression, the developing die was taken to the furnace to be annealed, or softened, since the first impression caused the metal to become workhardened. It was then ready for another impression. Amid the haste to produce new dies, a working die that had already been impressed with a hub dated 1917 was then either inadvertently or intentionally given another impression from a hub dated 1918. The result was an overdate."

P. Scott Rubin notes the 1918/7-D Buffalo nickel first surfaced in lot 545 of Hobby Shop Auction XIV (Paul Lange, 3/1930), under the heading WHO KNOWS ABOUT THIS?:

"1918 over 17 D mint nickel!!! Mint. The seven shows on top as well as the lower rounded part of it. I have looked over 8,000 other pieces but have not found another. The mint as well as many collectors of whom I inquired do not know anything about it - never saw one!"

A few more examples were discovered in upstate New York in the 1930 to 1934 time period, but the issue attracted little notice at the time. It only became widely known in the 1940s, when examples started showing up at auction more frequently and it was listed in the first edition of the *Guide Book* in 1946. Recent sales include the MS64 PCGS example in lot 3892 of the U.S. Coins Signature Auction (Heritage, 8/2022), that realized \$90,000.

This spectacular Choice specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout. A diagnostic faint die crack is evident from the hair above the braid into the field. The well-preserved, mostly brilliant surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides, with a few subtle hints of lavender and pale gold toning. Overall eye appeal is terrific for this classic 20th century rarity. Census: 14 in 64, 4 finer (1/24).

NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

1921-S Buffalo Nickel, MS66 Luminous and Beautifully Preserved Tied for Finest We Have Handled



3019 1921-S MS66 NGC. The 1921-S Buffalo nickel is a conditionally challenging date in Gem or better grades, and Premium Gem coins such as the present are universally rare, with finer pieces being nearly uncollectible. This piece displays luminous original mint luster cast in delicate champagne iridescence. The usual bit of strike softness appears in the centers, while the fields show expected metal flow lines, but neither side is plagued by heavy abrasions. For the date, the eye appeal is excellent. This is only the third 1921-S in MS66 that we have seen within the last decade, and we have never handled a higher-grade example, though one such coin is reported at NGC. Census: 7 in 66 (1 in 66★), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948

PROOF JEFFERSON NICKEL

1940 Jefferson Nickel, PR68 Reverse of 1938 Tied for Finest Certified



3020 1940 Reverse of 1938, FS-901, PR68 PCGS. The Reverse of 1938 is identified by the "mushy" steps on Monticello, contrasting with the Reverse of 1940, which has sharply defined individual steps. The Reverse of 1938 variety is by far the rarer of the two in proof format, being scarce in any grade and rare at the Superb Gem level. This PR68 coin is one of just nine pieces in this grade at PCGS and NGC combined, making it tied for finest known (6/23). Delicate lavender and butterscotch toning paints a pastel blanket across the mirrored fields and sharp, satiny devices. No imperfections are seen. Population: 4 in 68, 0 finer (2/24). PCGS# 38540 Base PCGS# 94177

1792 Half Disme, VG Details Judd-7, First Federal Coinage





3021 1792 Half Disme, Judd-7, Pollock-7, R.4 — Holed — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. The 1792 half disme is a monumentally important offering in any grade, being one of the first coins struck under federal authority after the passage of the Mint Act of April 2, 1792. With the 2017 publication of 1792: Birth of a Nation's Coinage by Smith, Orosz, and Augsburger, much has been done to clarify the circumstances under which the coins were struck and distributed, first in July 1792 and then again in October that year. The authors also include a detailed census for the 1792 half disme with 169 individual pieces. This distinctive example is not part of that list. It has a sizeable hole over the B in LIB and the adjacent period on the obverse, obscuring the O in OF on the reverse. Detail is otherwise good for the grade. Liberty's portrait and the date are bold, as are the legends on that side. The reverse is somewhat less defined with a die bulge in the right field, as seen on late-stage Period One coins. Blue, lavender, and gold patina covers marks and scratches on each side, except for two prominent ones below AM. A series of of small planchet flaws cut across the eagle's head.

1830/29 Dime, MS65 CAC FS-301, JR-5, Richly Toned





3022 1830/29 JR-5, FS-301, R.2, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Underdigits emerge upon close inspection of this colorfully patinated Gem. The 1830/29 variety is listed in both the *Guide Book* and *Cherrypickers*', and is also noteworthy for a repunched star 13. The placement of the M in AMERICA relative to the scroll distinguishes JR-5 from its JR-4 FS-301 alternative. Rich rose-red, powder-blue, sun-gold, and peach patina embraces unblemished surfaces. The centers show minor incompleteness of strike, though peripheral elements are intricately impressed. "Bar" clash marks from the shield cross Liberty's neck, and die cracks pass through the 0 in the date. NGC ID# 237A, PCGS# 38848 Base PCGS# 4519

PROOF BARBER DIME

TWENTY CENT PIECE

1893 Barber Dime, PR67 CAC-Approved Deep Cameo Example





3023 1893 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. From a meager mintage of 792 pieces, the 1893 proof Barber dime is extremely rare at the PR67 grade level, with Deep Cameo surfaces. This spectacular Superb Gem proof displays sharply detailed frosty design elements that contrast profoundly with the deeply mirrored fields. The virtually flawless surfaces show subtle hints of pale green toning. Population: 4 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. ČAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 23G5, PCGS# 94877

1876 Twenty Cent Piece, MS66 BF-1, Rarely Encountered Finer





3024 1876 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS66 NGC. CAC. BF-1, R.4. Four die pairs struck the 14,750-piece 1876 twenty cent mintage. It was the final year of circulation strikes in a brief fouryear series that saw coins minted for circulation only in 1875 and 1876. Proofs were struck in 1877 and 1878, when the odd denomination came to a quick and merciful end. The short series is often collected by a single coin to represent the type. This 1876 Premium Gem example displays the BF-1 die pair, easily identified by its doubled die reverse visible along the bottom serifs of STATES. The crossbar of A also shows clear doubling on this high-grade example. The BF-1 obverse shows 1 in the date closer to the dentils than any other 1876 variety. Attractive bluishgray and pale-gold toning drifts across the prooflike obverse fields, while the reverse toning deepens to an overall blue-gray patina. A pinpoint-sharp strike exists throughout both the obverse and reverse. Census (all varieties): 19 in 66 (1 in 66+, 2 in 66 \bigstar), 3 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 3 finer (1/24).

SEATED QUARTERS

1870-CC Quarter, VF20 First-Year Carson City Rarity



3025 1870-CC VF20 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. The 1870-CC is one of the notable condition rarities in the Seated Liberty quarter series, and it is a key date in all grades. Coinage of this denomination at Carson City was trivial during the first five years of the mint's operation, and in 1870, only 8,340 pieces were struck. These coins were produced with silver mined from the Comstock Lode, and their purpose was to supply the Nevada Territory with circulating federal coinage. Carson City authority Rusty Goe reports that less than 70 to 85 coins survive in all grades, most of which are at VF and lower levels. Only a single piece is known in Mint State. The Condition Census of this issue is topped by a single MS64 NGC coin, followed by one AU55+, two AU55, and two AU53s, PCGS and NGC combined (2/24). This tally does not include a few AU Details examples reported by NGC.

The present Very Fine coin survived prolonged commercial use in the West during the 19th century. The surfaces are gunmetalgray with deep amber patina around the borders. Scattered contact marks are apparent on each side, a mainstay of most known 1870-CC quarter dollars. The coin is pleasing for the grade and a highly collectible example of this rare Carson City issue. Population: 7 in 20, 30 finer (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2019), lot 4457. NGC ID# 23UL, PCGS# 5477

1888 Seated Liberty Quarter, MS68 **Near-Flawless Preservation**



3026 1888 MS68 NGC. Briggs 1-A. Only 10,000 business strike 1888 quarters were coined, and examples are seldom seen, although they are usually frosty and lustrous when they are encountered. Breen commented that this date was less hoarded than some of the early quarter dollars in the 1880s. Most pieces are found in or near Mint State grades, although almost never like the present specimen. This is an amazing Superb Gem with ivory color at the center of the obverse, surrounded by russet, sea-green, and gold toning. The reverse is similar with mostly rose color at the centers, framed by teal and gold. The pattern of toning is reminiscent of pieces from old time collections. Census: 5 in 68 (2 in $68 \star$), 0 finer (2/24). Ex: Denver Signature (Heritage, 8/2006), lot 5185; August Signature (Heritage, 8/2023), lot 3558.

NGC ID# 23VL, PCGS# 5520

BARBER QUARTER

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTER

1898-S Barber Quarter, MS67 Top of the NGC Census





3027 1898-S MS67 NGC. This is a razor-sharp Superb Gem example of the 1898-S Barber quarter, yielding essentially brilliant luster with glistening, pristine mint luster. Only a few faint grazes are discernible on the portrait, and eye appeal is outstanding. The 1898-S is a plentiful date in circulated grades, but in Mint State it is scarcer than either the Philadelphia or New Orleans issues of this year. Coins are rare in MS65, and finer pieces are distinctly challenging for advanced collectors to acquire. The current piece is one of just two coins in MS67 at NGC, with none finer; a single finer coin is reported at PCGS. Census: 2 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23YF, PCGS# 5621

1916 Quarter, MS64 Full Head Important First-Year Key





3028 1916 MS64 Full Head PCGS. The Standing Liberty quarter went into production in December 1916, but for the public the new design was not seen in circulation until after the new year. Numismatists soon noticed that while most coins were dated 1917, some bore the 1916 date and had a slightly different version of the design. The earlier date was struck to the extent of only 52,000 coins, and the search for these coins in circulation quickly elevated the 1916 coin to key-date status in the contemporary numismatic market — a status that remains even today. For collectors of this series, a high-grade Full Head 1916 Standing Liberty quarter is one of the top acquisitions in the series.

This Choice Full Head coin displays mainly brilliant, satiny mint luster, save for some partial russet color on the right obverse wall and in the upper left reverse margin. The strike is bold, and the surfaces show no major abrasions.

NGC ID# 242Y, PCGS# 5705

WASHINGTON QUARTERS

1947-D Quarter Dollar, MS68 Beautifully Toned Registry Coin Tied for Finest at PCGS, CAC Approved





3029 1947-D MS68 PCGS. CAC. Only two quarters share the top spot at the MS68 level among more than 4,200 1947-D examples certified by PCGS. An unrestrained 15,338,400 pieces were struck at the Denver Mint in 1947, and while Choice and Gem examples exist in large quantities, Superb Gem examples such as this CAC-endorsed coin are exceedingly rare. Those top-graded coins are the object of stiff competition among Washington quarter specialists and Registry Set collectors.

Colorful, original toning and flashy luster recommend this coin as the pinnacle of preservation for a 1947-D quarter. Fire-orange, emerald-green, sunglow-yellow, violet, and turquoise-blue shades share space with silver luster on the obverse, while the reverse displays russet-red and yellow-gold hues accenting vibrant silver frost. CAC endorsement adds an extra layer of desirability for this splendid and unsurpassed Washington quarter. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 68, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 245J, PCGS# 5834

1950-D/S FS-601 Quarter, MS66+ Overmintmark Guide Book Variety



3030 1950-D/S FS-601 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The upper loop of an S protrudes from the upper left and top of the D, which is itself lightly repunched. This overmintmark variety is seldom offered in strong Mint State grades, and it is notably rare as fine as MS66. We have handled an MS66 example of the variety on a handful of occasions over the course of the last decade, but this is the only such coin to bear a Plus designation. It is also CAC endorsed, and with pristine, silvery surfaces it well deserves that distinction of high quality. A bold strike and satin luster complete the visual appeal. Population (D/S): 22 in 66 (3 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 245T, PCGS# 145638 Base PCGS# 5843

1958-D Washington Quarter, MS68 None Finer at PCGS





3031 1958-D MS68 PCGS. Vivid iridescent colors play across the obverse of this Superb Gem 1958-D quarter. Depending n the viewing angle, pink, lemon-gold, emerald green, blue, and violet hues are on display, while the reverse is mostly pale-lilac with a crescent of orange-gold at the bottom and left-side rims. A bold strike and impeccable surfaces place this example tied at the top of the PCGS population. Population: 8 in 68, 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 246G, PCGS# 5865

1801 Draped Bust Half, O-101, AU58 Conditionally Rare, Early Key Date First Heraldic Eagle Half Dollar





3032 1801 O-101, T-2, R.2, AU58 NGC. Tompkins Die State 2/3. Only two die marriages are known for the 1801 half dollars, and they share the single 1801-dated obverse. This is the less-rare of the two reverses, the O-101 (T-2) die marriage showing AM joined at the bottom. A large die lump below the N in UNITED also aids in identification. The other variety — O-102, T-1 — lacks the die lump and shows AM separated. Much luster remains on this lightly circulated and moderately toned example, which shows few mentionable signs of other contact save for a straight, long scrape from star 3 into the left obverse field.

This is a rare opportunity to add a high-grade example of this date to a fine collection. Beautiful shades of royal-blue and reddish-gold allow windows of silver luster to shine through, with glimpses of the coin's reflective surfaces beneath the rich toning. A sharp strike emphasizes the near-Mint definition, and no adjustment marks are seen. For the 1801 date, NGC reports only three examples in AU58 and two Mint State pieces finer (2/24). Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/23), lot 3088.

NGC ID# 24ED, PCGS# 39267 Base PCGS# 6064

1835 Half Dollar, MS66 Finest Known O-110



3033 1835 O-110, R.3, MS66 NGC. O-110 is a moderately scarce variety in circulated grades, attributed by repunching on star 7 and the 5 in the date. In Mint State, however, the O-110 is surprisingly rare. Heritage has previously offered only a few Uncirculated examples, with the finest among them graded MS63. The present lot is three grades finer, and is in fact regarded as the single finest example of the variety. It is ranked first in Stephen J. Herrman's Autumn 2023 Revision. We should note that at least one proof also exists, graded PR64 by NGC. The present Premium Gem business strike displays blushes of apple-green and golden-brown toning across the reverse border and a majority of the obverse. Minor incompleteness of strike is evident on a few stars and the B in PLURIBUS. The lustrous surfaces are remarkably free from contact. A wonder coin that would command attention at any showing. NGC ID# 24FZ, PCGS# 39936 Base PCGS# 6168

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

1837 Reeded Edge Half Dollar, GR-12, MS65 Advanced Die State, Lustrous and Frosty



3034 1837 GR-12, R.2, MS65 PCGS. The surfaces are largely brilliant although reddish-gold accents exist along the rims. The GR-12 variety comes well-struck and this Reeded Edge coin is no exception. Faint die cracks suggest a late die state, while frosty mint luster accompanies the Gem Uncirculated surfaces. Population (all 1837 varieties combined): 25 in 65 (3 in 65+), 7 finer (2/24). PCGS# 531058 Base PCGS# 6176

1853 Half Dollar, MS65 Single-Year 'With Rays' Type Major Series Condition Rarity



3035 1853 Arrows and Rays, WB-101, MS65 PCGS. The half dollar planchet weight change from 206.25 to 192 grains was a significant change in accordance with the Mint Act of 1853, seeking to balance the silver-to-gold ratio. Outfacing arrows were added at each side of the date to signify the weight change. More than 3.5 million half dollars were struck by the Philadelphia Mint — a large mintage requiring a great many die pairs. Despite the number of coins struck, surprisingly few Gem Uncirculated examples survive. This silver-white example is one of those few, displaying a sheer overlay of warm-gray patina over the brightly lustrous silver surfaces. The right-hand stars show slight rounding at their centers yet the strike is nonetheless sharp in all other areas. This coin's distinctive eye appeal is sure to encourage many bids. Population: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+), 14 finer (2/24). PCGS# 572085 Base PCGS# 6275

1888 Half Dollar, MS67 Attractively Toned Among the Finest Certified





3036 1888 WB-101 MS67 NGC. Late-series Seated half dollars between 1879 and 1890 all have low mintages. The various mints were preoccupied striking millions of Morgan dollars. Dealers and speculators promoted the low mintages and many examples survive, although Superb Gem examples are rare and highly prized. This MS67 is a splendid 1888 coin that retains its naturally acquired colorful toning. Shades of deep-blue and tan-gold grace the sharply struck, frosted surfaces. Census: 10 in 67 (2 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 0 finer (2/24).

PCGS# 572273 Base PCGS# 6370

BARBER HALF DOLLARS

1904-O Half Dollar, MS66 Ex: Price-Shireman-Gardner





3037 1904-O MS66 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Shireman/Price. In the Price catalog, David Akers described the present coin as:

"This is the finest 1904-O Half Dollar that I have ever seen. It is nearly 'as struck' with the exception of the addition of the beautiful toning over the past 94 years. It is even finer than the beautiful Eliasberg and James Pryor specimens, the only other two attractive Gem quality examples that have been offered in recent years. It is also higher quality than the John Jay Pittman coin"

Although Akers regarded the present half dollar as "even finer than the beautiful Eliasberg" example, the Eliasberg coin has since been certified MS66+ by PCGS. Dr. Peter Shireman owned this half and later replaced it with the Eliasberg coin in his PCGS Registry Set, the current finest. Both sides exhibit blended dovegray, jade-green, and chestnut-gold toning. Lustrous and unmarked with minor blending of strike limited to the vicinity of the right shield corner. Population: 6 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 0 finer (2/24).

Ex: Dr. Thaine B. Price (David Akers, 5/1998), lot 161; Dr. Peter Shireman; Atlanta Sale (Stack's, 10/2005), lot 5251; purchased from Harry Laibstain (6/2008); Eugene H. Gardner Collection (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 30561; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2023), lot 3098. NGC ID# 24MN, PCGS# 6499

1904-S Barber Half Dollar, MS65 Low-Mintage Series Key



3038 1904-S MS65 PCGS. A meager mintage of 553,038 Barber half dollars was accomplished at the San Francisco Mint in 1904. Most of the mintage circulated heavily in the regional economy and few high-quality examples were saved by contemporary collectors. As a result, the 1904-S is one of the most challenging issues in the Barber half dollar series, especially in high grade. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, but some diagonal die striations on the reverse were not fully struck out, resulting in some loss of detail in some areas, like the arrow fletchings and the right shield corner. The brilliant surfaces are lustrous and appealing. Population: 7 in 65, 4 finer (2/24). Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 12/2021), lot 3330. NGC ID# 24MP, PCGS# 6500

1913-S Barber Half Dollar, MS66 Registry-Grade Example



3039 1913-S MS66 PCGS. From a small mintage of 604,000 pieces, the 1913-S Barber half dollar is a prime condition rarity at the MS66 grade level. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the shield point. The well-preserved surfaces show subtle hints of lavender-gray toning. Population: 9 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24NM, PCGS# 6529

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

1916-S Half Dollar, MS66 A Rarity in This Grade





3040 1916-S MS66 NGC. The 1916-S is the scarcest of the three first-year Walking Liberty half dollar issues, especially in high grade. Gem examples are elusive and typically the finest seen, while higher-grade coins are notably rare. Only two coins are reported finer than the current coin at NGC and PCGS combined. In recent years, only a few handfuls of 1916-S Walkers in MS66 have appeared at auction, these being readily acquired by Registry collectors. The current coin displays brilliant surfaces and exceptionally vibrant mint luster. Bold detail adds to the appeal, and a loupe finds only minute, unbothersome marks on the high points of the design. Census: 20 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568

1917 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS66+ Prime Condition Rarity in Finer Grades





3041 1917 MS66+ PCGS. From a large production of more than 12 million pieces, the 1917 Walking Liberty half dollar is still an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This Plus-Graded Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless lustrous surfaces, with vivid highlights of sea-green and amber toning at the peripheries. PCGS has graded five numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 24PP, PCGS# 6569

1946-D Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS67+ Registry-Grade Example

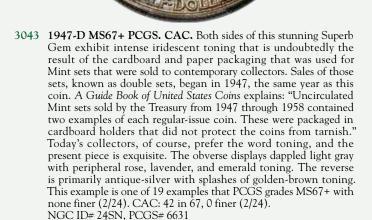




3042 1946-D MS67+ PCGS. From a mintage of more than 2.1 million pieces, the 1946-D Walking Liberty half dollar is an available issue in the series, even at the exalted MS67 grade level, but finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This Plus-graded Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with a few subtle hints of sea-green toning. Population: 24 in 67+, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24SK, PCGS# 6628

1947-D Half Dollar, MS67+ Exquisite Mint Set Coin





PROOF WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLAR

1936 Walking Liberty Half, PR67 Few Known Finer





3044 1936 PR67 NGC. A glimmering Superb Gem example of the first-year proof issue in the Walking Liberty half dollar series, this 1936 proof displays a bold strike complemented by nearly flawless preservation. A hint of light champagne color warms each side. While 1936 proofs are occasionally seen in this grade, finer pieces are notoriously rare and out of reach for most collectors, with only two reported at NGC and one at PCGS (2/24). NGC ÎD# 27V4, PCGS# 6636

FRANKLIN HALF DOLLAR

1951-D Half Dollar, MS67+ **Full Bell Lines**





3045 1951-D MS67+ Full Bell Lines NGC. Perusal of current population data from NGC and PCGS reveals the rarity of high grade 1951-D half dollars with fully defined bell lines. NGC has certified just 126 submissions in grades better than MS65. The dappled silver obverse displays russet, lime, and lavender toning while the reverse is primarily light silver. Census: 10 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24SZ, PCGS# 86659

EARLY DOLLARS

1795 B-5, BB-27 Silver Dollar, VF35 Richly Toned, Choice Surfaces





3046 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-5, BB-27, R.1, VF35 **NGC.** Bowers Die State II. Pleasing brownish-gray toning lightens to silver-gray on the devices, giving this Choice VF example original old-silver eye appeal. Some short adjustment marks reach inward from the left-hand obverse rim, but they stop at the stars and do not intrude on the smoothly worn fields or central motifs. The well-defined reverse weakens slightly at TED and STATES opposite the aforementioned adjustment marks. There are no other significant marks or abrasions of note.

NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39977 Base PCGS# 6852

1796 Draped Bust Dollar, XF45 B-5, BB-65 Large Date, Small Letters





3047 1796 Large Date, Small Letters, B-5, BB-65, R.2, XF45 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. The diagnostic die lump between I and C in America does not touch the C. Traces of silver luster exist at the margins of this warm, lilac-gray example. Deep-gray accents gather around the raised reverse devices. Original Choice XF surfaces show only widely scattered tiny marks and abrasions when viewed under a loupe. BB-65 is the sole 1796 Large Date, Small Letters a must for early dollar variety collectors and type specialists. NGC ID# 24X3, PCGS# 40002 Base PCGS# 6861

1797 B-1, BB-73 Dollar, XF45 Large Letters, 9x7 Stars



3048 1797 9x7 Stars, Large Letters, B-1, BB-73, R.3, XF45 NGC. Bower Die State IV. A pair of obverse die cracks crisscross through the ribbon to Liberty's hair, defining this middle die state. Many researchers believe all BB-73 dollars (dated 1797) were struck in early 1798. The reverse is shared by early die state BB-82 Small Eagle dollars, with a remarriage to the 1797 obverse die showing the reverse in a later die state than the 1798-dated coins. This Choice XF example has wide borders free of any Mint-made adjustment marks. Silver luster remains around the smooth, faintly worn devices for excellent eye appeal.

NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40003 Base PCGS# 6863

1799 B-16, BB-158 Dollar, MS63 Defective U in UNITED, Five Bold Berries Condition Census Example



3049 1799 7x6 Stars, B-16, BB-158, R.2, MS63 NGC. Bowers Die State III. Few 1799 varieties are more plentiful than the BB-158 die marriage, yet in Mint State this variety is rare. Less than a dozen BB-58 pieces are certified MS60 or finer, with the present MS63 example serving as midpoint on the Condition Census. It displays an intermediate die state, lacking any of the pronounced obverse die cracks seen on the late die state. Die clashing is pronounced above the date and surrounding Liberty's portrait, as well as throughout the reverse margins. Exceptionally sharp definition confirms a sharp central strike and crisp peripheral devices. All five berries are fully struck. Lustrous, coppery-gold toning and iridescent accents add to the outstanding eye appeal.

NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40050 Base PCGS# 6878

GOBRECHT DOLLAR

1836 Gobrecht Dollar, XF Details Judd-60 Original, Die State A





3050 1836 Name on Base, Judd-60 Original, Pollock-65, R.1 — Repaired — NGC Details. XF. Silver. Plain Edge. No Stars Obverse, Stars Reverse. Die Alignment I (coin turn, center of Liberty's head opposite the D in DOLLAR). Die State A — none of the die defects associated with later die states are visible, although the coin's light wear and mild repair work may obscure them. The coin is mottled russet-gray in its patina, with uniform surfaces that show light field smoothing from an effort to efface abrasions. The coin will fit in well with other circulated dollars in XF grades.



Titian Peale's Seated Liberty

SEATED DOLLARS

1841 Seated Dollar, MS64 A Great Rarity This Fine





3051 1841 MS64 PCGS. OC-2, R.1. Osburn-Cushing Die State c/a. The obverse is polished, with repunching at the top of the 4 in the date effaced. The reverse is in its only use with this die pair and is perfect. OC-2 is the most plentiful of the four 1841 circulation-coinage silver dollar die varieties. Diagonal die lines in the drapery to the right of the obverse shield, as well as date placement and distinctive vertical lines in the reverse shield, serve as ready diagnostics. The upper edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing is always weak on this variety, and that is true of the current coin as well, although this piece is pleasantly struck overall. Some localized softness is noted on Liberty's head and select border stars. No major abrasions are noted, and the coin is brilliant. As a date, 1841 Seated dollars in MS64 are rare, and few coins are known finer. Population: 7 in 64 (2 in 64+), 2 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24YB, PCGS# 6927

1859-S Seated Dollar, MS64 Third-Finest Certified



3052 1859-S MS64 NGC. OC-2, R.4. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. The 1859-S is the only San Francisco issue of the No Motto Seated dollar type. The workhorse silver denomination of the era in the West Coast was the half dollar, likely because the weight of the half dollar was reduced in 1853, while the seated dollar standard weight remained steadfast at 26.73 grams. Thus, silver depositors received greater face value in return if they requested the half dollar denomination. The 1859-S silver dollar mintage was only 20,000 pieces, "minted primarily for foreign trade" according to Q. David Bowers. One purpose may have been the purchase of silver bars from Mexico, which demanded silver dollars in payment.

Given its low mintage and likely mass melting in foreign shores, it is little surprise that the 1859-S is scarce overall, and surprisingly rare in Mint State. There were few if any coin collectors in the West in 1859, and Mint State pieces survive merely by chance. Those few pieces tend to grade MS61 through MS63, and near-Gems are great rarities, limited to the present lot, an MS64+ CAC piece at PCGS, and an MS65 NGC example (2/24). The present coin ranks among the finest survivors of the issue. It is predominantly creamgray with glimpses of russet-brown toning near the rims. The strike is sharp except on the eagle's left (facing) ankle. The semiprooflike surfaces show no reportable distractions. The dies are rotated 25 degrees counter-clockwise from usual coin turn. NGC ID# 24YZ, PCGS# 6948

PROOF SEATED DOLLARS

1866 Silver Dollar, PR65 Deep Cameo White-on-Black With Motto Beauty



3053 1866 Motto PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. OC-P1, Low R.4. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. Ice-white motifs and darkly reflective fields ensure exceptional eye appeal for this precisely struck Choice Deep Cameo proof. No toning is evident, and detractions of any kind are limited to a narrow field scuff below star 9. The first-year Motto proof production was 725 pieces, but only a tiny percentage of specimens exist with comparable white-on-black contrast to the present near-Gem. OC-P1 is scarcer than its OC-P2 alternative, and can be distinguished by a different placement of the 1 in the date relative to the shield. Population: 7 in 65 Deep Cameo, 5 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 252M, PCGS# 97014

1871 Seated Dollar, Toned PR66 Spectacular Condition Rarity





3054 1871 PR66 NGC. OC-P2, R.5. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a, as always. This variety is the only use of the P2 obverse die. No distinctive die characteristics aside from date position are given by Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing on seateddollarvarieties.com, although light repunching is visible on the 1s in the date with coin in-hand. The PA reverse die is seen here in its second and final use.

As a date, the proof 1871 Seated Liberty dollar is a rarity above the Gem level, and examples grading finer than the current Premium Gem are prohibitively rare for most collectors. This piece displays a full strike complemented by liquidlike glimmering in the fields. Full mirrorlike reflectivity is traded in favor of deep original toning, which appears as a deep lilac-gray hue angled away from light, with gold and sea-green visible when angled toward light. Any minute hairlines are hidden by the rich patina. Census: 11 in 66, 2 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 252T, PCGS# 7019

MORGAN DOLLARS

1879-CC VAM-4 Silver Dollar, MS63 Normal CC Mintmark





3055 1879-CC MS63 NGC. VAM-4. The right C of the normal mintmark is doubled inside the upper curve on this variety that has short die lines down from Liberty's nose and a minuscule die chip at the left center of the 8 in the date. The present Select Mint State example represents a highly popular collecting grade among Morgan dollars. Examples at this grade level are generally attractive and affordable. The present piece is fully lustrous and well detailed with untoned, satin surfaces.

NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS63+ VAM-3, Capped Die





3056 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS63+ NGC. A Top 100 Variety. The 1879-CC Capped Die Morgan is one of the most recognized and widely sought-after VAMs in the series, characterized by a cluster of die chips around the mintmark, which is thought to be the remnants of a Mint employee removing evidence of a Small Over Large CC repunching. This brilliant, frosty example displays a bold strike and has minimal abrasions for the grade. Cartwheel luster is vibrant.

NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Capped Die, VAM-3





3057 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS64 NGC. A Top 100 Variety. The 1879-CC Morgan dollar is the first truly scarce issue of the popular series, from a modest mintage of 756,000 pieces. The so-called Large CC Over Small CC reverse, or "Capped Die" variety, is identified by the die chips around the mintmark, which are thought, in part, to have been caused by "attempts to obliterate the smaller underlying mint mark from the die with engraving tools," according to VAMWorld.com.

This impressive Choice example offers well-preserved brilliant surfaces with vibrant, swirling mint luster. The design elements are well detailed, with just a touch of the usual softness on the hair above Liberty's ear. VAM-3 is seldom seen better than this. NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Silver Dollar, MS65 Capped Die, VAM-3





3058 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS65 NGC. A Top 100 Variety. Carson City Morgan dollar collectors have long been aware of the "Capped Die" variety, named after the myriad minute die chips in the vicinity of the mintmark of the VAM-3 1879-CC. The first plausible theory for the die chips was provided by Morgan dollar researcher Leroy Van Allen, who suggested in 1965 that the wrong size (Small CC) mintmark was initially entered, and the chips were an attempt to efface remnants of the Small CC before the Large CC was tapped into the reverse die. Thus, VAM-3 is a Large Over Small CC variety, and it has long been separately listed in the Guide Book. The present lustrous Gem is brilliant save for a few freckles on the right obverse field. Marks are trivial, and the hair above the ear shows minor blending of impression. NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1891 Morgan Dollar, Toned MS66 Notably Rare This Fine





3059 1891 MS66 PCGS. The 1891 is a conditionally challenging Philadelphia issue, rarely offered above MS65. We have handled a Premium Gem example on only 11 prior occasions, and have never seen a finer piece. The current coin represents the highest numeric grade typically accessible, with just a single coin reported finer, at PCGS (2/24). Original toning graces the frosty, radiant luster, yielding olive, gold, sea-green, and lilac hues. A partial print in the obverse toning ensures the originality of the patina, which adds to the appeal of this coin. The coin is well-struck and well-preserved. Population: 11 in 66, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

1892-S Morgan Dollar, MS61 Elusive Issue in High Grade





3060 1892-S MS61 NGC. The San Francisco Mint produced a fairly modest mintage of 1.2 million Morgan dollars in 1892, but the issue is an underrated condition rarity in high grade. The coins were delivered in a remarkably consistent pattern, with 100,000 pieces delivered every month throughout the year. Most of the coins were immediately released into circulation, where they circulated widely in the hard-money economy of the American West. While some coins were undoubtedly held back in government storage, most of them were probably melted in 1918, under the provisions of the Pittman Act. The 1892-S is not difficult to locate in circulated grades today, but among circulation-strike Morgan dollars, only the celebrated 1893-S is more elusive in Mint State.

This impressive MS61 example exhibits lustrous, mostly brilliant surfaces that are lightly marked for the grade. A few highlights of sea-green and amber toning are evident at the borders. The design elements are well detailed, with just a touch of softness on the eagle's breast. An extensive network of faint die peripheral cracks travel through the reverse legends. Eye appeal is quite strong for the issue. Census: 16 in 61, 27 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

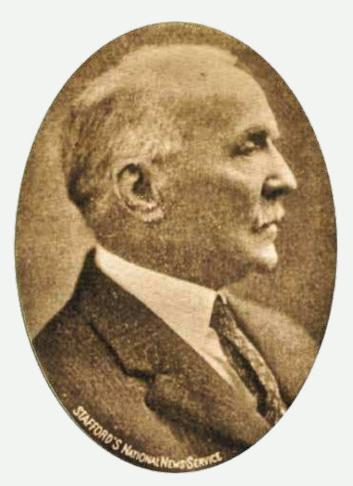
1893-CC Silver Dollar, MS63 Final Nevada Production





1893-CC MS63 NGC. VAM-2. In 1893, the Carson City Mint produced the last coins from that short-lived institution that opened in 1870. Production in 1893 included 677,000 silver dollars, 60,000 half eagles, 14,000 eagles, and 18,402 double eagles. The coinage total for all denominations was \$1,485,040 face value. Today's collectors relish these coins as a reminder of the "wild west." The present Select Mint State example features satin luster and brilliant, untoned silver surfaces. Trivial marks are expected for the grade. The lustrous devices contrast nicely with the fields, especially on the reverse.

NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222



Mint Engraver George T. Morgan

1893-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Ex: Redfield Hoard





3062 1893-CC MS64 PCGS. VAM-5. Ex: Redfield. The Panic of 1893 and the repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase Act relieved the United States Mint of its mandate to strike millions of unneeded silver dollars every year. Accordingly, the famous Carson City Mint was deemed redundant and shuttered its doors on June 1, 1893, ending a storied period in American coinage. A small mintage of 677,000 Morgan dollars was struck earlier in the year, to delight present day collectors. The 1893-CC is an elusive issue in high grade, as it was not well-represented in the GSA sales of the 1970s.

This attractive Choice example surfaced in the famous Redfield Hoard, a gathering of more than 600,000 Morgan dollars compiled by eccentric Nevada collector LaVere Redfield. The design elements are sharply detailed and the mostly brilliant surfaces are well-preserved, with vibrant mint luster and strong eye appeal. PCGS has graded 19 numerically finer examples, including one with the Prooflike designation (2/24).

NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

1894-O Morgan Dollar, MS64+ Better New Orleans Date





3063 1894-O MS64+ PCGS. The New Orleans Mint struck a fairly modest mintage of 1.7 million Morgan dollars in 1894, but the issue is even more elusive in high grade than the meager production total suggests. Many survivors are heavily bag marked, with weak strikes. Some are unattractively toned, although this example is brilliant and brightly lustrous. As usually seen, the strike is soft over the ear and at the eagle's breast. Both sides show only minor signs of contact and overall eye appeal far exceeds that of most 1894-O silver dollars. PCGS has graded only 18 numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

1899-O Silver Dollar, MS63 VAM-4, Micro O Variety, Top 100





3064 1899-O Micro O, VAM-4, MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. Die lines in the eagle's tailfeathers and a spindly peripheral die crack across the top of OF to the wingtip confirm the VAM-4 Micro O die marriage. Although not a *Guide Book* listing, VAM-4 is a prominent Morgan VAM and an essential part of the Top 100 set. The current coin displays strong cartwheel luster with brilliant, satiny surfaces. Light, scattered abrasions account for the mid-level numeric grade, including a few on the cheek near Liberty's mouth. However, eye appeal remains pleasing. Micro O dollars are scarce in Mint State regardless of individual VAM designation, and they are notably rare finer than the current VAM-4 example. Population (all Micro O varieties included): 17 in 63 (2 in 63+), 13 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 133947 Base PCGS# 87260

PROOF MORGAN DOLLAR

PEACE DOLLARS

1890 Morgan Dollar, PR65 Cameo Lovely Red-Gold Toning





3065 1890 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Wisps of delicate gold toning grace the obverse of this Gem Cameo proof while splashes of iridescence and traces of bright silver accompany the rich gold toning that appears on much of the reverse. The fully mirrored fields frame lustrous devices for a dramatic cameo presentation. Population: 8 in 65 Cameo, 30 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 11 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 27ZK, PCGS# 87325

1927 Peace Dollar, MS66 A Rarity in This Top Grade





3066 1927 MS66 NGC. A limited mintage of 848,000 pieces is one of the lowest in the Peace dollar series, making the 1927 a popular date, particularly in high grade. Examples are occasionally seen in MS65, but Premium Gem examples are notably rare, and none are known numerically finer. The current coin is one of just four MS66 pieces at NGC and is an ideal Registry coin. PCGS has certified some 23 examples of the 1927 dollar in this grade, which make occasional appearances at auction. But the current coin is somewhat rarer housed in an NGC holder. Light champagne toning graces vibrantly lustrous, softly frosted surfaces, while a loupe reveals only minor surface marks. Census: 4 in 66, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370

1935-S Peace Dollar, MS66+ Registry Set Quality





3067 1935-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Four rays below ONE. The 1935-S marks the end of the Peace dollar series. A mintage of more than 1.9 million coins was produced, and survivors of this issue are plentiful as fine as MS65 and are only marginally elusive in MS66. However, Superb Gems are rare with only a handful known, leading many collectors to seek out high-end Premium Gems as a high-quality alternative. For many Registry collectors, this CAC-endorsed MS66+ coin is an ideal example. Frosty, vibrant mint luster adorns the pristine fields and well-defined design elements. Light russet toning in the margins lightens to champagne-gold at the centers, producing excellent eye appeal and warmth. Only a few faint grazes are seen beneath a loupe. Population: 60 in 66+, 4 finer. CAC: 79 in 66, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

ERROR

1965 Roosevelt Dime, AU58 Struck on a Silver Planchet Transitional Alloy Error





3068 1965 Roosevelt Dime — Struck on a 90% Silver Planchet, Transitional Alloy — AU58 PCGS. Breen-3761. 2.56 grams. A silver dime should weigh 2.5 grams, and a clad dime typically weighs 2.27 grams. During 1965, the U.S. Mint struck 1964-dated dimes on 90% silver planchets, and 1965-dated dimes on newly introduced clad planchets. Inevitably, a small number of silver planchets found their way between 1965 dies, though the transitional alloy error is rare, comparable with the 1943 copper cent. Fortunately for collectors, the 1965 silver dime is far more affordable. The present specimen displays light chestnut-brown toning that deepens slightly near the rims. The reverse exhibits an orange-peel texture consistent with long-in-use dies. Marks are only incidental, and much luster is present despite a hint of wear on Roosevelt's cheekbone and eyebrow.

GOLD DOLLARS

1849-O Open Wreath Dollar, MS65 Condition Rarity, Extensive Obverse Die Cracks Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection



3069 1849-O Open Wreath MS65 NGC. CAC. Variety 3. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green. Parts of the ribbon and bow around the wreath knot show no detail as they have been lapped away, confirming the variety. The remaining design features exhibit nice detail. The lustrous surfaces display greenish-gold hues over both sides. Multiple radial cracks are visible around the obverse border. The 1849-O is an important condition rarity in the MS65 level of preservation. Census: 9 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 1 finer (2/24). Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$17.50; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Selections from the Eric P. Newman Collection Part V / U.S. Coins Signature (Heritage, 11/2014), lot 3173. NGC ID# 25BE, PCGS# 7508

1850-C Gold Dollar, AU58 Rarely Seen With CAC Approval





3070 1850-C AU58 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. Doug Winter estimates 150 to 250 examples of the 1850-C gold dollar survive from a low mintage of 6,966 coins. That ties the issue for second place with the 1859-C after the ultra-rare 1849-C Open Wreath gold dollar in terms of rarity within the Charlotte gold dollar series. Examples are practically unseen at this level with CAC approval, but this near-Mint representative clearly earns the endorsement. Highend green-gold surfaces exhibit reddish accents and bold strike definition. Marks or discernible abrasions are essentially unseen. Population: 17 in 58, 23 finer. CAC: 4 in 58, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25BG, PCGS# 7510

1866 Gold Dollar, MS66+ Two-Sided Cameo Contrast





3071 1866 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The 1866 gold dollar is collectible in Mint State, although it is many times scarcer than common dates such as the 1862. This is a rare Premium Gem example, and the only coin in this numeric grade with CAC endorsement. Sharp, frosty motifs complement reflective fields, providing a prooflike appearance throughout the bright blond-gold luster. No major abrasions are seen. Population: 9 in 66 (2 in 66+), 10 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 6 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25D2, PCGS# 7565

1875 Gold Dollar, MS63 Only 400 Pieces Struck CAC Endorsed



3072 1875 MS63 PCGS. CAC. The tiny 400-piece circulation strike mintage makes the 1875 one of the rarest and most-desired of all gold dollars. Struck from new, polished dies, all examples are prooflike to the point that many were called proofs in early auction appearances. Today, two main characteristics distinguish circulation strikes from the equally rare proofs. A tiny thornlike tine extends downward from Liberty's chin on circulation strikes. Also, John Dannreuther reports (and photographically proves) that circulation strikes have the date slightly right of the proof date position. This coin is a beautiful Select Uncirculated example in contrasted prooflike condition. The diagnostic tine exists at the underside of Liberty's chin and the date is indeed slightly right of the proof date position. Housed in a light-blue label PCGS holder, this well-struck and high-end MS63 coin displays CAC endorsement. Population: 6 in 63, 18 finer. CAC: 1 in 63, 5 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25DD, PCGS# 7576

1880 Gold Dollar, MS68 Incredibly Eye-Appealing



3073 1880 MS68 NGC. Uniformly pristine and luminous, softly frosted luster yields rich apricot-gold color throughout shimmering fields and sharply struck design elements. Every measure of this coin's eye appeal and technical quality lives up to its lofty MS68 grade. The 1880 gold dollar comes from a low mintage of only 1,600 coins, yet examples were well-saved at the time of issue. This MS68 coin is conditionally scarce, and finer pieces are prohibitively rare for most collectors. Census: 36 in 68 (4 in 68★), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25DJ, PCGS# 7581

1882 Gold Dollar, MS68 Tied for the Finest Certified



3074 1882 MS68 CACG. This scintillating Superb Gem is the one MS68 example that CAC has certified, and it is tied with 16 examples at PCGS and 15 at NGC for the finest numerically-certified of the low-mintage date. While the majority of survivors from the mintage of 5,000 coins are in Mint State grades, typical examples are found in grades from MS62 to MS66. All of the design details that James B. Longacre created are fully defined on this beautiful example that boasts brilliant honey-gold surfaces and frosty luster. The pristine surfaces are essentially flawless. NGC ID# 25DL, PCGS# 7583

EARLY QUARTER EAGLE

1804 BD-2 Quarter Eagle, XF40 14 Stars Reverse



3075 1804 14 Stars Reverse, BD-2, R.4, XF40 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. With only 20 or so examples of the 1804 13 Stars Reverse quarter eagle extant, this variety stands as the only widely accessible type for the year. John Dannreuther suggests a population of 150 to 200 1804 BD-2 quarter eagles from an estimated mintage of 2,324 to 2,827 coins. What makes the variety interesting is the presence of the extra reverse star, which despite being inadvertent, did not stop Mint personnel from employing it in the production of these two and a half dollar pieces, and also later for a scarce variety of 1804-dated dimes (JR-2). This XF40 offering presents well-defined orange-gold surfaces with numerous adjustment marks across the central reverse and along the edges. Few obvious abrasions.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2020), lot 5151. NGC ID# BFVT, PCGS# 45510 Base PCGS# 7652

CLASSIC QUARTER EAGLE

1839-C Quarter Eagle, HM-1, AU58 Early Charlotte Issue





3076 1839-C HM-1, High R.3, AU58 NGC. The second-year Charlotte quarter eagle is the final Classic issue from the North Carolina facility. The mintage was just 18,140 pieces, yet three die marriages are confirmed. HM-1 is distinctive for broad repunching on the 3 in the date, and multiple bold, lengthy die cracks on both sides. The widely repunched 3 would seem to merit a separate *Guide Book* listing for HM-1, since HM-2 and HM-3 show minimal recutting, though even the *Mega Red* 9th edition lists only one variety. This olive-green and orange-gold example exhibits exemplary surfaces and a good strike. The eye appeal is exceptional. NGC ID# 25G4, PCGS# 764797 Base PCGS# 7699

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

1840-C Quarter Eagle, AU58 Early Branch Mint Gold





3077 1840-C AU58 NGC. CAC. Variety 1. The first Charlotte Mint Liberty quarter eagle issue has a meager mintage of 12,822 pieces. Approximately 300 pieces survive today, many with impairments. The present near-Mint representative is tied with four other examples for finest at CAC. The yellow-gold surfaces display substantial luster, and the strike is above average for the remote branch facility. No marks are of any consequence. Census: 32 in 58, 17 finer. CAC: 5 in 58, 0 finer (1/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 10/2022), lot 3840. NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

1850-D Quarter Eagle, AU55+CAC Approved, Original Color





3078 1850-D AU55+ PCGS. CAC. Variety 13-N. The 1850 Dahlonega two and a half has a meager mintage of 12,148 pieces, and is a rare find in Choice AU bearing a CAC seal. CAC has confirmed only 11 pieces as AU55 with just nine finer. The present lot is the sole example graded AU55+ by PCGS (2/24). It features a good strike for the remote Georgia facility, though portions of the reverse dentils are soft, and the eagle's claws and neck plumage show minor blending. Dashes of orange-red toning are prevalent on the upper-left obverse. Marks are fewer than expected for the grade and issue. Population: 1 in 55+, 29 finer. CAC: 11 in 55, 9 finer (2/24). Ex: U.S. Coins Signature (Heritage, 10/2020), lot 3397. NGC ID# 25HJ, PCGS# 7757

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLES

1911-D Quarter Eagle, MS62 Pleasing Mint State Collector Coin





3079 1911-D MS62 PCGS. Strong D. As the only Indian quarter eagle with a mintage below 100,000 pieces, the 1911-D remains the obvious key to the series. Only 55,680 pieces were struck. Brightgold highlights outline the motifs on this straw-gold coin, with a sharp strike seen on both sides. The surfaces are lively rather than subdued as seen on many 1911-D examples. The typical granularity that accompanies the issue is less noticeable, and eye appeal is strong for the assigned grade.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Two and a Half, MS64+ Exceptionally Sharp and High-End



8080 1911-D Strong D MS64+ NGC. A sharp mintmark and a bold knife rim along the right obverse border are familiar characteristics of the 1911-D quarter eagle and prominently stand out on the current example. This piece also displays rich honey-gold patina over somewhat luminous, finely textured mint luster. A few faint marks appear in the fields beneath a loupe, but overall eye appeal is excellent for the grade, making the Plus designation well deserved. NGC has awarded a Plus designation to only a couple dozen 1911-D quarter eagles in MS64, and finer pieces are among the rarest coins in the series. For most collectors, this Plus-graded Choice example is one of the finest 1911-D two and a half pieces that will typically be obtainable.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, MS64+ High-End CAC-Approved Example



3081 1911-D MS64+ NGC. CAC. This high-end Choice 1911-D quarter eagle has rich orange-gold color that complements its traditional, finely textured luster, delivering a visual appearance somewhat balanced between the familiar luster of other issues in the business strike series and the matte finish of proof coinage. A few marks on the Indian chief's cheek and in the adjacent field are all that deny full Gem classification. As it stands, this coin is within a minority of the MS64 population with its Plus designation and CAC endorsement, which set it apart from the majority of its peers. CAC: 88 in 64, 11 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1912 Two and a Half, MS65 Few Known in Finer Grades



3082 1912 MS65 PCGS. The 1912 Indian quarter eagle is among the more conditionally elusive dates in the series, though not quite as scarce in MS65 as the 1911-D or the two 1914 coins. At the Gem level, the 1912 is the fourth scarcest date in the series. This coin displays a bold strike, with well-delineated ribs on the lower headdress feathers and sharp detailing on the eagle's plumage. The reverse fields around the eagle are well preserved, while the obverse shows just a few small marks that prevent a finer grade. PCGS reports just five numerically finer representatives (2/24). NGC ID# 2896, PCGS# 7944

1912 Two and a Half, MS65 Few Finer Pieces Are Known





3083 1912 MS65 PCGS. Anyone assembling a high-grade set of Indian quarter eagles knows what a stopper the 1912 date can be. Even Choice Uncirculated or finer grade 1912s are often lackluster with only marginal eye appeal. This colorful and radiantly lustrous Gem Mint State coin stands out among the vast majority of 1912 examples. Deep-orange surfaces display rich lilac accents across sharply struck design elements. Finely grained surfaces avoid any significant marks or abrasions and the visual impression is outstanding for this challenging Philadelphia issue. PCGS reports a mere five numerically finer examples, plus five more in 65+ (2/24). NGC ID# 2896, PCGS# 7944

1915 Indian Two and a Half, MS65 Elusive CAC-Approved Representative





3084 1915 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The 1915 Indian quarter eagle retains a degree of availability in MS65, although such coins are scarce with CAC endorsement, and PCGS has seen only nine coins finer (2/24). This satiny wheat-gold coin attests to our consignor's eye for sharp strikes, and it shows, only small, acceptable surface marks for the grade.

NGC ID# 289A, PCGS# 7948

1925-D Quarter Eagle, MS66 Beautifully Lustrous





3085 1925-D MS66 PCGS. Indian quarter eagles are universally scarce in Premium Gem condition, even with regards to common dates like the 1925-D. This MS66 coin is among the finest examples of the date at PCGS. Frosty peach-gold luster yields delicate rose and mint-gold hues, with boldly struck design elements. A loupe reveals a few faint surface marks, which are overshadowed by the luminous luster and strong eye appeal. Population: 63 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

1925-D Two and a Half, MS66 Frosty and Attractive





3086 1925-D MS66 PCGS. The glittering luster of this Premium Gem type coin displays outstanding preservation, with only minor surface marks discernible. A few minor reverse field marks are not bothersome. Sharply struck devices add to the appeal, including strong delineation of the lower headdress feathers. No numerically finer 1925-D quarter eagles are known at PCGS, and just one is reported at NGC. Population: 63 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

1925-D Quarter Eagle, MS66 None Numerically Finer at PCGS





3087 1925-D MS66 PCGS. The quality-conscious collector will find much to appreciate about this Premium Gem 1925-D, a coin graded among the finest examples at PCGS with surface quality and eye appeal that support that top-tier classification. A sharp strike and rich rose-gold luster complement the distinct lack of obverse abrasions, and even the reverse fields show barely a few small marks. Population: 63 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

1925-D Quarter Eagle, MS66 Beautifully Pristine Luster





3088 1925-D MS66 NGC. Ex: Prohibition Hoard. This Denver issue is the quintessential type coin in the series, and collectors occasionally see pieces as fine as MS66 cross the auction block — such as the current offering. Nonetheless, only a single finer piece is reported, at NGC (2/24). This honey-gold example displays pristine satin surfaces with sharp detail and comparably impressive eye appeal. NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECE

1878 Three Dollar, MS65 Luminous Original Luster





3089 1878 MS65 PCGS. The chief hallmarks of the 1878 three dollar as a date are its frosty, shimmering luster and often rich coloration, and it is popular as a type coin due to its availability in high grade. This Gem example displays characteristically attractive surfaces bathed in rich orange-gold and peach hues. The usual strike softness is noted on the wreath bowknot, but overall eye appeal is outstanding.

NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

EARLY HALF EAGLES

1795 BD-4 Half Eagle, AU53 Small Eagle Reverse



3090 1795 Small Eagle, BD-4, R.5, AU53 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/a with a short obverse crack from the border to star 12. According to Mint records, there were 8,707 half eagles struck in 1795, 6,196 in 1796, and 3,609 in 1797. Surviving coins prove the existence of 12 die varieties for 1795, one variety for 1796, and seven varieties for 1797, the latter including Small Eagle and Heraldic Eagle types. The average production from those 20 die pairs is less than 1,000 coins each. A correlation of die varieties and mintage figures presents today's researchers with a nearly impossible task. John Dannreuther provides his opinions in Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties, A Study of Die States, 1795-1834. He considers the present piece to be the fourth variety struck in 1795, as his variety number indicates. This variety is relatively plentiful in the context of early gold varieties with a surviving population that approaches 75 coins. Slight wear appears on the antiquegold surfaces of this pleasing example that has trivial marks of no consequence. A dark toning spot over the 5 in the date will aid future researchers with identification.

NGC ID# 25ND, PCGS# 519853 Base PCGS# 8066

1795 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, AU55 Popular Early Gold Issue Small Eagle, BD-4 Variety



3091 1795 Small Eagle, BD-4, R.5, AU55 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/a, with a faint die crack from the edge to star 12 and a perfect reverse. The United States Mint struck gold coins for the first time in 1795 and half eagles were the first denomination produced. Mint records indicate a small mintage of 8,707 Capped Bust Right Small Eagle half eagles was accomplished before the end of the year, but it is likely that some more 1795-dated coins were struck in 1796, as the Mint often continued using coinage dies as long as they were serviceable, regardless of calendar year. In fact, it is virtually certain that some 1795-dated half eagles were struck as late as 1798, using leftover obverse dies from 1795 combined with later Heraldic Eagle reverses. Twelve die varieties are known for the date with the Small Eagle reverse and another three varieties have been identified with the Heraldic Eagle motif. This coin represents the BD-4 Small Eagle variety, with star 11 joining the Y in LIBERTY and three berries in the wreath on the reverse. The obverse die was used previously to strike the BD-2 and BD-3 varieties of this date. This was the only use of the reverse die. The BD-4 dies were probably used to strike 1,000 to 1,500 examples of the reported mintage. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 60 to 75 examples in all grades today.

The present coin is an impressive Choice AU specimen that shows just a trace of wear on the high points of the strongly impressed design elements. Much interior detail remains intact, including most of Liberty's curls and some delicate feathers on the eagle's breast. The lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces exhibit a mix of satiny mint luster and prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. The overall presentation is most attractive. This coin will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of early gold. NGC ID# 25ND, PCGS# 519853 Base PCGS# 8066

1799 Capped Bust Half Eagle, MS62 Small Stars Reverse, Rare BD-2





3092 1799 Small Reverse Stars, BD-2, High R.5, MS62 PCGS. Ex: The Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/d. Possibly, the reverse field stars were shallowly punched into the die. The net effect is for the BD-2 field stars to seem even smaller than all other Small Reverse Stars varieties. Several leaves are incomplete as well, either lapped or with the same shallow impression into the die. Seven 1799 Small Reverse Stars die marriages exist, with the BD-2 die pair among the scarce-yet-available category numbering 35 to 45 pieces known in all grades combined. The field stars are arranged with two rows of four stars in a straight line as part of the perfect cross pattern — a quick way to confirm the variety.

This is an attractive and lustrous MS62 example that displays reddish-gold accents throughout the orange-gold surfaces. Faint hairlines accompany die polishing throughout the partially reflective fields. The strike is sharp at the peripheries and shows only minor central softness on the high points. Eye appeal exceeds the assigned numeric grade, with softly frosted central devices set upon the sparkling fields. Early half eagle collectors needing the 1799 Small Reverse Stars type are sure to be bidding.

Ex: John Rowe and Mike Brownlee on May 17, 1970; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Core Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 8/2023), lot 9033.

PCGS# 519874 Base PCGS# 8081

1804 BD-2 Half Eagle, MS60 Early Die State



3093 1804 Small 8, BD-2, High R.4, MS60 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/c, early. The obverse die is cracked from the lower border through the 0 in the date and the bust, but has not progressed through the right corner of the L to the upper border. The reverse shows the light die crack that appeared earlier when that die was used with 1803-dated obverse dies. This reverse die was used with both obverse dies of 1803, and with four obverse dies dated 1804. These dies were paired on multiple occasions. John Dannreuther writes: "The emission order is obviously very difficult to pin down." Scattered marks on the straw-gold surfaces are expected at the lowest level of Mint State grades. This piece exhibits full luster and strong eye appeal. PCGS# 519892 Base PCGS# 8085

1805 BD-1 Half Eagle, AU58 Reverse Rim Cud



3094 1805 BD-1, High R.3, AU58 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/c, with a heavy rim cud at the U in UNITED. BD-1 is the most plentiful of the five 1805 half eagle varieties, first in the emission sequence. In *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties*, John Dannreuther estimates that as many as 10,000 to 15,000 of the coins struck with this date were produced with the BD-1 die pair. As a result, the issue is a popular type coin, and it is collectible in high circulated grades with some patience. The current near-Mint coin displays partially lustrous fields with medium straw-gold color and light high-point wear. Scattered small abrasions accompany the grade, and eye appeal is pleasing.

PCGS# 45615 Base PCGS# 8088

1813 BD-1 Half Eagle, AU58 Challenging Capped Head Left Date



3095 1813 BD-1, R.2, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a. The D in the 5D denomination leans left and the first S in STATES sits over the right side of E in the banner. Only two die marriages struck the entire 95,428-piece 1813 mintage, with BD-1 the more-available variety for the date. The other 1813 variety (BD-2) is seen far less often. Frosty surfaces show only brief evidence of circulation on this near-Mint BD-1 example. It uses the same obverse as BD-2, seen here in its perfect die state. Likewise, the reverse is in its early die state with no die cracks or die clashing visible. Bright yellow-gold luster remains throughout both sides, with a few faint-orange accents. The strike is sharp and CAC approval assures the coin's high quality and eye appeal. PCGS# 519907 Base PCGS# 8116

1833 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, VF25 Large Date, BD-1 Variety



3096 1833 Large Date, BD-1, High R.5, VF25 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/c. A substantial mintage of 193,630 Capped Head Left half eagles was accomplished in 1833, with three die varieties known for the date. This coin represents the BD-1 variety, with widely spaced large numerals in the date. The BD-1 variety is quite scarce, with a surviving population of 35-45 examples in all grades. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse had been used previously to strike both varieties of the 1832 half eagle. The reverse die shows evidence of lapping, with a resulting lack of detail in many areas. This impressive VF25 example shows moderate, even wear on the design elements, with all major devices still complete in outline and much interior detail still intact. The pleasing antique-gold surfaces show the expected number of scattered minor abrasions for the grade.

NGC ID# BFYI, PCGS# 519952 Base PCGS# 8157

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

1839-D Five Dollar, AU55 A Pleasing, Problem-Free Example





3097 1839-D AU55 PCGS. CAC. Variety 2-A. Of the 125-150 pieces known of the 1839-D half eagle in all grades, only 25-30 individual coins are believed known in AU. As an Obverse Mintmark type coin and the only year with the Liberty design, this is certainly an attractive example. The striking details are well brought up on each side, and these same design motifs show just a bit of high-point wear. Traces of mint luster can be seen surrounding the devices, and the bright yellow-gold surfaces show occasional splashes of deep reddish-gold patina. The 1839-D is rarely offered in mint condition, and this problem-free Choice AU certainly makes a wise choice for the collector of D-mint fives. Population: 14 in 55, 16 finer. CAC: 4 in 55, 3 finer (2/24).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2011), lot 5385, where it sold for \$13,225; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 12/2022), lot 3610, which brought \$36,000.

NGC ID# 25S9, PCGS# 8193

1844-O Five Dollar, MS63 Conditionally Challenging Issue Important New Orleans Type Coin



3098 1844-O MS63 NGC. Variety 4. Earlier die states of this variety show repunching on the bottom of the mintmark, although in this state it is lapped away. The 1844-O half eagle is a readily available issue from the New Orleans Mint, ideal for collectors seeking a single type coin. A few examples of this issue were among the coins recovered from the S.S. Central America. However, Uncirculated examples are scarce, and they are rare in MS63 and finer condition. This piece displays satiny mint luster and rich orange-gold and peach color. The strike is sharp, and neither side has severe abrasions — only light handling marks in the fields appear to limit the grade. An eye-appealing No Motto New Orleans half eagle. Census: 14 in 63 (1 in 63+), 6 finer (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2020), lot 5290.

NGC ID# 25TA, PCGS# 8222

1851-D Half Eagle, MS62 Strong D Mintmark



3099 1851-D Strong D MS62 NGC. Variety 31-W. The 1851-D Liberty half eagles that feature a strong or bold D mintmark are undoubtedly more popular with collectors than the version that has a weak or barely visible mintmark. Of the former, there are three die marriages that were struck from combination of two obverse dies and two reverse dies. The obverse die with the repunched first 1 in the date as seen here was also used for the Weak D coins. The NGC and PCGS certification data shows that this example, featuring fully lustrous sunset-gold surfaces and trivial marks, is one of the 10 finest examples that survives from a mintage of 62,710 coins. Census: 4 in 62, 2 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25U7, PCGS# 8248

1857-S Half Eagle, MS63 With Gold Dust Pinch Ex: S.S. Central America #2



3100 1857-S S.S. Central America #2 (with Pinch), Bob Evans Signature, MS63 PCGS. The 2014 "second" S.S. Central America recovery efforts employed new technologies and modern equipment to reveal isolated pockets of treasure ignored by previous salvage operations. Among many fantastic discoveries was the purser's safe, which housed many pokes of chunky gold dust and a bag that contained 41 half eagles, 60 quarter eagles, and 55 gold dollars. While there is no way of knowing with certainty that this Select Uncirculated half eagle came from that particular bag, only 51 1857-S half eagles were found in total among the Central America #2 recoveries. Housed in the special PCGS dual window holder that includes a pinch of gold dust, this splendid MS63 half eagle displays attractive, semireflective fields and minimal marks for the assigned grade. Lustrous wheat-gold surfaces radiate frosted eye appeal. Population: 11 in 63 (1 in 63+), 7 finer (2/24). PCGS# 670803 Base PCGS# 8275

1858-D Five Dollar, MS62+ Low-Mintage Dahlonega Issue



3101 1858-D MS62+ NGC. Variety 43-HH. By 1858, the Georgian gold fields were largely played out, and West Coast bullion was predominantly coined at San Francisco. Thus, the 1858-D half eagle has a mintage of only 15,362 pieces. Most survivors are in VF to AU grades. Mint State pieces are rarities, and subject to strong demand from Southern gold collectors. The present sun-gold example exhibits a sharp strike uncharacteristic of the remote and underequipped Dahlonega facility. Luster dominates the borders and devices, and none of the distributed small marks are of singular significance.

NGC ID# 25V9, PCGS# 8278

1890-CC Half Eagle, MS64 Low-Mintage Carson City Issue





3102 1890-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A. Although the 1891-CC five dollar has a mintage of more than 200,000 pieces, its 1890-CC predecessor has approximately one-fourth the production. A mere 53,800 pieces were issued. There was minimal collector interest in the Carson City mintmark during the 19th century, but many examples were used to pay for imports, and ended up contributing to the bullion reserves of foreign banks. Those coins typically grade AU55 through MS63. Near-Gems are rare, and only a handful of pieces grade finer. This lustrous peach-gold example is well-struck and retains original surfaces. Delicate obverse grazes preclude a higher grade.

NGC ID# 25Y3, PCGS# 8376

1903-S Half Eagle, MS67 Among the Finest Certified



3103 1903-S MS67 PCGS. An unremarkable production of more than 1.8 million half eagles was accomplished at the San Francisco Mint in 1903. The 1903-S five is widely collectible through MS63 and even MS64. Examples in Gem and Premium Gem grades are scarce, while Superb Gems of this quality are condition rarities.

Strike definition is virtually complete. Only the first four stars lack radial lines. Frosty luster typical of the S-mint washes over the warm honey-gold surfaces, uninhibited by abrasions or other flaws, certainly none that would merit specific mention. Population: 5 in 67, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25Z3, PCGS# 8408

1904 Five Dollar Liberty, MS67 Beautifully Preserved Mint Luster





3104 1904 MS67 PCGS. Although plentiful overall, the 1904 Liberty half eagle mainly survives in MS64 and lower grades; Gem examples are scarce, and anything finer is rare. This Superb Gem is among the finest pieces at PCGS (2/24). Glistening, frosty mint luster yields rich honey-gold and autumn-orange hues, with remarkably few abrasions. The faintest of softness is seen on the hair curls around Liberty's face, but overall definition is nearly full. Advanced type collectors and Registry specialists will be hard-pressed to locate a superior example of this issue. Population: 7 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25Z4, PCGS# 8409

PROOF LIBERTY HALF EAGLE

1899 Liberty Half Eagle, PR61 Elusive Deep Cameo Example





3105 1899 PR61 Deep Cameo PCGS. JD-1, Low R.5. The Philadelphia Mint struck a moderate mintage of 99 proof Liberty half eagles in 1899, to accompany a substantial business-strike production of more than 1.7 million pieces. A single die pair was used to strike all the proofs. The reverse die was new, with thinning on the scroll below WE and clear spaces between the vertical stripes in the shield, making it possible to distinguish between proofs and prooflike business strikes. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 50 to 65 examples in all grades. This impressive PR61 example displays sharply detailed, richly frosted design elements that contrast profoundly with the deeply reflective fields. The orange-gold surfaces show many grade-consistent minor contact marks and hairlines, but the overall presentation is quite pleasing. Population: 1 in 61 Deep Cameo, 12 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28D5, PCGS# 98494

INDIAN HALF EAGLES

1909-D Five Dollar Indian, MS65 Desirable Sharp Headdress Feathers





Indian half eagle overall, but the majority of the survivorship resides in MS64 and lower grades. Gems are elusive by comparison, and anything finer is notably rare with just three such coins reported at NGC (2/24). This MS65 coin displays satiny wheat-gold luster with only a few minor field marks. The strike is impressively sharp throughout the headdress feathers.

NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

1909-O Half Eagle, AU55 Rare New Orleans Emission



3107 1909-O AU55 NGC. As personnel prepared to wrap up operations at the New Orleans Mint, the workmen struck 34,200 Indian half eagles during the final production year. This issue is the only gold coin struck in Louisiana during the year, and it is the only Indian gold design produced in New Orleans. The only other post-Civil War New Orleans half eagles were struck in 1892, 1893, and 1894. Hints of rose toning appear on the amber-gold surfaces of this adequately struck example that features a bold and complete mintmark. This is an attractive example of a key Indian half eagle issue.

NGC ID# 25ZK, PCGS# 8515

1929 Half Eagle, MS62+ Final Indian Issue





3108 1929 MS62+ NGC. Despite a mintage of 662,000 coins that ranks seventh highest in the Indian half eagle series, the 1929 half eagle is known as a key date. It is the final half eagle produced at the Philadelphia Mint and the only issue struck after the end of World War I. Few of these coins were actually released to banks and eventually to collectors, while the majority remained in Treasury vaults until they were melted in the 1930s. Nearly all surviving examples are in Mint State grades, being preserved in collections since the time of issue. NGC has certified 234 examples, a total that includes 24 coins that grade XF45 to AU58, and 210 coins that grade MS60 to MS65 (2/24). Moderate marks in the left obverse field limit the grade of this mustard-gold example. NGC ID# 28E2, PCGS# 8533

1929 Half Eagle, MS64+ Exceptionally Attractive Melt Rarity





3109 1929 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1929 is the famous melt rarity of the Indian half eagle series, struck to the extent of some 662,000 pieces but surviving in numbers of only several hundred coins. It marked the first coinage of the half eagle denomination after 1916, but its production apparently had little to do with commercial need, or that need was dissolved with the stock market crash late in 1929. Gold coinage in general hardly circulated by the 1920s, regardless of denomination. Double eagles mainly served as backing for paper gold certificates or as international trade coins, while quarter eagles found limited purpose as Christmas gifts (gifts that would usually end up back in bank storage within a few months of the holiday season). Half eagles were a forgotten commercial item by 1929, and the only examples of the 1929 mintage that reached public hands apparently went out through the Mint Cashier or in small trickles over the course of several years. By 1933, when President Roosevelt issued his executive order recalling commercial gold coinage, most of the 1929 half eagle production was sentenced to the melting pot.

Today, surviving 1929 half eagles — mainly in Mint State grades — are occasionally traded at auction but represent one of the top rarities of the series overall. High-end examples, such as the current coin or the handful of finer pieces known, are in constant demand among specialists. This piece displays satiny peach-gold mint luster and a bold strike, with only minor surface marks discernible beneath a loupe. CAC endorsement and the Plus designation set this coin apart from the majority of its peers.

We have previously handled an MS64+ coin on only five occasions, four of which were CAC endorsed. These coins sold for \$60,000 to more than \$73,000, but the last one to appear in our auctions was in 2018, some six years ago. The current coin easily matches those prior examples in terms of eye appeal and technical quality, and it represents a rare and important opportunity for Registry collectors who have been patiently waiting for a high-end example of this issue. Arguably, this coin is more comparable to MS65 coins we have seen than to MS64 pieces, and we anticipate appropriately strong bids when it crosses the auction block. Population: 17 in 64+, 14 finer. CAC: 27 in 64, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28E2, PCGS# 8533

EARLY EAGLES

1795 Capped Bust Right Eagle, XF Details 13 Leaves, BD-1 Variety



3110 1795 13 Leaves, BD-1, High R.3 — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State indeterminate. The United States Mint struck gold coins for the first time in 1795, including 5,583 Capped Bust Right eagles. Five die varieties are known for the date. This coin represents the BD-1 variety, with star 11 placed close to Y in LIBERTY and the leaf virtually touching U in UNITED. The BD-1 is a relatively available variety, in the context of the series, with a surviving population of 225-325 examples in all grades.

In his excellent series reference Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties, John Dannreuther speculates there may be a later die state of the obverse die than the three he lists in the text. We suspect this coin represents that later die state, as the dentils at 6 o'clock show advanced crumbling, but none of the die cracks that identify the earlier die states are evident on the slightly granular surfaces of this coin. It may be that the dies were lapped to remove the cracks before this coin was struck. The design elements are well-detailed, with some light wear on the high points and much interior detail still intact. There is a minor rim ding at 6:30 on the obverse. Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2019), lot 3892.

1799 BD-7 Eagle, XF45 Irregular Date Obverse



3111 1799 Small Obverse Stars, BD-7, R.3, XF45 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/c with the obverse dentils crumbled outside stars 1 and 2, and with clash marks on both sides. The obverse die has the irregular date layout that appears on BD-7 and BD-8, and the reverse has star 13 high above the scroll, confirming the BD-7 die marriage. The reverse die previously appeared on BD-6.

The Guide Book has two entries for 1799 eagles labeled Small Obverse Stars and Large Obverse Stars. Eight die varieties are identified for the Small Obverse Stars type with an estimated population of 416 to 564 coins combined, per John W. Dannreuther in Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties, A Study of Die States, 1795-1834. In the same reference, Dannreuther estimates a combined population of 314 to 418 coins for the two Large Obverse Stars varieties.

A small obverse rim bruise is noted along with scattered marks on each side that include a concentration of small reverse scuffs on the shield. Both sides have attractive green and harvest-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 2624, PCGS# 45730 Base PCGS# 98562

1799 BD-8 Eagle, AU53 Irregular Date



3112 1799 Small Obverse Stars, BD-8, R.5, AU53 PCGS. Dannreuther Die State c/b with a die crack that descends through MER of AMERICA from the border left of the M. A small die defect is located in the center of the C, and a short die crack connects the top serif of that letter to the center of the adjacent A. Two varieties are known with the Irregular Date obverse; BD-7 is frequently encountered and BD-8, offered here, is considerably scarcer. Scattered marks are expected for the grade and appear on both sides of this still lustrous green-gold eagle. PCGS# 45731 Base PCGS# 98562

1801 BD-2 Eagle, XF45 Affordable and Problem Free



3113 1801 BD-2, R.2, XF45 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State "c/c." The Dannreuther-unlisted, but usually encountered, die state with several vertical linear die lines within Liberty's cap. Upon first glance, the lines appear to be clash marks from the shield, but their spacing does not correspond with the shield lines. It seems likely that a screw or bolt was struck into the obverse die, similar to the Spiked Chin 1804 half cent, and left raised lines that show up in subsequent strikes. The present early gold type coin retains considerable luster within the eagle's plumage and the recesses of the curls. The wheat-gold surfaces display minor hairlines, and light diagonal roller marks cross star 2 and the center of the portrait. PCGS# 45734 Base PCGS# 8564

1801 BD-2 Ten Dollar, MS63 High-End Heraldic Eagle Type Coin



3114 1801 BD-2, R.2, MS63 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State "c/c." The 1801 is among the most plentiful early gold eagles by date, and the BD-2 die pair is among the most available issues by die variety. The result is a coin that is usually accessible in just about any typical grade, to suit whatever budget a collector has. Offered here is a pleasing Select Mint State coin, a coin that is conditionally scarce and is among the better options for advanced, well-heeled collectors. A small number of higher-grade examples of BD-2 exist, but they are rare and quickly climb into the six-figure range at auction, placing them out of reach for most collectors. The current coin is a slightly more accessible option with nearly comparable technical quality.

BD-2 uses a thinner star punch for the obverse border stars than BD-1 has. The earliest die state of the variety is scarce and shows no clash marks or vertical spines in the cap, while a rare middle die state exhibits light reverse clash marks still without the spines in the cap. The latest die state, represented by the current coin, is the most often seen; the clash marks are mostly effaced by die lapping, and a series of prominent spines are seen in Liberty's cap. These spines were once thought to be clash marks, but photographic overlays have debunked that theory. Current thinking suggests a small set screw or similar item fell onto the anvil die during coinage, resulting in damage that manifests itself as spines in the cap.

Bright, satiny yellow-gold mint luster adorns this MS63 example, while bold strike sharpness characterizes much of the central devices. Only slight softness is seen on select border stars. On the reverse, faint adjustment marks run across the shield, as is often seen on early gold pieces produced by screw presses on hand-adjusted planchets. Only minor handling abrasions are evident.

PCGS# 45734 Base PCGS# 8564

LIBERTY EAGLES

1842-O Ten Dollar, AU55 Elusive Early New Orleans Issue



3115 1842-O AU55 PCGS. Variety 3. Ex: The Fairmont Collection. The second New Orleans ten dollar issue is more available than the rare 1841-O, but nonetheless very scarce. The mintage was just 27,400 pieces, and only a handful of examples have been certified as Mint State. The present lemon-gold representative displays a consistent strike and substantial remaining luster. We note moderate marks on the Y in LIBERTY and the reverse rim at 1:30, but the fields are minimally marked for a lightly circulated eagle struck during the Tyler Administration. Population: 15 in 55 (1 in 55+), 10 finer (2/24).

Ex: Fairmont Collection / Hendricks Set (Stack's Bowers, 4/2022), lot 5220.

NGC ID# 262N, PCGS# 8587

1853/'2' Ten Dollar, MS61 Rare Issue in Mint State



3116 1853/'2' MS61 NGC. FS-301. This Cherrypickers' variety, recognized by both NGC and PCGS, exhibits what appears to be the remnants of a 2 within the lower loop of the 3 in the date. This variety is scarce in all grades, but becomes a major condition rarity in Mint State. NGC lists only four Uncirculated examples, including three in this grade and one MS62 finer; the Mint State population at PCGS consists of four coins in MS61 and two in MS62 (2/24). Two of the NGC MS61 coins were recovered from the S.S. Republic. This piece is well-struck and displays satiny yellow-gold luster. Scattered abrasions limit the grade, but none are individually noteworthy.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2015), lot 4289. NGC ID# C82G, PCGS# 8611

PROOF LIBERTY EAGLES

1898 Liberty Eagle, PR60 Cameo 19th Century Proof Gold Rarity



3117 1898 PR60 Cameo PCGS. JD-1, High R.5. The Philadelphia Mint reduced mintage of proof Liberty eagles to just 67 pieces in 1898, down from the 79 proofs struck the year before. The proofs were delivered in quarterly batches of 18, 16, 5, and 28 examples throughout the year. A single pair of dies was used to strike all the proofs. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 30 to 35 examples in all grades. The 1898 proofs were well-produced, and this PR60 example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout. The deeply reflective fields contrast boldly with the frosty devices to create a pleasing cameo effect. The orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor nicks and hairlines for the grade. Population: 1 in 60 Cameo, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28G5, PCGS# 88838

1900 Liberty Ten Dollar, PR60 Well-Contrasted Cameo Example



3118 1900 PR60 Cameo PCGS. JD-1, Low R.5. The Philadelphia Mint struck a generous production of 120 proof Liberty eagles for collectors in 1900, to accompany a substantial mintage of 293,840 business-strike examples. The proofs were delivered in quarterly batches of 51, 20, 7, and 42 pieces. A single pair of dies was used to strike all the proofs. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 50 to 65 examples in all grades, including a somewhat smaller number with Cameo surfaces. This impressive PR60 example displays sharply detailed, frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields to create a startling cameo effect. The orange-gold surfaces show numerous minor nicks and contact marks that determine the grade. Population: 1 in 60 Cameo, 3 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 28G7, PCGS# 88840

INDIAN EAGLES

1908 Motto Indian Eagle, MS66+ Scarce High-End Example, Seldom Finer





3119 1908 Motto MS66+ NGC. Both No Motto and With Motto varieties exist for 1908 eagles. The With Motto type outnumbers the No Motto coins more than 10 to 1 based on its 341,300-piece mintage, and the Motto coins are readily available even in near-Gem Uncirculated grade. High-end Premium Gems such as this exceptional example are formidable condition rarities. A needle-sharp strike exists on both sides, visible at the upper hair curls and throughout the headdress. The eagle's shoulder and trailing leg are fully feathered. This is a radiant rose-gold coin, with satin-smooth fields and mark-free devices that glisten with vibrant mint luster, offering exceptional eye appeal — not only for the initial With Motto type, but also when compared to any Indian ten dollar date or Mint. NGC Census: 2 in 66+, 8 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

1909-S Indian Ten, MS66 Exceptional Condition Rarity





3120 1909-S MS66 PCGS. Ex: Simpson. Perusal of the PCGS Population Report shows that the majority of 1909-S eagles examined at that third-party certification service fall in the range of XF45 to MS63. Less than 100 submissions are graded better than MS63, and less than 10, including the present piece, are finer than MS65. That data shows the condition rarity of Premium Gem and Superb Gem coins. Frosty mint luster appears on the virtually flawless and brilliant rose-gold surfaces of this beautiful example that displays hints of light blue-green color. Both sides of this Premium Gem feature bold design details. Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 28GP, PCGS# 8864

1910 Indian Eagle, MS66+ Extraordinary Luster





3121 1910 MS66+ PCGS. Ex: Simpson. While the 1910 Indian eagle is a common issue in the series, examples are rarely encountered in such a remarkable grade as this Premium Gem. This example is tied for the third finest PCGS-certified example that we have handled since we began our auction archives three decades ago. The brilliant and lustrous surfaces are virtually flawless. This example displays buttery, rose-gold surfaces with hints of lilac toning. All of the obverse and reverse design elements are sharply defined. Population: 28 in 66 (7 in 66+), 8 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865

1910-D Indian Eagle, MS65 CAC-Endorsed Quality



3122 1910-D MS65 NGC. CAC. This is a truly gorgeous Gem example of the 1910-D Indian Head ten dollar issue, with vibrant mint frost and beautiful, coppery reddish-gold coloration over both sides. Boldly struck with a pronounced fine grain texture in the fields that gives the piece a distinctly matte-like appearance. The obverse is pristine, and there are only minimal marks on the reverse. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. A conditionally scarce issue at the Gem grade level. NGC has certified 55 numerically finer examples. CAC: 32 in 65, 16 finer (1/24). Ex: Phoenix Signature (Heritage, 3/2008), lot 1609. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

1910-D Ten Dollar, MS66 A Challenging Date This Fine





3123 1910-D MS66 NGC. The 1910-D Indian eagle is plentiful in most Uncirculated grades, benefiting from a mintage of more than 2.3 million coins. Nonetheless, examples become conditionally elusive as fine as MS66, and only a handful of higher-grade pieces are known. This boldly struck Premium Gem is among the finest coins that most collectors will be able to acquire, as NGC reports just five higher-grade examples (2/24). Satiny wheat-gold luster complements the eye appeal, and there are no bothersome abrasions of note. We have seen only a single finer example within the last two decades. Census: 51 in 66 (6 in 66+), 5 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

1911 Indian Ten, MS65 Highly Lustrous Surfaces





3124 1911 MS65 NGC. CAC. While the 1911 Indian eagles rank among the common issues from a mintage of 505,595 coins, sixth highest of the series, finer examples than the present Gem are infrequently seen in the marketplace. This piece is minimally abraded with splendid wheat-gold luster. CAC: 57 in 65, 23 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

1914-D Ten Dollar Indian, MS65 Seldom Offered Finer





3125 1914-D MS65 NGC. This Denver issue is elusive in Gem and better grades. The current straw-gold coin displays a bold strike and a strong cartwheel effect, with only minor surface marks visible beneath a loupe. A couple tiny alloy spots serve as pedigree markers, on Liberty's neck and above the N in TEN. Finer 1914-D eagles are rarely seen. Census: 72 in 65 (5 in 65+), 20 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

1926 Indian Ten, Frosty MS66 Unknown Numerically Finer





3126 1926 MS66 PCGS. The 1926 Indian eagle is among the most plentiful dates in the series and popular as a type coin, although pieces grading finer than MS65 are conditionally scarce. This Premium Gem coin displays vibrant, frosty sun-gold mint luster with sharp detail throughout, including on the obverse border stars. A few light marks are noted in the right reverse field. Population: 42 in 66 (7 in 66+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

1926 Ten Dollar Indian, MS66 Luminous Late-Series Type Coin





3127 1926 MS66 PCGS. A frosty, luminous Premium Gem example of this late-series type coin issue, showing mostly clean fields and boldly struck design elements. A few small marks on Liberty's neck and the eagle's legs are all that deny consideration for a finer grade. Eye appeal is pleasing. Population: 42 in 66 (7 in 66+), 0 finer (2/24).

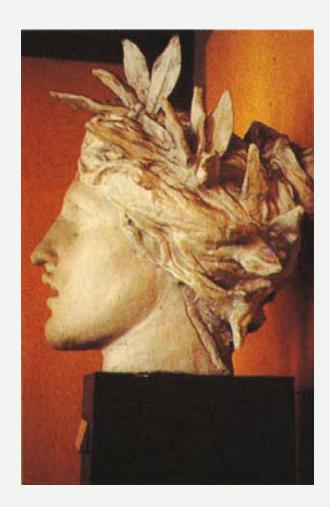
NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

1926 Indian Eagle, MS66 Registry-Grade Example





128 1926 MS66 NGC. Despite a substantial mintage of more than 1 million pieces, the 1926 Indian eagle is an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a hint of softness on the eagle's shoulder. The virtually flawless orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. Census: 53 in 66 (1 in 66+, 2 in 66★), 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882



LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

1850 Double Eagle, AU58 First of the Denomination



3129 1850 AU58 NGC. The first year of full-scale double eagle production occurred in 1850, a direct result of California gold discoveries. Freshly mined gold was sent to the Philadelphia and New Orleans Mints, resulting in the coinage of more than 1.1 million double eagles in Philadelphia and 141,000 in New Orleans. Surviving coins are highly popular with today's collectors. This near-Mint example features lustrous mustard-gold surfaces and inconsequential marks, showing only a trace of high-point wear. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

1851-O Double Eagle, AU58 Collectible New Orleans Type Coin



3130 1851-O AU58 NGC. Variety 1. A delicate die crack joins the tops of TED on this intermediate die state example. The 1851-O is the most accessible New Orleans double eagle, coming from a mintage of 315,000 pieces. Gold deposits at the New Orleans Mint were primarily from the California gold fields. This Choice AU example displays butter-gold patina with hints of luster in the protected areas of the fields. Light abrasions and circulation marks define the grade. The devices are well detailed, although several border stars show weakness. NGC has certified just 21 finer Mint State examples of the 1851-O double eagle issue (2/24). NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1853-O Double Eagle, AU55 Coveted New Orleans Mintmark



3131 1853-O AU55 NGC. Variety 1. The 71,000-piece mintage is significantly smaller than the 1850-O, 1851-O, and 1852-O double eagle production, but it a luxury compared to the following years of O-mint twenty dollar mintages. Most 1853-O twenties exist in circulated condition as confirmed by PCGS and NGC, together reporting only 10 Mint State 1853-O examples. This is an extremely Choice About Uncirculated coin, with only minor field chatter and tiny marks revealed under a loupe. Soft mint luster is present to illuminate the pleasing orange-gold color. High-point wear combines with minor strike weakness at Liberty's upper hair strands and the forehead curls. NGC Census: 55 in 55, 37 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 268N, PCGS# 8910

1857-O Double Eagle, XF45 Better New Orleans Issue





3132 1857-O XF45 NGC. Variety 1. The 1857-O is of median rarity within the New Orleans double eagle series, much more accessible than rarities like the 1854-O or 1856-O but many times scarcer than the common dates from the early 1850s. This Choice XF coin displays light wear and moderate abrasions with rich orange-gold patina, as is characteristic of circulated Southern gold coinage. NGC ID# 2694, PCGS# 8921

1857-O Liberty Double Eagle, XF45 Low-Mintage O-Mint Issue





3133 1857-O XF45 PCGS. Variety 1. Despite an improvement to 30,000 double eagles struck in 1857, the New Orleans Mint continued to operate with multiple problems including gold bullion sources and production quality issues. The 1857 O-mint date is often weakly struck and baggy. This Choice XF example is refreshingly original and less abraded than often seen. Deep green-gold color retains areas of flashy mint luster that add to the considerable eye appeal. Population: 38 in 45, 81 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 2694, PCGS# 8921

1861-O Double Eagle, XF45 Sought-After Civil War-Era Issue





3134 1861-O XF45 NGC. Variety 1. Always popular as the final double eagle issue struck at the New Orleans Mint until 1879, the 1861-O had a total mintage of only 17,741 pieces struck under three different authorities: The Union, the State of Louisiana, and the Confederacy. Most examples are weakly struck to start with, and they endured heavy circulation with numerous bagmarks from handling during the early Civil War years. The 1861-O twenties — like all Civil War gold — were hoarded and later melted during the post-war years. This is a Choice XF survivor, with the date weakly struck and lightly abraded surfaces. Prooflike reflectivity remains in isolated areas at the margins and within the shield stripes, with pleasing orange-gold color throughout both sides. Census: 21 in 45, 77 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 269J, PCGS# 8934

1862 Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Seldom Encountered in Mint State



3135 1862 AU58 PCGS. The financial stresses and uncertainties of the Civil War caused widespread hoarding of all precious-metal coinage and the government suspended specie payments by late 1861. Accordingly, mintage of double eagles declined dramatically at the Philadelphia Mint in 1862, when only 92,098 business-strike examples were produced. The coins were released into circulation and few were saved for numismatic purposes. No significant hoards have surfaced and only nine examples were recovered from the wreck of the S.S. Republic. As a result, the 1862 is one of the rarest Type One double eagles from the Philadelphia Mint in high grade.

This impressive near-Mint specimen displays just a trace of friction on the well-detailed design elements, with a touch of softness on Liberty's hair above the brow. The bright yellow-gold surfaces are lustrous and lightly abraded. The overall presentation is most attractive. Population: 9 in 58, 15 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 269M, PCGS# 8937

1863 Double Eagle, XF45 Underappreciated Philly Issue



3136 1863 XF45 NGC. An apricot-gold Choice XF example of the scarce Philadelphia issue. Liberty's hair displays wear and a soft strike, but luster outlines each obverse star, and the plumage is lustrous aside from the wingtips. Perusal reveals scattered contact, but the marks are fewer than is customary for a moderately circulated double eagle.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2019), lot 4031; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2020), lot 5583. NGC ID# 269P, PCGS# 8939

1864 Twenty Dollar, AU55 Attractive and Amply Lustrous



3137 1864 AU55 PCGS. High-grade examples of the 1864 Liberty double - defined as coins in the upper AU and low-end Mint State grades — have only begun making regular appearances at auction within the last few decades, and even now such coins are elusive in the context of the series. In his Analysis of Auction Records (1982), David Akers noted that he had never personally seen a Mint State 1864, and he had handled relatively few examples that he considered AU at the time. Certainly, even today, there are a number of low-end AU coins certified that might have been graded with slightly more lax standards than are currently applied, but the currently offered AU55 piece is decidedly within the About Uncirculated range, and it is conditionally scarce as a result. Bright yellow-gold surfaces show moderate remaining luster, with subtle reflectivity in the obverse fields. Scattered abrasions are typical of the issue and largely unavoidable. Population: 49 in 55 (1 in 55+), 82 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 269S, PCGS# 8941

1874-CC Liberty Twenty Dollar, AU58 Strong for the Grade



3138 1874-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 3-A. Despite the second-largest mintage of any Carson City double eagle (115,085 pieces struck) the 1874-CC is challenging to find with above-average surfaces regardless of grade. Carson City authority Rusty Goe estimates 20 to 30 Mint State examples exist, topping out at the MS62 grade level. Grading certifications exceed that estimate, although the counts undoubtedly include many duplications and crossovers. The vast majority of 1874-CC survivors check in at XF to AU grades. Most are heavily abraded and bagmarked. This AU58 example displays glowing golden-orange color and only tiny field contacts. Semireflective fields surround sharply struck devices. In comparison to the MS60 and MS61 coins that exist, this near-Mint State example holds its own in technical merit and exceeds many in outright eye appeal. NGC reports 21 finer examples, plus 2 in 58+ (2/24).

NGC ID# 26AP, PCGS# 8971

1877 Double Eagle, MS63 Important Condition Rarity





3139 1877 MS63 PCGS. The 1877 double eagle represents the first year of the revised Liberty design with the Type Three reverse that has the denomination spelled in full as TWENTY DOLLARS. The previous Type One and Type Two coins has the abbreviated denomination of TWENTY D. The revised design was issued through the end of the series in 1907. In addition to its first-year type status, the 1877 is an important condition rarity that is seldom seen in grades better than MS62 with just one numerically finer MS64 example at PCGS and one other MS64 at NGC. Hints of rose appear on the sun-gold surfaces of this impressive Select Mint State piece that exhibits brilliant and frosty luster and minuscule marks that prevent finest-known status. Population: 23 in 63 (1 in 63+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26AY, PCGS# 8982

1877-CC Double Eagle, AU53 Variety 3-D





3140 1877-CC AU53 PCGS. Variety 3-D. A diagonal die line extends up from the left base of the 1 on this obverse die. On the reverse, the second C is lower than the first C. This is the scarcest of five die pairs that are identified in our archives. The 1877-CC double eagles are the first issues of the new Type Three design with a production that totaled 42,565 coins. Examples are typically found in XF and AU grades and rarely encountered in Mint State grades. Scattered, grade-consistent marks appear on the wheat-gold surfaces of this pleasing, lightly worn example. NGC ID# 26AZ, PCGS# 8983

1882 Double Eagle, Elusive AU58571 Pieces Struck for Circulation Low-Mintage Gold Rarity





3141 1882 AU58 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint produced a string of remarkably low-mintage rarities among the Liberty Head double eagles of the 1880s, including three proof-only issues, the 1883, 1884, and 1887, struck in nominal amounts of a few dozen proofs per year. The 1882 was not a proof-only issue, but it might as well have been: Only 571 pieces were struck for circulation, and perhaps only two dozen or so survive today in all grades. The Smithsonian Institution has two examples of the proof 1882 double eagle, but it lacks an example of the circulation strike. Collectors of the day preferred proofs almost exclusively, explaining the paucity of surviving high-grade business strikes.

The mintage of 571 coins puts the 1882 not only among the lowest-mintage double eagles of the Liberty Head series — only the 1861 Paquet was lower (apparently) — but it also puts it among the lowest-mintage U.S. gold coins, regardless of denomination. For reference, recall that the 1796 No Stars quarter eagle was struck to the reported extent of 963 coins.

This near-Mint example is one of five submissions in this grade at NGC, where only a single coin is finer (2/24). As is expected for such a low-mintage issue, the fields on this piece are bright and reflective, conserving considerable evidence of the original prooflike texture. Numerous small- to medium-sized abrasions scattered over each side are consistent with the grade. The most distinctive marks are between star 9 and the back of Liberty's head; on the reverse, a long horizontal mark connects the bottom of the R in AMERICA with the eagle's right (facing) wing. This piece is sharply struck throughout, the yellow-gold coloration complementing a hint of reddish patina.

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 5727. NGC ID# 26BE, PCGS# 8996

1883-CC Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 CAC-Endorsed Quality





3142 1883-CC MS61 PCGS. CAC. Variety 2-A. Despite a substantial mintage of 59,962 pieces, Rusty Goe estimates in his latest Carson City reference that only 75 to 90 examples of the 1883-CC Liberty double eagle survive in all Uncirculated grades today. This attractive MS61 example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout. A short spike is evident from the dentils above the E in STATES, identifying Variety 2-A (two die varieties are known for the issue). The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade and eye appeal is outstanding. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. PCGS has certified 51 numerically finer examples. CAC: 17 in 61, 12 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 26BH, PCGS# 8999

1884-CC Double Eagle, MS60 The Only Die Pair





3143 1884-CC MS60 NGC. Variety 1-A. Just one die pair is known for the 1884-CC double eagles, and that marriage lasted for 81,139 coins, the highest mintage to variety ratio for all Carson City twenties. It is fascinating to contemplate the reason that one issue has a high ratio, while others have lower ratios, such as 1878-CC double eagles with thee known varieties for a mintage of 13,180 coins. Myriad marks on the lustrous harvest-gold surfaces define the grade of this example.

NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001

1884-CC Double Eagle, MS61 Conditionally Scarce





3144 1884-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 1-A. Despite a mintage of more than 81,000 coins, high-grade survivors are seldom encountered in today's marketplace. The present piece ranks in the top 15% of all 1884-CC double eagles that NGC has encountered with just 55 finer submissions (2/24). This sharply defined example has minuscule marks on its lustrous honey-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001

1885 Twenty Dollar, AU55 Small Mintage of 751 Coins Sought-After Series Key





3145 1885 AU55 NGC. Newly appointed Mint Director James P. Kimball explained the decline in gold production for the year 1885 in his Annual Report:

"This was occasioned by a continued falling off in the deposits at the Mint at San Francisco, amounting for the year to over \$2,500,000, and by the fact that the Mint at Philadelphia, at which the coinage of gold received at the eastern institutions is executed, was engaged principally on silver and minor coins."

A mere 751 double eagles were struck at the Philadelphia Mint in 1885, continuing a trend that began a few years earlier in 1881. The 1885 circulation strikes were accompanied by the production of 77 proofs, which actually prove much more available in high grades than the coins made for commerce. Few of those were saved numismatically.

This is one of about 100 1885 twenties known. The issue has an average certified grade of AU55, and 10 submissions at NGC have received a Details grade. Note that the reported certification totals at NGC and PCGS are almost certainly inflated by resubmissions and crossovers, making the issue appear more plentiful than it is.

The present Choice AU representative displays semiprooflike reflectivity within the hidden areas. Reddish accents complement the pleasing orange-gold color that dominates this 1885 double eagle rarity. Liberty's curls exhibit clear delineation with minimal blending, and the stars are pinpoint-sharp. Peppered marks do not detract in the least. A worthy contender for inclusion in an advanced Coronet double eagle collection. Census: 7 in 55, 32 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 26BM, PCGS# 9003

1896 Double Eagle, MS65 Among the Finest at Any Service



3146 1896 MS65 PCGS. Although the 1896 is an available Philadelphia Mint date in the series up to and including the MS63 grade, it quickly becomes rare any finer. This MS65 example easily ranks within the top 10 pieces seen by PCGS and we believe it is far closer to the top than to the bottom of that exclusive list of Gem Uncirculated survivors. Richly frosted surfaces display mark-free fields. If not for a tiny tick on the neck that is inconsequential for the assigned grade, and if anything the reverse is even more pristine. Spectacular orange-gold color flashes cartwheel mint luster for exceptional eye appeal. Fittingly, the strike is sharp and Liberty's hair strands are well-defined. This is a type coin extraordinaire and a nearly unimprovable example for Liberty twenty collectors. Population: 10 in 65 (2 in 65+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 9029

1898 Liberty Double Eagle, MS64 Registry-Grade Example



1898 MS64 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck a relatively modest business-strike mintage of 170,395 Liberty double eagles in 1898. Few high-quality examples were saved by contemporary collectors, who preferred to update their collections by purchasing proof examples from the Mint every year. As might be expected, the 1898 Liberty double eagle is rare at the MS64 grade level and neither of the leading grading services have certified any coins in higher numeric grades (2/24). This spectacular Choice example displays sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orangegold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. Population: 30 in 64 (2 in 64+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26CK, PCGS# 9033

1902 Double Eagle, MS62 Lowest 20th Century Mintage



3148 1902 MS62 PCGS. CAC. The Philadelphia Mint struck 31,140 double eagles in 1902, the lowest mintage figure of the Liberty design since 1893. Just two other issues, 1905 and 1906, had mintages of less than 100,000 coins. Minimal marks are noted on the lavender-gold surfaces of this lustrous and attractive double eagle. CAC: 27 in 62, 11 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26CU, PCGS# 9041

PROOF LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLE

HIGH RELIEF DOUBLE EAGLES

1891 Liberty Double Eagle, PR58 Only 52 Examples Struck





3149 1891 PR58 PCGS. JD-1, Low R.6. The Philadelphia Mint struck just 52 proof Liberty double eagles for collectors in 1891, in addition to a tiny business-strike production of 1,390 pieces. The rarity of high-quality business strikes has always put considerable pressure on the small supply of proofs to satisfy collector demand. The proofs were delivered in three batches of 15, 9, and 28 pieces during the last three quarters of the year. A single die pair was used to strike all the proofs. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 18 to 22 examples in all grades. This sharply detailed PR58 example exhibits just a trace of friction on the high points of the design elements and the reflective fields show the expected number of minor abrasions for a coin that spent some time in circulation. Population: 3 in 58, 7 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26EC, PCGS# 9107

1907 High Relief Wire Rim Twenty, AU58 Saint-Gaudens' Final Work



3150 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim, AU58 NGC. The 1907 High Relief double eagle might be considered more a work of art than a monetary item. It was far from the first U.S. coin design to incorporate a focus on artistic merit — Thomas Sully's seated figure of Liberty and Titian Peale's realistic flying eagle are key examples of this — but it was the first time that a distinct artistic vision was combined with a sculptural high relief for a circulating coin. Augustus Saint-Gaudens was the preeminent American sculptor at the time and a personal favorite of President Theodore Roosevelt. Despite the sculptor's failing health, Roosevelt convinced him to create a new double eagle design that would bring a measure of beauty to the United States' coinage. The resulting High Relief double eagle of 1907 proved to be Saint-Gaudens' final artistic achievement.

This near-Mint example of the coin is more accessible than high-grade Uncirculated examples, and it retains strong detail and satiny luster. Medium bronze-gold patina is original, and eye appeal is excellent.

NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

1907 High Relief Twenty, MS63+ Wire Rim Variant



3151 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim, MS63+ PCGS. Many in the numismatic community consider the Augustus Saint-Gaudens double eagle design to be the most beautiful U.S. coin ever produced for circulation. Other than the essentially unobtainable Extremely High Relief version, the MCMVII High Relief double eagles illustrate the design as the artist intended. Following a limited production of the High Relief double eagles that challenged the coining department, Charles Barber modified the design in lower relief to accommodate production. The High Relief coins, such as the example offered here, truly reflect the talents of Saint-Gaudens. This impressive Select Mint State example has frosty lemon-yellow surfaces and brilliant luster with minuscule marks of no consequence.

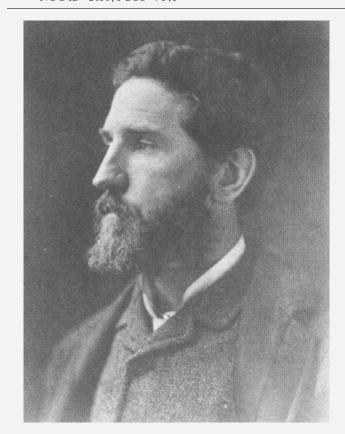
NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES

1907 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66 Arabic Date, Rich Patina







1907 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66+ High-Quality First-Year Type Coin



3153 1907 MS66+ NGC. Despite its acknowledged beauty, Augustus Saint-Gaudens' majestic High Relief double eagle design proved unsuitable for high-speed modern coinage when it debuted in 1907. Accordingly, Chief Engraver Charles Barber modified the design to make regular coinage possible by lowering the relief and changing the date to Arabic Numerals. The Philadelphia Mint struck 367,667 examples of the new design before the end of the year. This was the first version seen by most of the general public and the issue was widely saved, making it relatively available in high grade today. Collectors prize the 1907 Saint-Gaudens double eagle as an important first-year type coin. Even at the MS66 grade level, the 1907 issue can be located with a little patience, but finer coins are rare. This Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits razorsharp definition on all of the design elements and the impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. NGC has graded nine numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

1910-S Double Eagle, MS65 Beautiful Mint Luster



1910-8 MS65 NGC. Quality-conscious collectors will find much to admire about this Gem 1910-S double eagle. Deep orange-gold luster shimmers across each side, with remarkably few individual abrasions noted. Slight strike softness on the torch and lower border stars is typical of the issue. Finer 1910-S double eagles are rare, with barely more than two dozen reported at NGC and PCGS combined. Census: 91 in 65 (6 in 65+), 10 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26FH, PCGS# 9156

1914 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 Prime Condition Rarity in Finer Grades





3155 1914 MS65 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a small mintage of 95,250 Saint-Gaudens double eagles in 1914, mostly to act as currency reserves — the sixth lowest mintage in the series. Only the High Relief, the 1908-S, 1913-S, 1909-D, and 1930-S join the 1914 with Saint-Gaudens business-strike mintages of under 100,000 pieces. Accordingly, the 1914 is an elusive issue at the MS65 grade level, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, with exquisite detail on the Capitol and Liberty's facial features. The well-preserved yellow-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. Census: 41 in 65 (1 in 65+, 1 in 65 \bigstar), 2 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26FS, PCGS# 9164

1914-D Double Eagle, MS66 Rare at This Grade Level Splendidly Preserved





3156 1914-D MS66 PCGS. The 1914-D is a type issue in lower Mint State grades, but at the MS66 level it is undeniably scarce and desirable. The present Premium Gem displays vibrant cartwheel sheen, and the orange-gold and lime-green surfaces display only minor indications of contact.

Ex: Naples Bay Collection / November Auction (Stack's Bowers, 11/2020), lot 9357

NGC ID# 26FT, PCGS# 9165

1915-S Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS66 Registry-Grade Example





3157 1915-S MS66 PCGS. The 1915-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle claims an adequate mintage of 567,500 pieces and the issue can be located at the MS66 grade level with some patience, but finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded no coins in higher numeric grades (2/24). NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168

1915-S Twenty Dollar, MS66 Satiny Orange-Gold Surfaces





3158 1915-S MS66 NGC. Typically available in lower Mint State grades, the 1915-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle becomes much more challenging to locate at the Premium Gem level. This MS66 example is among the finest coins most collectors will have a chance to acquire. Luster is vibrant with rich orange-gold coloration, and the surfaces are devoid of bothersome abrasions. The torch is well-defined, as are most other design elements. Only three numerically finer coins are reported at NGC (plus 13 at 66+). Likewise, no finer examples are listed at PCGS other than nine examples at 66+ (2/24).

NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168

1916-S Double Eagle, MS66 Strong Aesthetic Appeal



3159 1916-S MS66 NGC. A South American hoard of 1916-S double eagles makes this San Francisco issue available to collectors in high grade. Few examples exceed this Premium Gem coin in grade or eye appeal, with frosted mint luster throughout the attractive, strawgold surfaces. A sharp central strike compensates for slight weakness at the outer elements including the Capitol building. Only a few tiny marks and faint abrasions exist on either side. NGC reports only four numerically finer examples, plus 10 in 66+ (2/24). NGC ID# 26FX, PCGS# 9169



1921 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS62 Prime Condition Rarity in High Grade Sought-After Series Key





3160 1921 MS62 PCGS. The 1921 is a leading condition rarity in the popular Saint-Gaudens double eagle series one of the few issues from the 1920s that is seen more often in circulated grades than Mint State. While a respectable production of 528,500 coins was originally minted, research by Roger W. Burdette indicates 527,500 pieces were melted under the terms of the Gold Act of 1933. The estimated surviving population is a meager 175 coins, according to Burdette, who explains in Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles as Illustrated by the Phillip H. Morse and Steven Duckor Collections (2018):

"Double eagles were manufactured only at the Philadelphia Mint this year. Initially, they were manufactured as part of 'reserve funds' kept separate from other coins, or 'under seal. Surviving 1921 doubles eagles fall into two broad categories: pieces sent to collections by Mint Curator T. Louis Comparette, and others (the majority) that were paid out from pyx and production remnants by the Philadelphia Mint Cashier."

As a result of the relatively localized distribution (and the mass melting) of the 1921 double eagle, very few have turned up in overseas hoards. While certain issues have seen their availability fluctuate wildly with the discovery of examples in European or Latin American holdings, such is not the case here. According to David Akers: "The standing of the 1921 in the overall hierarchy of Saint-Gaudens double eagle rarities has changed less over the last seven decades than any other regular issue in the series."

This impressive MS62 example exhibits lightly marked orange-gold surfaces with occasional green accents. Soft mint frost radiates from each side. The stars and Capitol dome are well-defined, while a touch of softness appears on Liberty's facial features and torch hand fingers. Small scattered marks determine the grade. Population: 23 in 62, 20 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 26G2, PCGS# 9172

1923-D Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS67+ Only One Certified Finer



3161 1923-D MS67+ NGC. The Denver Mint struck a substantial mintage of more than 1.7 million Saint-Gaudens double eagles in 1923. Mint delivery records are incomplete, but Roger W. Burdette believes there were about 36 deliveries, spaced throughout the year. Many coins were used to settle large accounts in foreign trade and large numbers of relatively high-quality examples have been repatriated from Latin American holdings in recent times. The 1923-D is the only really available branch mint issue of the 1920s in high grade, making it a popular choice with type collectors. This Plus-graded Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. Census: 72 in 67 (3 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

1924 Double Eagle, MS67 Engaging Caramel-Gold Mint Luster



3162 1924 MS67 PCGS. The 1924 Philadelphia Saint-Gaudens issue is among the most available (along with the 1928) of several P-mint issues from this decade in the higher Mint State grades. Even so, examples in the Superb Gem grade level of this piece are seldom seen — and virtually unimprovable. This piece boasts engaging, glowing mint luster on caramel-gold surfaces that deepen to peachorange in the centers. Mentionable marks are simply absent, aside from one nick on Liberty's knee, and the reverse is free of all but trivial ticks. An extremely nice example for type purposes. PCGS has graded only one numerically finer example (2/24). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2016), lot 5809. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

1925-D Twenty Dollar, MS63 **Deep Original Coloration**





3163 1925-D MS63 PCGS. Despite its 2.9 million-piece mintage, the 1925-D did not figure prominently in foreign trade. Fewer than 1,000 pieces returned from European holdings, and today they make up the vast majority of 1925-D survivors. Nearly the entire mintage was melted during the 1930s Gold Recall. This Select Uncirculated example displays vibrant orange-gold color throughout its frosted, finely grained surfaces. Traces of bag grime remain on the high points — a sure sign of its natural patina. A few scattered marks account for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 26GB, PCGS# 9181

1926-S Double Eagle, MS64 Better San Francisco Issue





3164 1926-S MS64 NGC. The 1926-S is a better date in high grade, much scarcer than its mintage of more than 2 million coins would suggest. A large number of coins were melted under Roosevelt's Gold Recall order in the 1930s. This Choice example displays satiny peach-gold mint luster and is well-struck overall. A few light handling marks appear on the high points of Liberty's figure. NGC ID# 26GF, PCGS# 9185

1928 Double Eagle, MS67 The Final Collectible Issue





3165 1928 MS67 PCGS. The substantial mintage of 8.8 million double eagles in 1928 was the highest production figure for any coin of the denomination from the beginning in 1850. The next closest was the 1904 Liberty double eagle with a coinage of slightly more than 6 million coins. Unsurprisingly, the 1928 is one of the common dates in the Saint-Gaudens series, although the PCGS population of 68,000+ coins is less than half the population of 1927, and less than one-quarter the total for 1924 double eagles. Enough of these have been graded that any collector can aspire to own an example as fine as MS66. However, only 138 submissions have earned the PCGS MS67 grade, including 13 that grade MS67+, while none are finer (2/24). This example features a bold strike with full obverse and reverse details, and enjoys brilliant, satiny yellow-gold luster with traces of rose and pale blue toning. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

1929 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65+ Heavily Melted Late-Series Key Extremely Rare Any Finer





3166 1929 MS65+ PCGS. There was little commercial demand for double eagles in the domestic economy of the United States after World War I, as even the hard-money holdouts in the western part of the country had become accustomed to using the more convenient paper money in the years between 1916 and 1920, when no gold coinage was issued. The large denomination gold coins were still convenient for settling large accounts in foreign trade, however, and the government was required to back its paper currency with a substantial gold reserve, so the Mint continued to produce large numbers of double eagles in later years, through the end of the series.

Accordingly, the Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial production of nearly 1.8 million Saint-Gaudens double eagles in 1929. Analysis of Mint records by Roger Burdette indicates 1.75 million examples of the issue never left Mint vaults, and 74 pieces were destroyed in assay testing. The remaining 29,676 coins were either stored in the Mint Cashier's safe or were delivered to the Treasurer's office for use in paying depositors or supplying sales to collectors. Significantly, 28,500 undistributed coins from the Treasurer's office, the Cashier's vault, and untested assay remainders were returned to the Mint in 1931 to await melting with the bulk of the mintage, leaving a total of just 1,176 1929 double eagles that were ever released into private hands. Of these, probably no more than 350 examples have survived, with most examples seen in lower Mint State grades. The 1929 is definitely rare at the MS65 grade level, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable. PCGS has graded five numerically finer examples, while NGC has seen none finer (2/24).

This Plus-graded Gem exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements, with fine detail evident on the Capitol and Liberty's facial features. The virtually pristine orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides and overall eye appeal is terrific. This coin will be a welcome addition to the finest collection or Registry Set. Population: 32 in 65 (4 in 65+), 5 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26GL, PCGS# 9190

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER

1936-S Cincinnati Half Dollar, MS67 Rare Top-Grade Registry Candidate





3167 1936-S Cincinnati MS67 PCGS. The San Francisco coin of this commemorative type is a rarity in Superb Gem condition, and no examples are known numerically finer than the current MS67 coin. Subtle iridescent tinting graces each side, with a deep russet frame around portions of the borders. A small mark on Foster's eyebrow is the only abrasion of note. Population: 10 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYCL, PCGS# 9285

1948 Commemorative Half Dollar, MS67+ Booker T. Washington





3168 1948 Booker T. Washington MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Superb Gem examples of the Booker T. Washington half dollars are infrequently encountered, even for the highest mintage issues. This example displays lovely harvest-gold and lime-green toning on the obverse, while the reverse is mostly untoned with just a hint of champagne. The obverse and reverse surfaces are virtually flawless. Population: 38 in 67 (5 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 25 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYJY, PCGS# 9412

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD

1903 Louisiana Purchase Gold Dollar, MS68 McKinley Obverse, Top-Grade Rarity





3169 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS68 NGC. The McKinley version of the 1903 Louisiana Purchase Expo gold dollar is generally available in any grade, although Superb Gem examples are conditionally scarce. This MS68 coin is tied for the finest known, and it is an important rarity as such. NGC lists only 12 coins in this grade, while PCGS reports just seven; neither service has seen a finer coin or even awarded a Plus designation to one of these.

This coin displays a sharp strike and seemingly flawless orangegold luster. Satin surfaces glow beneath a light, providing all of the eye appeal expected of a top-grade Registry coin. NGC Census: 12 in 68, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

1915-S Panama-Pacific Fifty Dollar, MS65+ Spectacular Exposition Commemorative



3170 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round MS65+ NGC.

Minerva, the Roman goddess of wisdom, is often depicted with an owl by her side. The association between Minerva and her owl has roots in ancient mythology and has been adopted in various contexts throughout history, including for the obverse and reverse of the 1915-S Panama-Pacific fifty dollar gold pieces.

In Roman mythology, Minerva (known as Athena in Greek mythology) was revered as the goddess of wisdom, strategic warfare, and crafts. She was considered a patroness of arts, intellect, and knowledge. The owl, known for its nocturnal nature and keen eyesight, as her sacred bird, became closely linked to her symbolism and attributes and has long been associated with wisdom and intelligence across many cultures. It was believed that the owl's ability to see in the dark and observe its surroundings with sharp focus reflected Minerva's wisdom and her ability to discern hidden truths. Owls were also regarded as symbols of foresight, intuition, and protection.

In modern times, the image of Minerva and her owl continues to be utilized and referenced in various fields. It is often employed as an emblem or symbol in educational institutions, libraries, and academic societies, representing the pursuit of knowledge and the importance of wisdom in learning.

The California sculptor Robert Ingersoll Aitken, who designed these massive fifty dollar slugs, wrote of his own use of these motifs:

"By way of an explanation of my design, permit me to state that in order to express in my design the fact that this coin is struck to commemorate the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and as the exposition stands for all that wisdom and industry have produced, I have used as the central motive of the obverse the head of the virgin goddess Minerva. She is the goddess of wisdom, of skill, of contemplation, of spinning and of weaving, of horticulture and agriculture. Moreover she figures prominently upon the seal of the State of California. ...

"Upon the reverse I use the owl, sacred to Minerva, also the symbol of wisdom, perched upon a branch of western pine, behind which is seen the web of the spider, suggesting industry.

"With these simple symbols, all full of beauty in themselves, I feel that I have expressed the larger meaning of the exposition, its appeal to the intellect."

This Round representative, one of only 483 pieces distributed, displays rich golden-orange color and beautifully preserved, satiny, and finely textured surfaces. A few tiny marks on Liberty's cheek are the only ones we can really see, even under magnification. NGC ID# BYLU, PCGS# 7451

1922 Grant No Star Gold Dollar, MS68 Among the Finest at Both Services





3171 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, No Star, MS68 NGC. This important Registry coin displays softly frosted straw-gold mint luster with hints of mint-green color on the reverse. The strike is sharp, and the surfaces are beautifully preserved. The only evidence of contact is minor, located on the back of Grant's hair. NGC and PCGS combined report only 16 1922 No Star Grant gold dollars in MS68, with none numerically finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYLN, PCGS# 7458

MODERN BULLION COIN

2020-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle First Strike, V75 Privy Mark PR70 Deep Cameo





3172 2020-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, V75 Privy, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. The West Point Mint struck 1,945 special one-ounce gold eagles in 2020 to commemorate the 75th anniversary of World War II ending in the year 1945 as the mintage reflects. These special strikes include a "V75" privy mark in the right obverse field. This perfect, flawless example is a first strike that is housed in a special PCGS holder. Jet-black fields frames the brilliant gold devices that feature bold definition throughout. The eye appeal of this example is sensational.

NGC ID# E4S4, PCGS# 819295 Base PCGS# 819292

TERRITORIAL GOLD

1852 Humbert Ten, AU58 K-10, Sharply Struck



3173 1852 Humbert Ten Dollar AU58 NGC. K-10, R.5. In 1852, the San Francisco Assay Office was finally authorized to strike denominations of less than fifty dollars. Several die marriages of tens were struck during 1852, both before and after John Little Moffat's exit led to a reorganization of the Assay Office management. All varieties are scarce to rare. No wear is readily evident on this impressive semiprooflike apricot-gold example. The eagle's wings and breast feathers are fully defined. Even the claws above the shield show complete detail. Moderate marks are east of the eagle's tail, west of the 1 in the date, and above the O in CALIFORNIA. Certified in a prior generation holder. Listed on page 410 of the 2024 Guide Book. Census: 7 in 58, 5 finer (1/24). NGC ID# ANGG, PCGS# 10187

1852 Assay Office Ten Dollar, XF45 K-12a, Green-Gold Color



3174 1852 Assay Office Ten Dollar XF45 PCGS. K-12a, R.4. In 1852, John Little Moffat left his namesake firm, which managed the U.S. Assay Office in San Francisco. Moffat's former firm reorganized with new partners, and continued to operate the Assay Office. New varieties were issued that excluded mention of U.S. Assayer Augustus Humbert. Kagin-12a was likely struck in generous quantities, but most pieces were eventually melted after the opening of the San Francisco Mint. The present lightly abraded Assay Office ten exhibits original green-gold toning and displays ample luster in protected regions. Listed on page 411 of the 2024 Guide Book.

NGC ID# ANGV, PCGS# 10001

1852 K-12a Assay Office Ten, AU50 S.S. Central America First Recovery





3175 1852 Assay Office Ten Dollar AU50 PCGS. CAC. K-12a, R.4. Ex: S.S. Central America. SSCA 7251. The first recovery of the "Ship of Gold" yielded many Liberty double eagles, but pioneer gold coins were few and far between. Only 92 Assay Office tens were recovered in 1989 from the 1857 shipwreck. The present example is primarily butter-gold but displays occasional deeper peach shades, along with hints of cherry-red within design crevices. Luster is evident in the protected regions. A few small marks are near the reverse rim at 9 o'clock. Bestowed with a green CAC bean, and housed in a gold label PCGS holder. Listed on page 411 of the 2024 Guide Book.

NGC ID# ANGV, PCGS# 10001

1853 Moffat & Co. Twenty Dollar, AU55 K-19, Scarce Late Moffat Issue





3176 1853 Moffat & Co. Twenty Dollar AU55 NGC. CAC. K-19, Low R.6. The Moffat twenty dollar gold pieces were produced toward the twilight of the Territorial gold issues of the California Gold Rush, in response to one of the recurring shortages of gold coinage that were so prevalent in the region. The San Francisco Mint officially opened for production in 1854. Even then, sporadic shortages of parting acids used to refine gold to the federal .900 fine standard led to sporadic private issues up through 1855.

The last issue bearing the well-respected Moffat & Co. name — the K-19 double eagle — is similar in design to the federal issue that it imitates. Only about 50 Moffat twenties are thought to survive. This lovely Choice AU piece is well-struck and essentially problem-free. Light reddish patina surrounds the devices on both sides, increasing the appeal. CAC endorsement confirms high quality for the assigned grade. Listed on page 412 of the 2024 Guide Book. Ex: Long Beach Signature (2/2009), lot 3153; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 4481; The Buffalo Bayou Collection of Territorial Gold / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2022), lot 4487. PCGS# 10255

1854 Kellogg & Co. Twenty, AU55 Two-Year Pioneer Issuer, K-1b



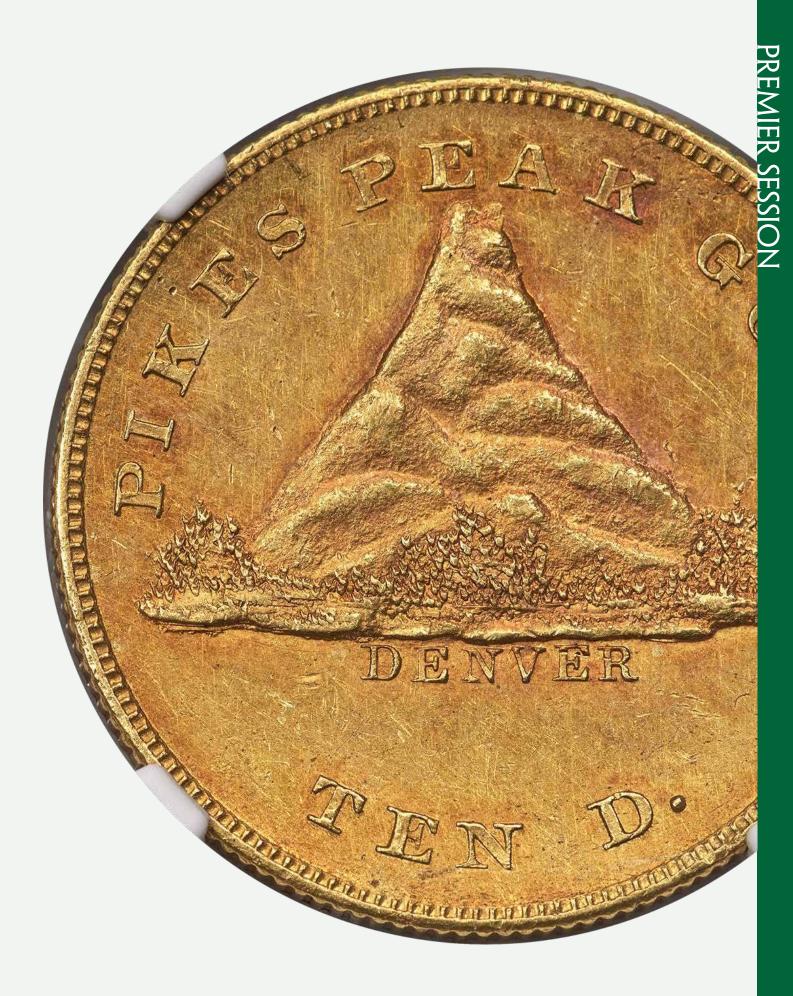
3177 1854 Kellogg & Co. Twenty Dollar AU55 PCGS. K-1b, R.5. Short Arrows. The San Francisco Assay Office of Gold closed in 1853, and soon a shortage of gold coin threatened the West Coast economy. Although the San Francisco Mint opened in 1854, it would take two years for it to accommodate the backlog of gold dust. In the interim, Kellogg & Co. issued private gold twenty dollar pieces in both 1854 and 1855. Examples appear similar at first glance, but several die varieties emerge upon close examination. Kagin-1b is very scarce, and shows repunching on stars 11 and 12. The present piece is primarily lemon-gold, with orange-red toning in protected regions. The obverse displays scattered minor marks. Listed on page 418 of the 2024 Guide Book. NGC ID# ANHZ, PCGS# 10222

1860 Clark, Gruber Ten, K-3, AU58 Original and Appealing



1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. Ten Dollar AU58 NGC. K-3, High R.4. Many of the California Gold Rush gold-seekers who remained on the West Coast until the late 1850s heard a new slogan after the Colorado Gold Rush began in 1858, "Pike's Peak or Bust." Just as had occurred a decade earlier in San Francisco, private coiners such as brothers Milton and Austin Clark, with partner Emanuel Henry Gruber, built a mint in Denver City to fashion the newly mined gold into commercial coinage of known assay. The 1860 tens featured a triangular volcanic shape that scarcely resembled the actual mountain. This Choice AU example offers much remaining mint luster over original apricot-gold surfaces. We note an identifying mark beneath the first E in DENVER, and a cluster of curved slender marks below GRUBER. Listed on page 421 of the 2024 Guide Book.

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2013), lot 4643. NGC ID# ANK3, PCGS# 10137



1860 Clark, Gruber Ten Dollar, K-3, MS61 Popular Colorado Territorial Issue Seldom Seen in Mint State Ex: Eric Newman



3179 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. Ten Dollar MS61 NGC. CAC. K-3, High R.4. The firm of Clark, Gruber & Co. was formed as a banking partnership in Leavenworth, Kansas in March of 1859, shortly after the discovery of gold in the region that would later form the state of Colorado (neither Kansas nor Colorado had been admitted to the Union at the time). The principals were brothers Austin M. and Milton Edward Clark, and Emanuel Henry Gruber. The partnership benefited from its relative proximity to the gold fields, and purchased large amounts of gold dust from the miners, who found it easier and safer to transport their findings to Leavenworth than to the Philadelphia or San Francisco Mints. The evolution of the Kansas bank into a private mint was outlined by partner E.H. Gruber in an article in the *Denver Times* in 1904:

"My firm was one of the heaviest purchasers of gold dust in the early days. And when we bought a large quantity of dust, we had to ship it to the states to have it coined into money. This was a rather expensive proceeding, as there were only stage coaches and pony express reaching this city in those days, and we had to pay 5 percent of the value of the dust as an insurance against loss in transit and another 5 percent expressage. Our dust was out of our hands for anywhere from three weeks to three months, and often times the cash we would have in transit would total nearly \$300,000. This was considerable money to have and yet not be able to use for months at a time, so one day the idea struck me that the firm of Clark, Gruber & Co. bankers should also become coiners."

Consulting with his partner, Milton Clark (who was a lawyer as well as grocer and banker), Gruber determined that there was no legal prohibition against private coinage, as long as the coinage was of full weight and value. The firm purchased the necessary machinery and dies for coining in New York and Philadelphia, and purchased three lots in Denver City to build their new facility on by January of 1860. The firm opened its new mint, which was one of the sights of Denver, on July 10, 1860, although the building was not completed until six days later, and the first coinage was accomplished on July 20.

Clark, Gruber & Co. was scrupulously honest in its coinage operations and the firm established a reputation that was second-to-none in the private coinage industry. Their coins, issued in two and a half, five, ten, and twenty dollar denominations, were well-executed and widely received at par, as their intrinsic value was slightly in excess of the face value. The firm operated as a private mint during much of 1860 and 1861, issuing a total of \$594,305 in gold coins during that time period. No 1862-dated coins are known, but the firm reportedly issued gold bars that year. Shortly afterward, the firm sold its operations to the United States government, as the precursor of the Denver Mint.

The 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. ten dollar pieces, like all the 1860 issues, were struck in unalloyed gold, causing the soft gold coins to wear down quickly. As a result, the issue is seldom encountered in Mint State grades today. A small amount of silver was added to the 1861 issues, to alleviate this problem. The obverse design of the ten and twenty dollar pieces featured an artist's conception of Pike's Peak that was not very realistic and was replaced by the more familiar head of Liberty the following year. A good description of the 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. ten dollar piece is found in lot 829 of the Charles W. Cowell Collection (B. Max Mehl, 11/1911):

"1860 \$10 Obverse, view of Pike's Peak, below which is the word DENVER. Around border, PIKES PEAK GOLD. TEN D. Reverse, defiant eagle with U.S. shield on breast; an olive branch in his right talon and three arrows in left. Around CLARK, GRUBER & CO. 1860. Extremely fine. very rare."

Cowell was a collector from Denver and, according to Mehl, his collection was the first offering to include a complete set of Clark, Gruber & Co. issues. Recent sales of the ten dollar issue include the terrific MS63 NGC coin in lot 5460 of the Riverboat Collection (Heritage, 4/2014) that realized \$111,625.

The coin offered here is an attractive MS61 example with vivid orange-gold surfaces that show a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides, with traces of prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. The design elements are well-detailed, and a spidery die crack shows on the reverse, from the edge at 9:30 to the eagle's beak. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. We expect intense competition when this impressive Colorado rarity crosses the auction block. Census: 7 in 61, 8 finer. CAC: 1 in 61, 3 finer (1/24).

Ex: Eric Newman Numismatic Education Society; Newman Collection, Part V (Heritage, 11/2014), lot 3476. NGC ID# ANK3, PCGS# 10137

COINS OF HAWAII

1886 Grove Ranch Plantation Token, AU58 12 1/2 Cent, Medcalf TE-16



3180 1886 Grove Ranch Plantation 12 1/2 Cent Token AU58 NGC. Medcalf TE-16. The Grove Ranch sugar plantation located on Maui island issued 12 1/2 cent tokens in 1886 and 1887 — equivalent to a Spanish-American one real piece in value. This is a glossy, chocolate-brown example that displays fine granularity surrounding the well-struck devices, with deeper shades of brownish-gray surrounding the raised elements. These scarce tokens are virtually unavailable any finer. Listed on page 437 of the 2024 Guide Book. NGC Census: 1 in 58, 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 2UC2, PCGS# 600521

PATTERNS

1852 Gold Dollar, Struck in Gold Judd-145 Thick, PR64



3181 1852 Gold Dollar, Judd-145 Thick, Pollock-173, Low R.6 PR64 NGC. An annular pattern with a wide opening that restricts the legends to the date, denomination, and country name. Room is found on the lower half of the reverse for a wreath ornament. Struck in gold with a plain edge.

The discovery of gold at Sutter's Mill in 1848 led not only to the great migration west to California and the rush for the yellow metal that followed, it also resulted in the introduction of two new coinage denominations. The gold dollar debuted for circulation in 1849 and the double eagle in 1850. The dollars proved popular in circulation, but their diminutive size posed a practical problem as far as usability was concerned. As a result, several gold dollar patterns were struck in 1852 with perforated annular designs, which increased the coin's diameter without affecting its intrinsic value. Judd-145 is one of those patterns. The surfaces are highly reflective with no obvious or detracting contact marks.

Ex: Pre-Long Beach Sale (Superior, 2/2000), lot 877.

From the Estate of Charles W. Montgomery. NGC ID# 299B, PCGS# 11602

1858 Transitional Indian Cent in Copper-Nickel Judd-212, PR67 Cameo



1858 Indian Cent, Judd-212, Pollock-263, R.4 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Similar to the Indian cent design as issued in 1860, but with a broad, ornamented shield at the top of the reverse. Struck in copper-nickel with a plain edge. The centered date, broad bust tip Pollock and Snow variant of Judd-212. Judd-212 is one of the more available patterns, and often associated with the Indian cent series. It has numerous design similarities to the adopted cent of 1860, yet enough differences to make it an interesting purchase. This is a bright example with deeply reflective fields and strong contrast on each side.

NGC ID# 29BU, PCGS# 811895

1864 Half Dollar in Aluminum Judd-395, PR65 Cameo The Finer of Two Known, Ex: Simpson



3183 1864 Half Dollar, Judd-395, Pollock-463, R.8, PR65 Cameo PCGS. Ex: Simpson. Originally described as a regular die trials striking for the half dollar. Struck in aluminum with a reeded edge. However, as with most off-metal strikings, this was most likely produced for sale by Mint personnel to favored customers. Only two examples are known of this rarity, this PR65 Cameo and a PR64 (2/24).

This is a magnificent aluminum pattern. The fields are deeply mirrored with thick mint frost over the devices, as often seen on aluminum patterns. This is a rare opportunity to acquire the finer of only two known examples of this unusual off-metal striking. Ex: Bob R. Simpson Collection, Part II (Heritage, 11/2020), lot 3136; The Atherton Collection of U.S. Pattern Coins / Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2023), lot 3383. PCGS# 535021

1870 William Barber Seated Liberty Half Judd-934, PR65 Deep Cameo





3184 1870 Half Dollar, Judd-934, Pollock-1040, Low R.7, PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. William Barber's seated figure of Liberty faces left on the obverse. Thirteen stars surround Liberty with the date below. Liberty supports a shield with her right hand, and holds an olive branch in her left hand. A Liberty pole is behind the shield, a scroll crosses the shield and is inscribed LIBERTY in raised letters. The reverse is the type used for regular issue Seated halves. Struck in silver with a plain edge. Struck in a wide variety of metals, both with and without edge reeding, including silver, copper, and aluminum, but each issue is individually scarce. Only a dozen or so examples are known of this variant. The fields display evidence of heavy die polish that has given each side deeply reflective mirroring, this is then the background for the frosted white devices. Each side also is accented in peripheral rose and cobalt-blue toning. An exceptional William Barber half dollar pattern.

Ex: Ĉentral States Signature (4/2011), lot 5567. NGC ID# 29Y6, PCGS# 416052

1888 Indian Cent, MS64 Nickel Die Trial, Snow-2 Unique, Regency Holder





3185 1888 Indian Cent, Nickel Die Trial, Snow-2, FS-302, Unique, MS64 PCGS. Ex: Maroskos Specimen. Housed in a Regency holder. Much has been written about this coin since its discovery in 1997 by George Maroskos. Even though it is labeled a die trial on the holder, there was really no reason to strike a cent in even harder metal in 1888. According to Rick Snow, this piece is struck in the same alloy as nickel coinage. Which is to say, it is a copper-nickel alloy, not pure nickel as one might think from what is on the PCGS insert. Saul Teichman believes this coin is a mint error struck on a Columbian 5 centavo planchet. The Snow-2 variety was once thought to be a second 1888/7 overdate, but it is now considered a repunched date with the top flag of a 1 from the first pearl in the necklace. The surfaces are bright, and exhibit the white-nickel appearance one would expect. A few flecks of carbon are seen on each side, limiting the grade.

Ex: Morris Sale (H. and S.H. Chapman, 1905), lot 397; George Maroskos; Lee J. Bellasario; Dickson Collection / ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2021), lot 3536. PCGS# 62200

End of Session One

SESSION TWO

COLONIALS

1652 Pine Tree Shilling, VF35 Small Planchet Noe-30, Salmon 12-G





3186 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Small Planchet, Noe-30, W-935, Salmon 12-G, R.3, VF35 PCGS. There are four frequently encountered Small Planchet Pine Tree shilling varieties: Salmon 2-B is rated R.2, while Salmon 3-B, 11-F, and 12-G are each rated R.3. Those four varieties, including the present example, are the best choices for colonial type collectors. Although peripheral weakness is noted on both sides, and the reverse is improperly centered, this is an attractive example of the early Massachusetts silver coinage. The antique gray surfaces of this piece exhibit a few splashes of green-gold toning. Listed on page 36 of the 2024 Guide Book.

PCGS# 914555 Base PCGS# 24

1779 Rhode Island Ship Token, AU58 Wreath Below Ship, W-1745 Rare Pewter Variant





3187 1779 Rhode Island Ship Token, Wreath Below, Pewter, AU58 NGC. Betts-563, W-1745, High R.5. The Rhode Island Ship token was struck by British interests in an attempt to convince the Dutch to remain neutral in the Revolutionary War. The propaganda medal extols the Redcoats occupation of Rhode Island, and depicts Yankee troops fleeing into a fleet of rowboats. Betts-563 is the third and final variety, identified by a wreath below Admiral Howe's flagship. Most examples are brass. Pewter examples are seldom encountered, and typically have oxidation spots, surface damage, or obvious high point wear. But the present cream-gray Borderline Uncirculated piece is well defined and unblemished. Listed on page 47 of the 2024 Guide Book. Census: 2 in 58, 4 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2AUM, PCGS# 585

1788 Massachusetts Cent, AU58+ Ryder 10-L, Unmarked and Attractive





3188 1788 Massachusetts Cent, Period, R. 10-L, W-6280, R.2, AU58+ PCGS. A charming mahogany-brown near-Mint representative of the final-year Massachusetts cent. Nicely struck and free from abrasions. Hints of rose-red toning accompany the field near the eagle's left (facing) wing. The upper reverse displays minor retained flan laminations, as made. Listed on page 59 of the 2024 Guide Book.

Ex: Americana Sale (Stack's Bowers, 1/2013), lot 10688; US Coins Signature (Heritage, 11/2020), lot 3502; The James E. Blake Collection of United States Colonial Coins & Tokens (Heritage, 9/2023), lot 93068.

PCGS# 688349 Base PCGS# 948

1786 RR-8 Vermont Copper, AU50 Landscape, VERMONTENSIUM





3189 1786 Vermont Copper, VERMONTENSIUM, RR-8, Bressett 6-E, W-2030, R.4, AU50 PCGS. 1786 was the second and final year of the iconic Landscape type. Although Vermont struck coins through 1788, those later varieties exhibited a design similar to the familiar British halfpenny. RR-8 is the third and final VERMONTENSIUM die variety, and it is scarcer than its RR-6 and RR-7 predecessors. This steel-gray and tan-brown example shows a few obverse flan flaws near the plow handle. Slightly misaligned dies result in a lighter strike near 3 o'clock of each side. Listed on page 56 of the 2024 Guide Book.

PCGS# 800827 Base PCGS# 545

1787 Auctori Plebis Token, MS61 Brown Well Struck, Rare in Mint State, W-8770





3190 1787 Auctori Plebis Token, Breen-1147, W-8770, R.3, MS61 Brown PCGS. An advanced die state with a semicircular crack west of Liberty's head and east of her upper body. The crack becomes a cigar-shaped break below Liberty's right (facing) elbow. The Auctori Plebis token depicts the English Lion and is clearly from that nation, but the issue has long been adopted by early American collectors due to the remarkable similarity of the obverse motif with Draped Bust Left Connecticut coppers of the same date. This is an exceptional mahogany-brown piece with rose-red toning near the lion and the profile of the portrait. The strike is superior for this often-indistinct variety. Moderate flan flaws are noted near the chin. Listed on page 72 of the 2024 Guide Book. Population: 2 in 61 Brown, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 26XG, PCGS# 601

1820 North West Company Token, VF35 Brass, W-9250





3191 1820 North West Company Token, Brass, W-9250, VF35 PCGS. The North West Company token was a great rarity until a quantity were discovered in soil in the Columbia River valley in Oregon. Those pieces were holed (as issued) at 12 o'clock, with brassy surfaces that exhibit evidence of long-term exposure to the elements. The tokens were distributed to Native Americans at North West Company stores in exchange for beaver pelts. The issue has a median grade of Fine 12 at PCGS, but the present token has close to XF sharpness, and the olive-green surfaces lack distracting marks. Listed on page 76 of the 2024 Guide Book. NGC ID# 2B6H, PCGS# 952

FEDERAL CONTRACT COINAGE

1787 N. 10-T Fugio Cent, XF40 1 Over Horizontal 1 Blunder STATES UNITED





1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 1/Horizontal 1, N. 10-T, W-6705, R.5, XF40 PCGS. CAC. On the Newman-10 Fugio die, an absent-minded diesinker entered the 1 in the date horizontally. The error was noticed, and the 1 was subsequently correctly entered, but no attempt was made to diminish the horizontal 1. The blunder exists in two scarce *Guide Book* varieties, paired with STATES UNITED and UNITED STATES reverses. None are known above AU55. The present XF40 example was struck from out-of-parallel dies, with the strike much sharper on the lower left obverse than on the upper right obverse. Actual circulation wear is less than implied by the XF40 grade. Listed on page 84 of the 2024 *Guide Book*. Population: 4 in 40, 7 finer (2/24). PCGS# 878086 Base PCGS# 886

HALF CENTS

1793 C-1 Half Cent, Good 6 Collectible Single-Year Type Coin





3193 1793 C-1, B-1, High R.3, Good 6 PCGS. Manley Die State 2.0 with the usually seen weakness on HALF CENT. 1793 was the first year of coinage at the U.S. Mint, and the only year that Liberty Cap half cents were struck with the bust facing left instead of right. Four die marriages are known, and C-1 is scarcest, though examples carry only a modest premium over the most available variety, C-4. The present example is predominantly medium brown with deeper gray toning in select design recesses. The peripheral elements are mostly clear, excepting only the final A in AMERICA. We note small pits on the obverse center and a faint thin vertical line beneath the cap.

NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35003 Base PCGS# 1000

1793 Half Cent C-2, Well Defined





3194 1793 C-2, B-2, R.3, PCGS Genuine. The PCGS number ending in .97 suggests Environmental Damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of a VF specimen that has environmental damage. The present example offers pleasing sharpness. The obverse dentils are complete, as are the dentils on the left reverse. Rose-red and forest-green verdigris emerges upon close evaluation, but marks are surprisingly absent. An obverse rim depression at 3 o'clock provides an identifier. Struck a couple of degrees off-center toward 4:30.

1803 C-4, B-4 Half Cent, AU58 Extra Berry Reverse





3195 1803 C-4, B-4, R.3, AU58 NGC. The left branch of the wreath has six berries, a departure from the normal five berries that are found on the other three varieties for 1803. The additional berry is located outside of the branch below the first T in STATES, and that feature provides instant attribution for the variety. The upper leaves are weakly defined, a characteristic trait for the variety. Both sides have light brown surfaces with minuscule, grade-consistent marks. NGC ID# 222E, PCGS# 35137 Base PCGS# 1060

1857 Half Cent, MS64 Red C-1, Low-Mintage Date





3196 1857 C-1, B-1, R.2, MS64 Red PCGS. The final-year half cent has a low mintage of 35,180 pieces, especially when compared with the small cent mintage that year of more than 17 million pieces. Examples are readily encountered at local shows in well circulated grades, but full Red 1857 half cents are rare. This lustrous rose-red and orange-gold near-Gem is impressively devoid of contact. Each side displays minor carbon, including a fleck in the obverse field in front of the chin. Population: 15 in 64 Red, 2 finer (2/24). PCGS# 35341 Base PCGS# 1241

PROOF HALF CENTS

1841 B-1 Half Cent, PR62 Brown Large Berries Reverse





3197 1841 Original, B-1, R.5, PR62 Brown PCGS. A single obverse die was combined with three different reverse dies including this Large Berries reverse. The obverse die is always found with a prominent die crack that connects stars three through six from the border over star 2 to the border over star 7. Delicate lime-green toning appears on the light reddish-brown surfaces of this sharply detailed example.

NGC ID# 26Z6, PCGS# 1254

1846 B-1 Half Cent, PR58 Large Berries Reverse





3198 1846 Original, B-1, Low R.6, PR58 PCGS. Proof half cents with the Large Berries reverse are traditionally known as "Original" strikes and examples such as this piece are occasionally found with traces of rub on the high points. Such pieces are popular with collectors due to their affordability. A few scattered marks are noted in the fields and on Liberty's profile on this example. The light brown surfaces retain traces of the mirrored finish with hints of gold toning.

NGC ID# 26ZE, PCGS# 1284

LARGE CENTS

1793 S-2 Chain Cent, VG Details Philadelphia's Second Cent Variety



1793 Chain, AMERICA, S-2, B-2, High R.4 — Environmental Damage — NGC Details. VG. Following production of the iconic Chain AMERI. cents, the Philadelphia Mint employed the same obverse die with a new reverse die to strike the cents that are now identified as Sheldon-2. The reverse die featured AMERICA spelled in full. Hints of blue toning appear on the reddish-brown surfaces that show slight roughness on each side. While the date is indistinct, LIBERTY is full as is the reverse legend. Liberty is fully outlined and the chain is complete.

NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35435 Base PCGS# 1341

1794 Head of 1795 Cent, XF40 S-67, Evenly Defined



3200 1794 Head of 1795, S-67, B-59, R.3, XF40 NGC. Breen Die State II, clashed. Liberty Cap cents were only coined between 1793 and 1796, and most examples encountered have problems such as corrosion, cleaning, scratches, or heavy wear. Better-grade circulated Liberty Cap cents are desirable. This representative exhibits consistent lavender-gray toning and is evenly defined. Marks of any notice are limited to an unobtrusive diagonal line behind the forehead.

NGC ID# 223R, PCGS# 35684 Base PCGS# 1365

1807/6 S-273 Cent, AU55 Large 7 Over 6



3201 1807/6 Pointed 1, S-273, B-3, R.1, AU55 NGC. Clash marks are noted in the obverse fields of this Choice AU example. This is the usually encountered 1807 overdate variety with a large 7 punched over the 6. The other variety with a small 7 over the 6 is an important rarity among Draped Bust large cents. This piece has satiny mahogany and steel-brown surfaces with hints of tan that is faded from mint red. Minor lamination is noted from Liberty's forehead to the upper hair detail.

NGC ID# 224N, PCGS# 36442 Base PCGS# 1528

1845 N-2 Cent, MS66 Red and Brown Possibly Finest





3202 1845 N-2, R.1, MS66 Red and Brown NGC. Intermediate between Grellman State a and State b. This amazing Premium Gem has gorgeous orange mint luster over more than 50% of the obverse and reverse surfaces, the latter somewhat mellow. A wonderful aspect of old-time collections, such as the one that held this piece, is the opportunity they provide to examine fully original coins that have never been conserved. N-2 is unknown in full Red, and N-2 Red and Brown examples are very rare. PCGS# 397744 Base PCGS# 1863

FLYING EAGLE CENTS

1857 Flying Eagle Cent, MS66 None Numerically Finer





3203 1857 MS66 NGC. The 1857 Flying Eagle cent's reputation for being plentiful dissolves at the MS66 grade level, where examples are rare. No numerically finer pieces are known. The current coin is characteristically soft on the eagle's tailfeathers and around most of the reverse wreath, but satiny tan-gold luster is devoid of bothersome abrasions. Census: 17 in 66, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

1858 Flying Eagle Cent, MS65 Sharp Large Letters Coin





3204 1858 Large Letters MS65 PCGS. The AM in AMERICA touch at their bases on the Large Letters 1858 Flying Eagle cent. This satiny Gem example displays an incredibly sharp strike, including on the tailfeathers as well as throughout the reverse wreath. A hint of lilac accents otherwise traditional tan-gold luster, and there are no mentionable abrasions. Eye appeal is excellent. NGC ID# 272V, PCGS# 2019

1858 Small Letters Flying Eagle Cent Well-Struck MS65





3205 1858 Small Letters MS65 NGC. Low Leaves, Open E in ONE. The AM in AMERICA are separated on the Small Letters issue. This date is collectible in MS65 but rarely seen finer. The current coin displays vibrant, satiny tan-gold mint luster with no bothersome abrasions. The obverse is sharp and struck from a fresh die, while the reverse shows some metal flow and lapping. Census: 77 in 65 (1 in 65+), 18 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

LINCOLN CENTS

1909-S VDB Lincoln Cent, MS63 Red and Brown Surfaces, CAC-Endorsed





3206 1909-S VDB MS63 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. From a series-low first-year mintage of 484,000 pieces, the 1909-S VDB Lincoln cent is the acknowledged key to the popular series. This impressive Select specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with bold designer's initials and just a touch of softness on Lincoln's hair and beard. The lustrous, lightly marked original red surfaces have mellowed to light brown in some areas. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red and Brown Nearly Full Red Surfaces





3207 1909-S VDB MS65 Red and Brown NGC. NGC designates this Gem S-VDB Red and Brown, although it is about 95% red, with just a slight amber hue overall. The strike is sharp, and satiny luster reveals only the most microscopic marks, with no mentionable carbon spotting. This is among the more high-end Red and Brown examples of this issue we have seen in MS65. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

1931-D Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red Excellent Original Mint Luster





3208 1931-D MS66 Red NGC. This generally plentiful Denver issue is conditionally scarce in MS66 with original Red color. The current coin displays luminous, satiny copper-red surfaces and sharply struck design elements. Remarkably few marks or traces of carbon are discernible beneath a loupe. Finer Red examples are major rarities. Census: 9 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 3 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22D3. PCGS# 2617

1943 FS-101 Steel Cent, MS67 Doubled Die Obverse CAC Approved





3209 1943 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS67 PCGS. CAC. Die doubling appears as thickness in the letters of LIBERTY and on the date numerals, with the 9 showing a more clearly doubled tail. The Cherrypickers' Guide states, "This is one of the strongest class VI doubled dies in the series, and it has always been very popular among Lincoln cent collectors." This Superb Gem is a rarity and among the finest pieces attributed at PCGS. Brilliant zinc-silver luster and sharp detail adorn the pristine surfaces. Population (FS-101): 5 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24). PCGS# 37818 Base PCGS# 2711

1955 Doubled Die Obverse Cent FS-101, MS62 Brown





3210 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Brown PCGS. All genuine 1955 Doubled Die Lincoln cents show a slight reverse rotation (about 5%) counterclockwise in relation to the obverse. Faded Mint red color at the rims yields to bluish-brown patina throughout the fields and central devices. The famous doubling on the date, LIBERTY, and IN GOD WE TRUST is bold as can be. A few tiny specks do not diminish the bold eye appeal. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

1955 Doubled Die Cent, MS62 Brown FS-101, Sought-After Guide Book Variety





3211 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Brown NGC. Although not the rarest doubled die in the series, the 1955 FS-101 doubled die obverse is undoubtedly the most famous Lincoln cent Mint error. It remains highly sought by collectors — especially in Mint State such as this attractive MS62 example. Faded mint red color outlines the raised elements on both sides, highlighting dramatic doubling on the date and obverse lettering. The glossy, lustrous surfaces are sharply struck with only brief speckling to assure the original color. This is an ideal example for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

1955 Doubled Die Cent, MS63 Brown FS-101, Famous *Guide Book* Variety





3212 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS63 Brown PCGS. While arguably not rare except by demand, there can be no doubt that the 1955 Doubled Die Obverse in its most dramatic die marriage (Cherrypickers' FS-101) is the most dramatic doubled die in the series and among the most famous among all Guide Book varieties. This is a glossy, medium-brown Select Uncirculated example, with a sharp strike and only a few scattered, tiny marks that determine the assigned grade.

NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

1955 Doubled Die Obverse Cent, FS-101 MS64 Brown, With Vibrant Traces of Red





3213 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 Brown NGC. A tiny and essentially insignificant nick on the collar is perhaps the sole identifying mark on this splendid near-Gem example of the famous and highly sought FS-101 doubled die obverse. Vibrant mint red remains at the margins and surrounding the raised elements of this sharply struck example. The interiors mellow to bluish-brown, yet they retain pleasing luster and outstanding eye appeal for the grade. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

1955 Doubled Die Obverse Cent FS-101, MS64 Red and Brown





3214 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 Red and Brown NGC. Within the Lincoln cent series there are several prominent doubled dies. While the 1955 FS-101 is far from the rarest of these, it is both the most dramatic and most well known and sought after. This Choice Red and Brown coin displays hints of burgundy toning over coppery-red satin luster. A sharp strike adds to the appeal. NGC ID# 22FG. PCGS# 37911 Base PCGS# 2826

THREE CENT SILVER

1851-O Three Cent Silver, MS65 Sole Branch Mint Issue in the Series





3215 1851-O MS65 PCGS. This first-year issue was also the only one to be struck at a branch mint. The New Orleans Mint struck 720,000 three cent silver coins, and in 1851 the Southern Mint was the only non-Philadelphia facility tasked with striking silver coins of any denomination. This Gem example displays green-gold and blue toning overall with an area of deep bluish-gray centered on the shield within the star on the obverse.

Ex: U.S. Coins Signature (Heritage, 8/2020), lot 7087. NGC ID# 22YY, PCGS# 3665

1858 Type Two Three Cent Silver Attractively Toned MS66





3216 1858 MS66 PCGS. Despite a mintage of more than 1.6 million pieces, the 1858 three cent silver piece is an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level, and finer coins are rare. This impressive Premium Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements and well-preserved lustrous surfaces, with vivid highlights of sea-green, lavender, and violet toning. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 54 in 66 (7 in 66+), 15 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22Z7, PCGS# 3674

PROOF THREE CENT SILVER

1867 Three Cent Silver, PR67 Vividly Toned Top-Grade Proof





3217 1867 PR67 PCGS. This glittering Superb Gem proof lacks nothing in terms of either strike sharpness or eye appeal, and the fields are thoroughly reflective. Vivid ocean-blue, lavender, and mint-gold toning encompasses each side, masking any minute imperfections. Among the finest at PCGS. Population: 10 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 27CD, PCGS# 3717

THREE CENT NICKEL

1873 Open 3 Three Cent Nickel, MS66 Top-Grade Rarity





3218 1873 Open 3 MS66 NGC. The 1873 Open 3 three cent nickel is scarcer in high grade than its Closed 3 counterpart. Barely more than a dozen examples are reported in MS66 at NGC and PCGS combined, and none are numerically finer (2/24). This piece showcases softly frosted luster with delicate iridescence. Minor central strike softness on the Roman numeral III is as usual for the issue. Census: 4 in 66, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22NR, PCGS# 3740

SHIELD NICKEL

1867 Rays Shield Nickel, MS66 Rarely Offered This Fine





3219 1867 Rays MS66 NGC. The 1867 Rays Shield nickel is scarcer in high grade than its No Rays counterpart, and it is also scarcer than the 1866 Rays issue. This Premium Gem example displays satiny silver luster and excellent surface preservation. A few reverse stars are softly struck, but the coin is otherwise well defined. Census: 16 in 66, 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 22NY, PCGS# 3791

PROOF LIBERTY NICKEL

1885 Liberty Nickel, PR67 Cameo Popular Series Key





3220 1885 PR67 Cameo NGC. JD-1, R.1. The 1885 Liberty nickel is popular with collectors due to its low circulation-strike mintage that was the second lowest of any issue behind the 1912-S nickel. While proof production does not correspond with the low mintage for circulation, this issue retains solid demand in the collector community. This Superb Gem Cameo proof is finer than most survivors and exhibits delicate iridescent toning with excellent contrast. Census: 19 in 67 Cameo (3 in 67+, 2 in 67★), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 277T, PCGS# 83883

BUFFALO NICKELS

1913 Type One Buffalo Nickel, MS63 Cherrypickers' FS-901, Three and a Half Legs





3221 1913 Type One, 3-1/2 Legs, FS-901, MS63 PCGS. A sunsetorange glow encompasses both sides of this Select Uncirculated first-year nickel — the highly sought Type One Philadelphia issue — the 3-1/2 Legged Buffalo variety. This rare Cherrypickers' variety is seldom seen and extremely popular in any Mint State. The front leg anomaly is a result of over-zealous die polishing (likely to remove clash marks), first discovered in 1988. This sharp example displays a crisp reverse strike and bold strike doubling on the Indian's profile. Population: 4 in 63, 6 finer (1/24).

From The Matthew D. Webber Collection. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 38428 Base PCGS# 3915

1914 Buffalo Nickel, MS67 Top-Grade Example





3222 1914 MS67 NGC. The 1914 Buffalo nickel claims a mintage of more than 20.6 million pieces, but the issue is definitely elusive at the MS67 grade level and neither of the leading grading services have certified any coins in higher numeric grades (2/24). This delightful Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and the impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with a few subtle highlights of sea-green toning. Census: 13 in 67 (2 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 3924

1915-D Buffalo Nickel, MS66 Sharply Defined, Well Preserved





3223 1915-D MS66 PCGS. Strong definition on the hair and braid knot join well-defined musculature on the bison as immediate evidence of the sharp strike — a welcome departure for the 1915-D, which is seldom well-struck. The boldly defined elements suit the steely-nickel patina and pervasive, satiny mint luster. This Denver issue seldom exceeds the Premium Gem level. Population: 51 in 66 (9 in 66+), 7 finer (2/24).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2016), lot 3589. NGC ID# 22R8, PCGS# 3928

1916 Buffalo Nickel, MS67 Registry-Grade Example





3224 1916 MS67 PCGS. Buffalo nickels were mass-produced throughout the entire run of the series at all mints, as this denomination was heavily used in small purchases, pay phones, and banks. Uncirculated examples survive, but most show light to moderate bagmarks or surface scrapes from being stacked in rolls. This 1916 coin is conditionally scarce. Under a loupe, the satiny surfaces reveal no abrasions, and the lemon-gold and mint-green luster is luminous. Only slight strike softness is seen on the bison's shoulder. Population: 57 in 67 (7 in 67+), 1 finer (2/24). Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2018), lot 3838. NGC ID# 22RA, PCGS# 3930

1918/7-D Buffalo Nickel, VF25 Guide Book Overdate





3225 1918/7-D FS-101 VF25 PCGS. The 1918/7-D is one of the major *Guide Book* varieties in the Buffalo nickel series, and it is the second rarest acquisition for collectors overall, surpassed only by the 1916 doubled die. This pewter-gray example displays pleasing detail for the grade, with metal flow lines in the fields as usual. The overdate feature is clear.

NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

1921-S Buffalo Nickel, MS63 Advanced Die State





3226 1921-S MS63 PCGS. The 1921-S is a challenging date in high grade, although this Select example is more accessible for budget-conscious collectors. Satiny luster is blatantly original, yielding russet-gold toning with no major abrasions. Moderate die erosion softens the reverse details, while the obverse shows an interesting planchet lamination running from 12 to 3 o'clock across the Indian chief's face.

NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948

1928-S Buffalo Nickel, MS66 Richly Toned Registry Candidate





Premium Gem 1928-S is impressively well struck, with a rounded horn and complete central details. The upper feather is weak at the tip. This San Francisco issue is rarely offered as fine as MS66. The current coin displays luminous surfaces with vivid multicolor toning throughout. Only a handful of higher-grade pieces are known. Census: 12 in 66, 3 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22SD, PCGS# 3965

1937-D Buffalo Nickel, MS68 Pristine Top-Grade Registry Coin





3228 1937-D MS68 NGC. Plentiful in lower grades, the 1937-D Buffalo nickel is a rarity at the lofty MS68 level, and no numerically finer pieces are known. This golden-toned Registry coin displays a bold strike with pristine surfaces that glisten in-hand. Faint metal flow lines in the fields are as usual for the issue. Census: 8 in 68 (1 in 68+, 1 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 22SW, PCGS# 3981

1937-D Three-Legged Buffalo Nickel, MS63 Popular Guide Book Variety, FS-901





3229 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS63 PCGS. Aggressive die polishing effaced most of the Bison's front right leg on this sought-after *Guide Book* and *Cherrypickers*' variety. This impressive Select example displays well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of softness on the bison's shoulder. The lustrous surfaces are lightly marked and overall eye appeal is quite strong. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

1938-D/S Buffalo Nickel, MS68 Important Overmintmark Variety





3230 1938-D/S FS-511 MS68 PCGS. A reverse die with the S mintmark entered was repurposed for the Denver Mint, with the D punched over the S several times. The top of the underlying S is visible at the top of the tripled D. This variety is a rarity in MS68. The current coin displays faintly iridescent brilliance overall with hints of pastel-rainbow and gold along the left hand borders. Luster glistens devoid of abrasions. Population (all D/S varieties included): 7 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22T3, PCGS# 38476 Base PCGS# 3985

PROOF BUFFALO NICKEL

1914 Buffalo Nickel, PR67 Rarely Seen in Higher Grades





3231 1914 PR67 NGC. JD-1, R.2. The 1914 is a well-made matte proof in the Buffalo nickel series, and Superb Gem coins like the present represent excellent type coin options. Sharp definition and luminous textured luster characterize this piece amid near-brilliant color. Only a slight golden hue warms each side. Census: 79 in 67 (6 in 67+, 5 in 67★), 17 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 278T, PCGS# 3991

JEFFERSON NICKELS

1947-S Jefferson Nickel, MS67 Full Steps Condition Rarity Among the Finest at PCGS





3232 1947-S MS67 Full Steps PCGS. Many of the high-grade Jefferson nickels of the 1940s known today likely came out of original rolls set aside by collectors of the era. Today, the number of Superb Gem pieces known with Full Steps definition has revealed itself as very small, making top-grade examples rare for Registry collectors. This piece displays a bold strike and pristine satin luster, with iridescent toning overall. Population: 13 in 67 Full Steps, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22U7, PCGS# 84033

1949-D Nickel, MS68 Five Full Steps Sole Finest Full Steps Example





3233 1949-D MS68 Five Full Steps NGC. This Denver issue is relatively collectible in Full Steps, although such coins are conditionally rare at the Superb Gem level. The current coin is the sole finest Full Steps example certified (2/24). Softly frosted luster yields warm rose-gold toning over silvery surfaces. Some die erosion in the fields and softness on the devices is typical of the issue, while the steps of Monticello are contrastingly well detailed. Census: 1 in 68 Five Full Steps, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 22UC, PCGS# 84038

1953-S Nickel, MS65+ Full Steps High-End Strike Rarity





3234 1953-S MS65+ Full Steps PCGS. The 1953-S is one of more poorly struck dates in the series, rare in any Full Steps grade. This Plus-designated Gem is just outside the Condition Census of certified Full Steps examples. Satiny luster and champagne luster comprise the eye appeal, while only some light abrasions are noted beneath a loupe. This coin adheres to the worn-die, somewhat "mushy" appearance of most 1953-S nickels, although the well-defined steps on Monticello set it apart from most examples of the date. Population: 8 in 65 (2 in 65+) Full Steps, 2 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 22UR, PCGS# 84051

PROOF JEFFERSON NICKEL

1940 Reverse of 1938 Nickel, PR67+ FS-901, CAC Approved





3235 1940 Reverse of 1938, FS-901, PR67+ PCGS. CAC. The indistinct steps on Monticello identify the Reverse of 1938, which is highly sought after in strong grades. This Plus-designated Superb Gem is near the Condition Census for the variety. Russet toning with some iridescence adorns the mirrored fields, and the satiny devices are boldly struck throughout. Population (FS-901): 38 in 67 (4 in 67+), 3 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). PCGS# 38540 Base PCGS# 94177

EARLY HALF DIMES

1795 V-6, LM-9 Half Dime XF Sharpness





3236 1795 V-6, LM-9, R.4 — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. The PCGS number ending in .95 suggests Scratch as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of an XF specimen that has been scratched. We note a thin pinscratch from Liberty's neck and other faint scratches in the forehead area. Some light scuffs exist in the right field near the chin. Despite the relatively minor marks, this is a sharp example of the scarce V-6, LM-9 variety. Pleasing bluish-gray toning blankets both sides. A pair of bold obverse die cracks subdivide the obverse.

1797 16 Stars Half Dime, Fine 12 V-4, LM-2





3237 1797 16 Stars, V-4, LM-2, R.4, Fine 12 ANACS. LM-2 is the slightly more plentiful of the two 16 Stars varieties, seen here with the usual radial die crack at 9 o'clock on the reverse. The coin is moderately worn with gunmetal-gray reverse patina and vivid multicolor toning on the obverse. This issue is notorious for being weakly struck in the centers, and much of the flatness on the eagle and Liberty is indeed due to strike rather than wear. NGC ID# 22ZZ, PCGS# 38598 Base PCGS# 4259

1800 V-1, LM-1 Half Dime, XF45 Strong Central Detail





3238 1800 V-1, LM-1, R.3, XF45 NGC. The late die state with a heavy rim cud below the 00 of the date. The date is strike doubled in this state. This Choice XF coin displays deep lavender-blue over gunmetal-gray patina, with light wear. A bold strike in the center produces strong eye appeal, while localized dentil weakness is seen along the right hand borders.

NGC ID# 2326, PCGS# 38601 Base PCGS# 4264

SEATED HALF DIMES

1840 Half Dime, Colorful MS67 CAC Endorsed, One Finer at NGC





3239 1840 No Drapery MS67 NGC. CAC. Star 8 is boldly recut, suggesting the Valentine 4 die pair. Heavy reverse die clashing suggests a late die state. With its 1 million-piece mintage, the 1840 half dime is available in most grades except at the Superb Gem level, where it becomes scarce-to-rare. This sharply struck MS67 coin displays blue, violet, sea-green, and golden toning dispersed throughout both sides, with strong silver luster shining through especially at the prooflike margins. Frosted central devices contrast with partially reflective interior fields. The strike is needle-sharp and close examination under a loupe reveals nary a mark. Census: 4 in 67, 1 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 1 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 232U, PCGS# 4321

1857-O Half Dime, MS67 **Beautifully Preserved Condition Rarity**





3240 1857-O MS67 PCGS. A rare Superb Gem example of this New Orleans issue. The 1857-O is collectible in Mint State but challenging in any grade finer than MS64. This coin displays impressive sharpness and ivory-white luster, with no discernible abrasions. Some die polish lines and die clashing (as struck) are seen with a loupe, and the fields are semireflective. Population: 7 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (2/24).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2021), lot 3082. NGC ID# 233T, PCGS# 4366

EARLY DIME

1796 JR-3 Dime, VF35 Scarce Die Variety





3241 1796 JR-3, R.5, VF35 PCGS. TY in LIBERTY touch at the top and star 1 is distant from the curls. This is an intermediate die state for the scarce-to-rare JR-3 variety, displaying a comma-shaped anomaly between 7 and 8 o'clock on the reverse edge. A similar flaw is seen on several examples of the variety in varying positions — perhaps from a piece of metal that adhered to the die. Later die states show a full cud over the first T in STATES, but it is retained on this lightly toned, Choice VF coin.

NGC ID# 236B, PCGS# 38744 Base PCGS# 4461

BUST DIMES

1831 Bust Dime, MS65 JR-1, Variety Guide Plate Coin





3242 1831 JR-1, R.1, MS65 CACG. Six varieties exist for 1831 dimes and all are either readily available in most grades or only moderately scarce. The 771,350-piece mintage from so few die pairs suggests the dies were overused, as is the case with many coins showing late die states and areas of die wear or failure. This JR-1 is an exceptional Gem Uncirculated example from an early die state, with rich bluish-gray toning and underlying rose accents. Soft mint luster illuminates virtually unmarked surfaces and sharply struck devices. This is the Zack, Scuderi, Sherrill Bust Dime Variety Identification Guide JR-1 plate coin. The coin is housed in a new CACG holder.

NGC ID# 237B, PCGS# 38849 Base PCGS# 4520

1836 JR-3 Dime, MS65 CAC Brilliant and Bold





3243 1836 JR-3, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Despite a reported mintage of 1.19 million pieces, only three die pairings are known for the 1836 Capped Bust dime, and two of them are fairly scarce. Probably, much of the 1836 delivery was from 1835-dated dies. The 1836 JR-3 can be attributed at a glance from the wide space between 10 and C. This untoned example is satiny and sharply struck. There are no noticeable marks. For all varieties, CAC: 4 in 65, 4 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 237G, PCGS# 38890 Base PCGS# 4528

SEATED DIMES

1842-O Seated Dime, MS64 Original Toning, Conditionally Rare





3244 1842-O Medium O, F-105, R.3, MS64 NGC. The 1842-O Seated Liberty dime is a rarity in any Mint State grade, with lowend circulated coins being the norm. The current piece displays satiny mint luster with warm golden-russet toning and hints of lavender. A loupe reveals minor abrasions, none overt. Eye appeal is pleasing. Census: 8 in 64, 3 finer (2/24). PCGS# 537801 Base PCGS# 4582

1859 Seated Dime, MS66 Colorfully Toned





3245 1859 F-105, R.2, MS66 PCGS. A total of eight 1859 die pairs includes two proof varieties, plus six circulation strike die marriages. Together, they account for a 430,000-piece mintage plus 800 proofs. This Premium Gem circulation strike displays tan-gold and aquamarine patina on the obverse while rich bands of ocean-blue and ruby-red toning are prominent on the reverse. The strike is sharp save for minor weakness on STATES. Although the half dime for this date has hollow star centers, no such modification occurred on the similarly designed Seated dime. Population (all varieties): 18 in 66 (2 in 66+), 21 finer (1/24). PCGS# 538136 Base PCGS# 4619

1871-CC Dime, Good 6 Key Carson City Issue





3246 1871-CC F-101, R.4, Good 6 PCGS. The Carson City Mint struck only 20,100 dimes during its second year of operation, making this a key date in the series today. The present coin displays smooth lilac-gray surfaces and boldly outlined motifs. The rims are complete around both sides.

Ex: Toro Collection Showcase Auction (Heritage, 10/2021), lot 45208. PCGS# 538268 Base PCGS# 4654

PROOF SEATED DIMES

1859 Dime, PR66 Cameo Pastel Toning, Sharp Strike





3247 1859 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. F-101, R.4. 1859 was the second year that proof sets were offered to the general public. The traditional proof mintage is 800 pieces, but only about half of that number have survived, and most specimens lack the device frost requisite for a Cameo designation. The present coin displays notable frost on the motifs, and the glassy fields display pale rosered and ocean-blue tints.

NGC ID# 23CD, PCGS# 84748

1872 Dime, PR67 Cameo F-103, Exemplary Contrast





3248 1872 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. F-103, R.3. Icy devices rise above darkly mirrored fields. The strike is shy of complete on the upper left portion of the wreath, but the preservation is pristine save for a small cluster of hairlines on the field near the final A in AMERICA. The proof 1872 dime has a mintage of 950 pieces, but the number of certified specimens is only about one-third of that number, despite many resubmissions over the years. Less than one in five certified examples are designated Cameo. Population: 5 in 67 (2 in 67+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23CW, PCGS# 84765

1880 Dime, PR68+ Ex: Kaufman-Gardner





3249 1880 F-101, R.3, PR68+ NGC. Ex: P. Kaufman. Fortin identifies two proof varieties. Fortin-101 is attributed by the following: the lower loop of the second 8 is broken, the first S in STATES is partial, and a large defect shows at the bottom of the right upright of M in DIME. Attractive cobalt-blue, beige-gold, and lavender patint runs over the obverse, while orange-gold joins the color palette on the reverse. Sharply struck and impeccably preserved. The low mintage of 36,000 business strikes places strong date pressure on surviving proofs. Census: 7 in 68 (1 in 68+, 2 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24). Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2003), lot 5923; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 2267; Greensboro Collection, Part I / Dallas ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 3997; Eugene H. Gardner Collection (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 30299. PCGS# 539047 Base PCGS# 4777

MERCURY DIMES

1916-D Mercury Dime, XF45 Original Problem-Free Surfaces





3250 1916-D XF45 PCGS. Original russet, olive, and amber-gold toning appears in mottled form throughout the fields, with underlying slate-gray patina. This is a well-detailed example of the Denver key, with light wear consistent for the grade. High-end circulated grades are infrequently available for the 1916-D. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906

1917-D Dime, MS65 Full Bands Elusive Well Struck





3251 1917-D MS65 Full Bands NGC. Gem or finer Full Bands examples of this early Denver issue are elusive. The current coin displays satiny luster, brilliant throughout the centers but toned blue-green, amber, and gold in the obverse margins. Band definition just meets NGC's criteria. Finer Full Bands coins are rare. Census: 22 in 65 (1 in 65+) Full Bands, 9 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23H3, PCGS# 4913

1920-D Mercury Dime, MS66 Full Bands Uniform Two-Sided Toning





3252 1920-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS. Rich gold and violet-amber toning encompasses the margins on this Premium Gem Full Bands 1920-D Mercury dime. The strike is sharp throughout the interior details, as well as around the border legends. The coin is beautifully devoid of bothersome abrasions. Finer 1920-D dimes with Full Bands are rare. Population: 31 in 66 (3 in 66+) Full Bands, 9 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23HC, PCGS# 4931

1924 Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands Frosty CAC Rarity





3253 1924 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. The 1924 Mercury dime is a condition rarity in MS67 Full Bands, and such coins are rarer still with CAC approval. The current piece displays frosty, glistening mint luster with no discernible abrasions. Hints of golden iridescence accent the silvery surfaces. The centers are sharp, while localized weakness appears around portions of the outer edges of the border legends. Population: 38 in 67 (7 in 67+) Full Bands, 1 finer. CAC: 14 in 67, 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23HI, PCGS# 4943

1926 Dime, MS67 Full Bands Top-Grade CAC Rarity





3254 1926 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. A sharply struck, conditionally scarce Superb Gem Full Bands example of this Philadelphia issue, one of just a dozen coins this fine with CAC endorsement. Subtle champagne color accents the frosty surfaces, adding to the eye appeal. An important Registry Set opportunity. Population: 46 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Bands, 0 finer. CAC: 12 in 67, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23HR, PCGS# 4955

1940-S Dime, MS68 Full Bands Pristine Top-Grade Registry Coin





3255 1940-S MS68 Full Bands PCGS. Glistening, frosty mint luster adorns this remarkably high-end 1940-S dime. A brilliant obverse interior cedes to violet, russet, and golden border toning, while russet-gold covers much of the reverse. A spindly vertical die crack bisects the obverse. This San Francisco issue is rare in MS68 and unknown numerically finer. Population: 16 in 68 (1 in 68+) Full Bands, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23JW, PCGS# 5027

1942-S Dime, MS68 Full Bands Exceptional Registry Candidate





3256 1942-S MS68 Full Bands PCGS. A beautifully preserved, highend Superb Gem example, showing brilliant interiors that cede to mottled russet and olive-gold border toning. The strike is sharp, complementing the strong visual appeal. The 1942-S Mercury dime is a notable rarity in this lofty grade. The present coin is tied for the finest certified, making it an essential acquisition for Registry collectors. Population: 10 in 68 (1 in 68+) Full Bands, 0 finer (2/24). Ex: Americana Auction (Stack's Bowers, 1/2013), lot 13169; The Warren Collection / Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2022), lot 3389.

NGC ID# 23K7, PCGS# 5043

1945-D Dime, MS68 Full Bands Border-Toned Registry Contender





3257 1945-D MS68 Full Bands NGC. Deep violet, amber-gold, and midnight-blue toning frames most of the borders on this Registry Set coin, leaving the interiors mainly brilliant. The strike is sharp in the centers and throughout the outer legends, adding appeal to the satiny luster and exceptional preservation. The 1945-D is rarely offered in this grade, and no numerically finer Full Bands examples are known. Census: 30 in 68 (2 in 68★) Full Bands, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23KF, PCGS# 5059

1945-S Dime, MS68 Full Bands Two-Sided Toning, Registry Set Quality





3258 1945-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. A splash of multicolor toning encompasses the interior of each side, leaving a deeper blue-gray color around the borders. Satiny luster complements sharp devices, and there are no discernible abrasions. The 1945-S Mercury dime is a rarity in MS68 Full Bands, and none are numerically finer. Census: 35 in 68 (3 in 68★ Full Bands, 1 in 68+★), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23KG, PCGS# 5061

PROOF MERCURY DIMES

1936 Mercury Dime, PR67+ Coveted Plus Designation





3259 1936 PR67+ NGC. Plus-designated Superb Gem proofs are rare, and only a handful of higher-grade examples are known. This piece has a faint dusting of light tan-gold color over otherwise brilliant, deeply reflective fields and satiny devices. The strike lacks nothing in its sharpness. An excellent first-year proof for type collectors. NGC ID# 27DG, PCGS# 5071

1936 Mercury Dime, PR67+ Sharp and Nearly Brilliant





3260 1936 PR67+ NGC. The 1936 is the first proof issue in the Mercury dime series, and it is scarce at the Superb Gem grade level. Only a handful of coins are known finer than the current piece. Deeply reflective fields and bold definition join a touch of dusky tan-gold toning, with no bothersome marks. NGC ID# 27DG, PCGS# 5071

ROOSEVELT DIME

1958-D Roosevelt Dime, MS68+ Full Bands Vividly Toned Top-Grade Registry Coin





3261 1958-D MS68+ Full Bands NGC. A common Denver issue, though conditionally a great rarity in MS68 with Full Bands definition. The current coin is also Plus designated, adding to its elevation to one of the finest pieces known. Vivid gold, amber, forest-green, and violet toning encompasses each side. Eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 30 in 68 (2 in 68★ Full Bands, 1 in 68+★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 3TTM, PCGS# 85117

PROOF TWENTY CENT PIECE

1878 Twenty Cent, PR63 Richly Toned Final-Year Proof





3262 1878 PR63 NGC. BF-1, R.3. This is one of two proof-only issues from the short-lived twenty cent series, which encompassed only four years from 1875 to 1878. Both 1877 and 1878 were proof-only issues. Deep bluish-gray toning covers both sides of this Select proof example, which displays subtle iridescence under a strong light. Faint hairlines are seen under a loupe, yet the fields retain flashy reflectivity. Only 600 proofs were distributed — numerous proofs were melted when the series was abolished. NGC ID# 27H5, PCGS# 5306

SEATED QUARTERS

1853 Arrows and Rays Quarter, MS65 Essential One-Year Type





3263 1853 Arrows and Rays MS65 NGC. The 1853 Arrows and Rays quarter dollar is common in circulated grades, as would be expected from a mintage of more than 15 million pieces. Mint State coins present a different picture, however. Uncirculated examples through MS64, while available with a little searching and patience, can be difficult to locate, and higher-grade pieces are quite elusive. This near-Gem specimen yields light goldengray color over glowing mint luster, along with well-struck design elements. A few trivial obverse marks prevent an even higher grade. Census: 29 in 65, 12 finer (2/24).

Ex: Lanterman's Mill Collection, Part Two / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 3147.

NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 5426

1857 Seated Quarter, MS66+ Semiprooflike Condition Rarity





3264 1857 MS66+ NGC. This is a brilliant, beautifully preserved Premium Gem example of the 1857 Seated quarter, showing semiprooflike fields that provide subtle contrast with the softly frosted devices. Central definition is bold, while some softness appears around the borders. Outstanding eye appeal. Census: 48 in 66 (3 in 66+, 2 in 66★, 4 in 66+★), 20 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 23TE, PCGS# 5442

1876-CC Seated Quarter, MS65 Original, Carefully Preserved Example





3265 1876-CC MS65 NGC. The 4.9+ million-piece mintage makes the 1876-CC among the most-available of all Seated quarters — an unusual circumstance for any Carson City issue. Despite the huge mintage, Gem Uncirculated pieces are scarce and finer examples are rare. Steel-gray and blue toning occupies the obverse, while the reverse displays attractive and colorful iridescence. Numerous die cracks circumnavigate the reverse margins. The coin is sharply struck and well-preserved. Census: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+, 1 in 65★), 13 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23V3, PCGS# 5502

1880 Quarter, MS67 Only 13,600 Coins Struck





3266 1880 MS67 NGC. Briggs 1-A. The 1880 date was well-saved by numismatists and heavily promoted by dealers despite the low, 13,600-piece mintage. This Superb Gem example displays lavish obverse toning and a lightly toned reverse. Substantial prooflike surface underpins blue, violet, and tan-gold colors on the obverse, while the reverse shows a thin lilac-gray hues. Only minor weakness at star 8 exists — all else is bold. Census: 12 in 67 (1 in 67 ★), 5 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23VC, PCGS# 5512

PROOF SEATED QUARTERS

1869 Seated Quarter, PR66+ Die Doubled Obverse





1869 PR66+ PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B. The shield on the obverse is slightly die doubled on this Premium Gem proof, as it is on all 600 proof Seated quarters that were minted in 1869. Perhaps as many as half of the mintage survive today, although few can match the exceptional quality of this Premium Gem that is the finest PCGS-certified example. Light field-to-device contrast is noted with bold design details and splendid sky-blue, emerald, sunset-gold, and lavender toning. Population: 9 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 66, 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 23X2, PCGS# 5568

1871 Seated Quarter, PR67 Ex: Kaufman and Gardner Collections





3268 1871 PR67 NGC. Briggs-1A. This spectacular 1871 proof quarter plate matches to the Kaufman Collection and later to Eugene Gardner's fabulous set of proof Seated quarters. With smooth surfaces and gorgeous original toning, it is little wonder that this coin is one of the finest certified survivors from the 960-piece proof delivery. Swirls of reddish-copper color appear toward the upper right obverse and lower right reverse borders. The balance of the features are awash in cobalt-blue shades that yield to golden undertones at direct light angles. Every feature is unsurprisingly razor-sharp with glistening mint frost. Only four non-Cameo proofs are certified in this lofty grade at NGC with a single PR68 submission finer. PCGS reports four Premium Gems (one in PR66+) and none finer (1/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2003), lot 6729; Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 7/2003), lot 6966; Eugene Gardner Collection IV/US Coins Signature Auction (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98526.

NGC ID# 23X4, PCGS# 5570

1880 Quarter, PR66 Cameo Brilliant and Well Contrasted





3269 1880 PR66 Cameo PCGS. The 1880 quarter comes with a proof mintage of 1,355 pieces, of which many proofs have survived to the present day. Few can match this brilliant Premium Gem Cameo that displays strong white-on-black contrast, regardless of viewing angle. The untoned surfaces are devoid of mentionable marks, and exhibit boldly struck design elements. Population: 30 in 66 (4 in 66+) Cameo, 20 finer (2/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 353. NGC ID# 23XC, PCGS# 85581

1889 Seated Quarter, PR67 Cameo Brilliant and Boldly Contrasted





3270 1889 PR67 Cameo NGC. Only 711 proof Seated Liberty quarters were struck in 1889, to accompany a small business-strike mintage of just 12,000 pieces. This magnificent Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields to create a stunning white-on-black Cameo effect. The well-preserved surfaces are completely brilliant and eye appeal is terrific. Census: 5 in 67 Cameo (1 in 67★), 2 finer (2/24). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2014), lot 3132. NGC ID# 23XM, PCGS# 85590

1891 Seated Liberty Quarter, PR67 CAC-Endorsed Cameo Example





3271 1891 PR67 Cameo NGC. CAC. Briggs 1-A. The Philadelphia Mint struck a small production of 600 proof Seated Liberty quarters for collectors in 1891, the final year of the long-running design. As might be expected, the issue is definitely rare at the PR67 grade level, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This spectacular Superb Gem proof exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements, and the deeply mirrored fields contrast boldly with the frosty devices. The impeccably preserved surfaces add to the outstanding eye appeal and the high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. Census: 10 in 67 Cameo (2 in 67★, 1 in 67+★), 1 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 3 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 23XP, PCGS# 85592

BARBER QUARTER

1916-D Barber Quarter, MS67 Registry Set Contender





3272 1916-D MS67 PCGS. The Barber design was retired after 1916, but not before the Denver Mint struck a substantial mintage of more than 6.5 million quarters that year. This spectacular Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the virtually flawless surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, under shades of jade-gray and sea-green toning. Population: 21 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 2426, PCGS# 5674

PROOF BARBER QUARTERS

1892 Barber Quarter, PR67 Cameo CAC-Approved, First-Year Issue





3273 1892 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Type Two Reverse. The Barber design was introduced in 1892 and the Philadelphia Mint struck a generous mintage of 1,245 proof Barber quarters for collectors that year. The issue is rare at the PR67 grade level, with the Cameo designation, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This spectacular Superb Gem proof exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved surfaces, with deeply mirrored fields that contrast boldly with the frosty devices. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. Population: 17 in 67 (1 in 67+) Cameo, 5 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 4 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2427, PCGS# 85678

1901 Barber Quarter, PR67 Nicely Contrasted Cameo Example





3274 1901 PR67 Cameo NGC. This beautiful Barber quarter combines the best of both worlds, showing highlights of amber-rose patina with well-contrasted cameo surfaces and nicely frosted devices front and back. Minimal strike weakness shows on the right shield corner — more a fault of the design than the coin. Census: 20 in 67 Cameo (4 in 67★), 5 finer (1/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2016), lot 3883. NGC ID# 242G, PCGS# 85687

1905 Barber Quarter, PR67 Attractive Multicolor Toning





3275 1905 PR67 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck a small production of 727 proof Barber quarters for collectors in 1905, making the issue decidedly elusive at the PR67 grade level. Finer coins are prime condition rarities. This spectacular Superb Gem proof displays sharply detailed design elements throughout. The impeccably preserved surfaces include deeply mirrored fields, with attractive highlights of lime-green, powder-blue, and darker cobalt-blue toning. Population: 15 in 67 (4 in 67+), 4 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 242L, PCGS# 5691

1909 Quarter, PR68 Cameo Distinctive Toning Tied for Finest Cameo Certified





3276 1909 PR68 Cameo NGC. This high-end Superb Gem proof is tied with one other coin as the finest Cameo certified. Each side exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements, and the impeccably preserved surfaces include deeply reflective fields. Highlights of sea-green and lilac toning add to the outstanding eye appeal. From a small proof mintage of 650 pieces. Census: 2 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer (1/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2020), lot 3679. NGC ID# 242R, PCGS# 85695

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

1917-S Type Two Quarter, MS66 Full Head Original Luster and Toning





3277 1917-S Type Two MS66 Full Head NGC. The 1917-S Type Two quarter is conditionally scarce in MS66 Full Head, and finer pieces are rare. The current coin displays blatantly original ivory-white luster with deep amber-russet toning in the protected areas. Light high-point contact marks are not out of line for the grade, and eye appeal is pleasing. Census: 15 in 66 (1 in 66+) Full Head, 4 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 2436, PCGS# 5719

1917-S Quarter, MS66 Full Head First Year of the Type Two Design





3278 1917-S Type Two MS66 Full Head PCGS. From a mintage of 5.5 million pieces, the 1917-S Type Two Standing Liberty quarter is an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level, with the Full Head designation. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with Full Head definition, but some of the usual softness shows on the shield rivets. The impeccably preserved lustrous surfaces are enhanced by highlights of sea-green, lavendergray, and amber toning. Population: 26 in 66 (4 in 66+) Full Head, 12 finer (1/24).

From The Brighton Collection. NGC ID# 2436, PCGS# 5719

1918 Standing Liberty Quarter, MS66 Full Head Definition





3279 1918 MS66 Full Head PCGS. The 1918 Standing Liberty quarter claims a substantial mintage of more than 14 million pieces, but the issue is definitely scarce at the MS66 grade level, with the Full Head designation. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with Full Head definition, and just a touch of softness on some shield rivets. The virtually flawless lustrous surfaces show a few highlights of lime-green toning. Population: 66 in 66 (13 in 66+) Full Head, 16 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 2437, PCGS# 5721

1920 Quarter, Sharp MS67 Brilliant CAC-Endorsed Example Nearly Full Head Detail





3280 1920 MS67 PCGS. CAC. The 1920 quarter is rare in MS67 and virtually unknown in MS68. This example is one of only six in this top grade with a CAC endorsement, presenting a rare opportunity for the astute collector. Liberty's head is nearly full, being only a trifle weak at the temple. The shield is bold, and the eagle is comparably sharp. Liberty's central gown lines are well-defined. This satiny, brilliant 1920 Superb Gem is essentially devoid of perceptible flaws. Population: 28 in 67 (5 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (2/24).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2016), lot 4196. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5734

1930 Quarter, MS67 Full Head Attractive Original Mint Luster





3281 1930 MS67 Full Head NGC. The 1930 is MS67 Full Head is the ideal type coin for the Type Two Standing Liberty quarter. This piece displays the bold strike for which this issue is known, with sharp head detail and only minor shield rivet softness. Luminous ivory-white luster overall cedes to deep russet around the outer peripheries, consistent with old-time roll toning that is seen on Standing Liberty quarters that have original luster. A loupe reveals a few microscopic ticks on the leg, with no other faults. NGC ID# 2445, PCGS# 5779

WASHINGTON QUARTERS

1932-S Quarter, MS65+ Series Key, Registry-Grade Example





3282 1932-S MS65+ PCGS. The 1932-S is one of the two key dates in the Washington quarter series, and it is only slightly more plentiful than its D-mint counterpart. The present Plus-graded Gem displays a bold strike and frosty original mint luster. Russet, amber, gold, and olive toning adorns each side, while the fields and devices are devoid of bothersome abrasions. Population: 35 in 65+, 8 finer (1/74)

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2021), lot 3543. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

1934 Quarter Dollar, MS68 Tied for Finest Certified





3283 1934 MS68 NGC. This coin will be high on the want lists of many Registry Set collectors, ranking with the finest examples of the date certified. Satiny, pristine mint luster adorns well-struck design elements, and a light golden glow warms each side. NGC and PCGS combined report only nine 1934 Washington quarters in MS68 with none numerically finer. NGC Census: 5 in 68, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 244A, PCGS# 5793

1941-D Quarter, Radiant MS68 Top of the Certified Population





3284 1941-D MS68 NGC. A remarkably small number of 1941-D Washington quarters are certified in MS68, and none are finer. This NGC coin glistens with pristine, softly frosted mint luster that radiates brilliant across the interiors, ceding to russet toning at the borders — reminiscent of old-time roll toning. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal gleams from the surfaces. Census: 3 in 68, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 244Y, PCGS# 5815

1943 Doubled Die Obverse Quarter, AU55 FS-103, Dramatic Doubling





3285 1943 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-103, AU55 NGC. Die doubling is impressively bold on all obverse legends on this prominent variety. Several doubled die obverse varieties are known for the 1943 quarter, but FS-103 is the most dramatic. This coin displays satiny, brilliant surfaces with slight handling wear overall. An important acquisition for the advanced variety collector. NGC ID# 2455, PCGS# 145620 Base PCGS# 95820

1948 Washington Quarter, MS68 Original Toning, Tied for Finest Known





3286 1948 MS68 NGC. Pristine ivory-white mint luster glistens across each side of this conditionally rare Registry coin that is tied for finest known of the date. Daubs of original olive, gold, amber, and russet toning accent each side, producing incredible visual appeal. NGC and PCGS combined report only seven coins this fine (including one PCGS example in 68+). NGC Census: 2 in 68, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 245L, PCGS# 5836

1948-S Quarter Dollar, MS68 Formidable Registry Set Contender





3287 1948-S MS68 NGC. This is a boldly struck, pristine example with shimmering, frosty mint luster over each side. Rich russet-gold and amber toning encompasses the obverse margins and encroaches upon the champagne center, while the reverse shows those colors only around the border, leaving the interior brilliant. Only a handful of 1948-S quarters survive this fine. Census: 3 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 245N, PCGS# 5838

1955 Quarter, Toned MS67+ Tied for Finest at PCGS and NGC





3288 1955 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Tied as the finest-certified by either PCGS or NGC, this colorfully toned 1955 earns both the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement. Not surprisingly, many Gem or finer examples survive from the 18.1 million-piece mintage, but none surpass this coin for either technical grade or spectacular eye appeal. Extravagant obverse toning features cyan, ruby-red, and sun-gold hues, while umber-gray patina speckles the reverse. Population: (10 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 58 in 67, 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 2469, PCGS# 5858

PROOF WASHINGTON QUARTE

1938 Washington Quarter, PR68+ None Certified Finer at NGC or PCGS





3289 1938 PR68+ NGC. The Mint manufactured 8,045 proof Washington quarters in 1938, and this Superb Gem ranks among the finest certified at NGC and PCGS combined. The outer areas are beautifully toned in multicolor patina that includes shades of orange, yellow, green, blue, and magenta, while the interiors remain largely brilliant. Census: 3 in 68+, 4 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 10/2022), lot 3638. NGC ID# 27HR, PCGS# 5977

EARLY HALF DOLLAR

1795 O-110 Half Dollar, VF20 Usual Early Die State





3290 1795 2 Leaves, O-110, T-21, R.3, VF20 PCGS. The O-110 die pair has multiple die states recorded in the Tompkins reference, although the basics are an uncracked obverse as offered here, or a late die state obverse with prominent die cracks at the upper right. As one of the more frequently encountered 1795 half dollar varieties, the O-110 is an excellent candidate for a date or type collection. This piece has pleasing antique-gray surfaces with light silver-gray on the devices. None of the myriad marks stands out on either side of this attractive early half dollar.

NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39228 Base PCGS# 6052

BUST HALF DOLLARS

1811 O-103 Half Dollar, MS64 Large 8, Exceptionally Clean Surfaces





3291 1811 Large 8, O-103, R.3, MS64 NGC. The present coin just squeezes into the Overton-103 Condition Census. It is a lovely specimen with medium golden-brown and jade-green peripheral patina. The reverse displays steel-gray freckles. Well struck in the centers, though some stars are incomplete. Impressively devoid of contact. O-103 and O-104 are the large date varieties, with O-103 distinguished by a straight die line on the field near the bust tip. NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39423 Base PCGS# 6096

1814 O-103 Half Dollar, MS62 Prominent Reverse Die Line





3292 1814 O-103, R.1, MS62 NGC. A prominent reverse die line down from the left end of the scroll to the eagle's wing provides instant attribution for this popular variety that is an ideal choice for a date or type collection. Bold obverse die clashing is also present on this lovely Mint State piece that has vivid, intermingled gold and blue toning.

NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39477 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-105a Half Dollar, AU55 Guide Book Single Leaf Variety





3293 1814 Single Leaf, O-105a, R.4, AU55 PCGS. The very scarce Single Leaf variety is listed and photographed in the Guide Book. It is a late die state of Overton-105. The dies clashed at some point, and were briefly removed from service and lapped to remove clash marks. That effort removed one of the upper two leaves. Nonetheless, the dies were put back into the press and struck additional pieces, until the peripheral die wear became so extreme that the marriage was retired. This is a lilac-gray piece with well-defined centers and problem-free surfaces. O-105a is conditionally rare. Just four finer pieces are listed in Herman's Autumn 2023 Revision.

NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39481 Base PCGS# 6105

1827 Half Dollar, MS65 O-120a, Square Base 2





3294 1827 Square Base 2, O-120a, R.2, MS65 NGC. The typically encountered late die state with a die crack above the A in STATES. The preservation, though, is anything but typical. This Gem is impressively devoid of marks, and exhibits attractive golden-brown toning with peripheral accents of orange and sea-green. The rightside stars show incompleteness of strike, but the coin is otherwise exceptional in all regards.

NGĈ ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39718 Base PCGS# 6144

1827 Half Dollar, MS63 CAC Square Base 2, O-142





3295 1827 Square Base 2, O-142, R.2, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Medium cream-gray toning embraces satiny and refreshingly smooth surfaces. The borders show hints of gunmetal patina. Although just outside the Condition Census for the Overton-142 variety, the eye appeal is comparable with any survivor of the die pairing. A desirable Capped Bust type coin. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39742 Base PCGS# 6144

1832 Half Dollar, Beautiful MS65 Small Letters, O-103





3296 1832 Small Letters, O-103, R.1, MS65 NGC. The recut stand on the 5 in the denomination narrows the attribution, while a distinctive lump about halfway down Liberty's left drapery fold from the clasp confirms the O-103 variety. This evenly struck and coruscating Gem is attractively toned in steel-gray, peach-gold, and forest-green shades. The coin is splendidly free from abrasions, and desirable in such exemplary quality.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage 9/2007), lot 1511; FUN Signature (Heritage 1/2011), lot 3763.

NGC ID# 24FW, PCGS# 39860 Base PCGS# 6160

REEDED EDGE HALF DOLLAR

1839-O GR-1 Half Dollar, AU55 Late Die State Example





3297 1839-O GR-1, R.1, AU55 PCGS. About 95% of the 116,000-piece all 1839-O half dollars were produced by the GR-1 dies. This is a late die state example, with numerous die cracks and a noticeably repunched obverse mintmark. The sharp, Choice About Uncirculated surfaces display pleasing medium-gray toning. A surprising amount of mint luster remains despite the coin's brief stint in circulation.

PCGS# 531106 Base PCGS# 6181

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

1839 No Drapery Seated Half, XF45 One-Year Type, Gold CAC





3298 1839 No Drapery, WB-101, Die Pair 4, R.4, XF45 PCGS. Gold CAC. The Philadelphia Mint mintage of nearly 2 million Seated halves includes a small number of No Drapery examples, which command a significant premium as a single-year type coin. Four varieties exist of the true No Drapery half dollars, struck from dies closest to Christian Gobrecht's intended design. This Choice XF example earns the important CAC gold seal of approval, with natural blue, violet, and gold toning and well-struck design elements.

PCGS# 801667 Base PCGS# 6230

1865 Half Dollar, MS65 Conditionally Rare





3299 1865 WB-101, Die Pair 3, R.4, MS65 NGC. Spindly die cracks run through much of the reverse peripheral legends. Satiny luster yields ivory-white luster throughout the interiors, with russetamber toning in the outer obverse margins. A sharp strike adds to the appeal, and no major abrasions are seen. The 1865 Seated half dollar is a rarity in Gem or better grades. Census (all varieties): 8 in 65, 1 finer (2/24).

PCGS# 907940 Base PCGS# 6313

1888 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, MS66 Popular Low-Mintage Issue





3300 1888 WB-101 MS66 PCGS. The odd 12,001-piece half dollar mintage was still small, although more than double the number struck in 1886 and 1887. Half dollar production in the 1880s was minuscule while the Philadelphia Mint concentrated on producing huge numbers of Morgan dollars. Dealers and speculators took notice and put a moderate number of pieces aside. This Premium Gem example is brilliant and frosty save for sparse gold toning at the margins. The strike is bold, showing only a bit of weakness at stars 7, 9, and Liberty's upper hair strands. Bright silver luster gleams throughout both sides. Population: 26 in 66 (4 in 66+), 8 finer (2/24).

PCGS# 572273 Base PCGS# 6370

PROOF SEATED HALF DOLLARS

1871 Half Dollar, PR67 Flashy Deep Mirrors, Attractive Patina





3301 1871 PR67 NGC. The reported proof mintage of 960 pieces does not align with the number of 1871 proofs that survive. Superb Gem examples such as this coin are great rarities, with only three such non-Cameo specimens reported by both services combined. All three are certified by NGC. This flashy mirrored proof displays substantial contrast between the frosted devices and glassy fields. Translucent golden-gray patina adds to the eye appeal, but does not diminish the extra-deep mirroring seldom seen on a non-Cameo Seated Liberty half dollar proof. Census: 2 in 67, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 27U6, PCGS# 6429

1871 Half Dollar, PR67 Cameo White-on-Black Example Tied for Finest Certified





3302 1871 PR67 Cameo NGC. The 1871 Seated half dollar is one of the most available circulation strikes in the series, yet high-grade Cameo Proofs are rare. This is a brilliant, high-contrast example with frosted raised devices set against silver mirrorlike fields. As expected, the strike is needle-sharp. Some angled die striations exist from the upper-right rim to the eagle and beyond, and the lower-left vertical shield stripes are incomplete — all Mint-related anomalies on the 1871 proofs. Census: 2 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 27U6, PCGS# 86429

1889 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo Attractively Toned, Full Strike





3303 1889 PR66 Cameo PCGS. This splendid Premium Gem proof is one of the half dozen finest 1889 Cameo proofs seen by PCGS Glassy-mirrored fields display a colorful display of pale reddishgold toning surrounded by royal-blue rims, with frost-white central devices providing bold contrast on both the obverse and reverse. Flashy reflectivity greets the eye. The full strike is testament to the Mint's high proof quality in the late 1880s. Population: 5 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 27UR, PCGS# 86450

1890 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, PR66 Only 590 Pieces Struck





3304 1890 PR66 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a tiny mintage of just 590 proof Seated Liberty half dollars for collectors in 1890, to accompany a small business-strike production of 12,000 pieces. This delightful Premium Gem proof exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields, under attractive shades of seagreen, cerulean-blue, and turquoise toning. Census: 16 in 66, 12 finer (1/24).

NGC ID# 27US, PCGS# 6451

BARBER HALF DOLLAR

1912 Barber Half, MS66★ Iridescently Toned





3305 1912 MS66★ NGC. Iridescent bands of toning cross each side of this near-Gem Barber half, sky-blue, saffron, orange, cherry, violet, and deep cobalt-blue predominating. A loupe reveals a bold strike and a few scattered, light abrasions that preclude an even finer grade, including one straight mark on the chin and couple of ticks above the eye. A winner for the toning enthusiasts and among the few highest-graded coins at either service. Census: 2 in 66 (1 in 66+, 1 in 66+, 0 finer (1/24).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2016), lot 3596. NGC ID# 24NG, PCGS# 6524

PROOF BARBER HALF DOLLARS

1895 Barber Half, PR66 Undesignated Contrast Green Label Holder





3306 1895 PR66 PCGS. CAC. A visually stunning Premium Gem proof, yielding brilliant surfaces and sharp overall definition. The coin is housed in a green label holder, which does not recognize appreciable field-device contrast on both sides. CAC endorsement attests to the high quality of the coin. Population: 23 in 66 (1 in 66+), 17 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 11 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24NX, PCGS# 6542

1898 Half Dollar, PR67 Vividly Toned Proof Type Coin





3307 1898 PR67 NGC. The 1898 proof Barber half dollar is a rarity in Superb Gem condition. This is a richly toned non-Cameo example with vivid lavender-gold, blue, olive, and lilac toning over liquidlike fields and satiny devices. The right shield corner is slightly weak as usual, but the strike is otherwise bold. Census: 14 in 67 (1 in 67★), 13 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24P2, PCGS# 6545

1903 Barber Half Dollar, PR67 Colorful, Intense Toning





3308 1903 PR67 PCGS. The obverse reveals vibrant and intense aqua-blue, violet, gold, and crimson coloration, while the reverse is covered by complex and deep, bluish-gray patina with rose and heather undertones — slightly concealing the flashy field reflectivity on this side unless viewed at the proper angle. This Superb Gem proof is sharply struck and seldom seen finer, with no mentionable marks or other distractions. Population: 9 in 67 (2 in 67+), 4 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24P7, PCGS# 6550

1907 Barber Half Dollar, PR66+ Only 575 Pieces Struck





3309 1907 PR66+ NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a minuscule mintage of 575 proof Barber half dollars for collectors in 1907, to accompany a large business-strike production of more than 7 million pieces. This Plus-graded Premium Gem proof displays sharply detailed design elements throughout and the virtually flawless surfaces include deeply reflective fields, under shades of cerulean-blue, jade-gray, and lime-green toning. Eye appeal is terrific. Census: 26 in 66 (1 in 66+), 9 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 24PB, PCGS# 6554

1914 Half Dollar, PR67 Lowest Proof Mintage of the Series





3310 1914 PR67 NGC. CAC. The low proof mintage (only 380 pieces struck) combines with a low circulation strike production to make the 1914 a key Barber half dollar date in both formats. This is a Superb Gem proof example, with flashy mirrors and colorful iridescence throughout the medium-toned surfaces. CAC endorsement recognizes the high-end quality even at the lofty MS67 level. NGC reports only one non-Cameo proof in a numerically finer grade, plus another at PR67+. Census: 13 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 10 in 67, 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 24PJ, PCGS# 6561

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

1916-D Half Dollar, MS66 Original Luster and Toning





3311 1916-D MS66 PCGS. The first-year Denver issue in the Walking Liberty half dollar series is seldom offered in grades finer than MS65. This Premium Gem example displays original, satiny mint luster with mottled russet and olive-gold toning. Well-struck design elements add to the visual appeal. Population: 79 in 66 (3 in 66+), 4 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

1916-S Half Dollar, AU58 Deep Original Patina





3312 1916-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. The hallmark of this piece is its blatantly original surfaces, which yield dusky stone-ivory patina with russet-olive freckles around the outer borders. Only a trace of actual wear is apparent, occupying the highest points of the devices, where slight russet toning appears. Overall eye appeal is excellent for collectors who appreciate the old-time appearance of lightly worn silver.

NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568

1917-S Walking Liberty Half Dollar, AU58 Obverse Mintmark, CAC Endorsed





3313 1917-S Obverse Mintmark AU58 PCGS. CAC. Natural silver-gray toning blankets both sides of this near-Mint Obverse Walker. Soft mint luster remains on both sides, while the motifs retain remarkably sharp definition with little discernible wear. CAC endorsed, with outstanding quality for the grade level. Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2016), lot 4290. NGC ID# 24PT, PCGS# 6572

1920 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS65+ Sharply Struck and Lustrous





3314 1920 MS65+ CACG. Housed in one of the new CACG holders with the accompanying Plus designation, this Gem Uncirculated 1920 Walking Liberty half dollar is satin-smooth and gleamingly lustrous. Splashes of amber-gold toning and subtle iridescence grace the obverse, while the reverse displays faint grayish-blue patina. The strike is significantly sharper than often seen on a 1920 P-mint Walker. This is the highest-graded CACG example to date (1/24). NGC ID# 24R3, PCGS# 6580

1921 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, AU58 Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue





3315 1921 AU58 NGC. With the lowest mintage (246,000 pieces) of any P-mint Walking Liberty half dollar, it is little wonder that the 1921 is a coveted rarity in all levels of preservation. This is a crisply struck, minimally marked example whose surfaces exhibit a sparkling, brilliant appearance. In fact, at first glance, this coin appears Uncirculated.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 4031. NGC ID# 24R6, PCGS# 6583

1921-S Half Dollar, XF40 Ideal Collector-Grade Example





3316 1921-S XF40 PCGS. Hints of luster remain in the fields of this lightly circulated key-date Walker. Mild strike weakness is visible on the devices in addition to minor wear, but each side is smooth and appealing with golden-gray color. The 1921-S has the largest mintage of the three Walkers from this year (548,000 pieces), but it is also the scarcest in high grade. More half dollars were struck at San Francisco throughout the 1920s than any other Mint, and these all circulated extensively. Housed in a green label holder. Ex: ANA World's Fair of Money Signature (Heritage, 8/2018), lot

NGC ID# 24R8, PCGS# 6585

1934 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS68 Top-Grade Example





3317 1934 MS68 PCGS. From a mintage of more than 6.9 million pieces, the 1934 Walking Liberty half dollar is still a rare issue at the exalted MS68 grade level, and this coin is tied for finest-certified honors at PCGS (2/24). This magnificent MS68 specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless lustrous surfaces, with subtle highlights of lavender and sea-green toning. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 15 in 68, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24RF, PCGS# 6592

1935-S Half Dollar, MS66 Prohibitively Rare in Finer Grades





3318 1935-S MS66 PCGS. Brilliant gold and iridescent toning grace the frosty and lustrous silver surfaces of this Premium Gem. Slight central weakness is typical of this issue and many other San Francisco Mint issues. Although available at this grade level, numerically finer examples are rare with just five higher grade pieces submitted to PCGS (2/24). NGC ID# 24RL, PCGS# 6597

1939 Half Dollar, MS68 Satiny Top-Tier Registry Coin





3319 1939 MS68 NGC. A boldly struck piece with satiny original luster and virtually flawless preservation. Light olive-gold and russet toning graces each side, and eye appeal is excellent. The 1939 Walker is conditionally scarce in MS68, and no numerically finer pieces are known. Census: 34 in 68 (2 in 68+, 1 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24RW, PCGS# 6606

1941 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS68 Top-Grade Type Coin





3320 1941 MS68 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a large wartime production of more than 24 million Walking Liberty half dollars in 1941. As might be expected, the 1941 is an available issue in high grade today, and a popular choice of type collectors. This magnificent MS68 specimen exhibits razor-sharp definition on all the design elements and the virtually pristine brilliant surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides. Eye appeal is terrific. Census: 45 in 68 (3 in 68+, 2 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24S3, PCGS# 6611

1941-S Half Dollar, MS67 Border-Toned Condition Rarity





3321 1941-S MS67 NGC. Deep blue-green, gold, russet, and burgundy toning frames the borders of this Superb Gem, leaving brilliant interiors to display an overall bold strike. While faintly short of flawless in its preservation, this coin is just about as good as it gets for the 1941-S Walker. Examples of the date are scarce in this grade and unknown numerically finer. Census: 53 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613

1944-S Half Dollar, MS67 Only One Coin Known Numerically Finer





3322 1944-S MS67 NGC. The 1944-S Walker is rare in MS67, appearing in our auctions on only 17 prior occasions. This makes it rarer than even the minimal certified populations would suggest. The current coin is brilliant and frosty with pristine surfaces. Only a touch of strike softness is seen on Liberty's branch hand and the feathers of the eagle's trailing leg. Census: 29 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

1946 Half Dollar, MS67+ Only One Numerically Finer at NGC





3323 1946 MS67+ NGC. This appealing Superb Gem displays splendid gold, powder-blue, and lilac toning on the obverse with hints of gold on the mostly untoned reverse. The strike is bold with sharp head details and a full branch hand. Census: 98 in 67 (24 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24SJ, PCGS# 6627 Base PCGS# 6627

1946-D Half Dollar, MS67+ Original Two-Sided Toning





3324 1946-D MS67+ NGC. While this late-series Denver issue is plentiful in MS67, Plus-designated coins at this level are scarce, and NGC reports only two submissions numerically finer (2/24). Russet border toning cedes to warm champagne iridescence through the interiors, with frosty, pristine luster shining through. The usual touch of central strike softness is seen on Liberty's branch hand. NGC ID# 24SK, PCGS# 6628

PROOF WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLAR

1939 Walker Half Dollar, PR68 High Quality and Excellent Visual Appeal





3325 1939 PR68 NGC. An odd number of proofs was struck — 8,808 pieces — making the 1939 proof issue reasonably available in even high grades including the Superb Gem level. This attractive PR68 example displays a thin veil of dappled cloud-gray patina confirming the original underlying brilliant-mirrored surfaces. A needle-sharp strike accompanies virtually flawless fields and provides excellent eye appeal. NGC reports a single numerically finer coin, plus 11 in 68+ and one in 68+★ (1/24). NGC ID# 27V7, PCGS# 6639

FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

1949 Half Dollar, MS67 Full Bell Lines Original Toning





3326 1949 MS67 Full Bell Lines NGC. The 1949 Franklin half dollar is plentiful with Full Bell Lines as fine as MS66, but in MS67 such coins are conditionally rare, and no numerically finer pieces are known. This coin displays satiny luster and bold devices beneath freckled russet toning, with subtle lavender and champagne hues overall. Census: 5 in 67 Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24ST, PCGS# 86653 Base PCGS# 86653

1951-D Franklin, MS67 Full Bell Lines Top-Grade Registry Coin





3327 1951-D MS67 Full Bell Lines NGC. The 1951-D Franklin half dollar is a well-made branch mint issue and is more often seen with Full Bell Lines than without, however, even FBL coins are conditionally rare at the Superb Gem grade level, and none are known numerically finer than the current coin. Ivory satin luster yields hints of light champagne color. The strike is incredibly sharp throughout. Census: 10 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24SZ, PCGS# 86659

1959-D Half Dollar, MS67 Full Bell Lines Satiny Original Luster Tied for Finest Certified





3328 1959-D MS67 Full Bell Lines NGC. While lower-grade coins are common, Full Bell Lines 1959-D halves in MS67 are conditionally rare, and none are known numerically finer. This piece is satiny and pristine. Subtle champagne iridescence joins tiny amber border flecks that attest to the originality of the surfaces. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent. Census: 9 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 24TK, PCGS# 86677

1962 Franklin Half Dollar, MS67 Beautiful Original Toning





3329 1962 MS67 NGC. The 1962 Franklin half dollar is a rarity in Superb Gem condition. This is one of just four coins in MS67 non-Full Bell Lines at NGC, and just one coin is in this grade at PCGS. The finest non-Full Bell Lines pieces we have handled were at the MS66 numeric level, making the current coin the finest we have yet seen in this category. Frosty, pristine luster adorns original, dusky toning in shades of gold, olive, russet, and lilac. Eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 4 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 24TR, PCGS# 6682

EARLY DOLLARS

1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VF Details B-1, BB-21, Two Leaves





3330 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2 — Gouged — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Bowers Die State I. Berries nine left, 10 right. BB-21 is the most-available die marriage with two leaves under each eagle's wing. This example shows two rather deep scrapes on the reverse near O in OF and a minor rim bump nearby. A loupe reveals faint hairlines beneath the light, silver-gray toning and muted golden-gray accents. Smooth wear minimizes any further marks while satisfying VF definition remains.

1795 Draped Bust Dollar, VF30 Off-Center Bust, B-14, BB-51





3331 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, VF30 PCGS. Bower Die State I. Rich and original gunmetal-gray toning covers both sides of this well-preserved midgrade example of the 1795 Off-Center Draped Bust dollar. BB-51 was the Mint's initial offering of Robert Scot's Draped Bust obverse. Liberty's portrait was entered too far left in the die, a situation soon rectified with the 1795 BB-52 obverse die. This early die state BB-51 is smoothly worn and features abrasion-free fields. Only a few tiny ticks exist anywhere on the coin and there are no adjustment marks or planchet problems of any kind. The design elements are clearly bold for the assigned grade.

NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39996 Base PCGS# 96858

1798 Heraldic Eagle Dollar, XF45 Knob 9, 4 Vertical Lines Rare B-7, BB-95





1798 Large Eagle, Knob 9, 4 Vertical Lines, B-7, BB-95, R.5, XF45 NGC. Bowers Die State I. An attractive silver-gray example. Unobtrusive pitting is noted on the left obverse field, and the reverse shows a slight rim nick at 9:30. The rarity of BB-95 is such that the variety was absent from the extensive early U.S. coin collection of Jules Reiver. Stephen J. Herrman's Winter 2023 Edition lists only one higher-graded example, the AU58 PCGS Cardinal Collection specimen we offered in our Columbus Central States 2002 Signature.

NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40015 Base PCGS# 40012

1798 B-23, BB-105 Dollar, VF30 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date





3333 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date, B-23, BB-105, R.3, VF30 ANACS. Bowers Die State III. Although BB-105 is a common die pair, most examples exist at the lower end of the circulated grading scale. The vast majority of survivors grade between VF20 and XF45. This original, medium-gray coin is a solid midgrade example. The obverse elements are well-defined for the grade, while the reverse shows some faint granularity and speckled toning throughout the fields and margins. A tiny obverse rim bump exists above star 10.

NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40022 Base PCGS# 6873

1798 Large Eagle Dollar, VF35 B-29, BB-119, Pointed 9





3334 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-29, BB-119, R.4, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II, showing a crack through the STA in STATES. The obverse is extensively cracked in this usage of the die, most notably at the date. Uniform olive-gold and gray patina on each side complements well-detailed design elements and an even strike. Die erosion blurs the obverse border, but neither side has visible adjustment marks. On the obverse, several old scratches are visible in the right field.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2018), lot 3792. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40036 Base PCGS# 40018

1798 Large Eagle Dollar, XF45 Pointed 9, Four Berries, B-8, BB-125





3335 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Four Berries, B-8, BB-125, R.2, XF45 NGC. CAC. Bowers Die State V. The scarce late die state with numerous bold cracks across the reverse periphery and another crack through the eagle's left (facing) wing. This older-holder Draped Bust type coin displays bright luster within the wings and shield. Portions of the centers are lightly brought up. The steel-gray surfaces are devoid of relevant marks.

NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40042 Base PCGS# 40018

1799 Dollar, B-13, BB-151, XF40 Irregular Date, 13 Stars Reverse





3336 1799 Irregular Date, 13 Stars Reverse, B-13, BB-151, R.5, XF40 ANACS. Bowers Die State II. Die lumps occur inside the E in STATES. The 13 Stars Irregular Date variety (B-13, BB-151) is, according to Bowers, the rarest die marriage for the year. He estimated as recently as 2013 that only 40 to 75 pieces survive. Stone-gray toning includes traces of olive and gold. It covers the entirety of this 18th-century dollar. Both sides are smooth with minor field marks and light wear over the well-struck devices. For the variety, PCGS reports one in XF40 and three finer as of (2/24). NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40044 Base PCGS# 6880

1799 Bust Dollar, VF35 B-12, BB-160, No Berries, Star 1 Distant





3337 1799 7x6 Stars, B-12, BB-160, R.3, VF35 NGC. Bowers Die State I. Well-centered with original deep-gray fields and light-gray raised devices, this Choice VF BB-160 example is ideal for the grade. Star 1 is far distant from the curl and the upper-left serif on U in UNITED is defective. Field star 1 is weak and spindly from die lapping that also removed all berries from the branch. The early die state is rare for BB-160, with no obverse die cracks seen. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40051 Base PCGS# 6878

1800 Early Dollar, VF35 Scarce B-8, BB-188 Variety





3338 1800 B-8, BB-188, R.4, VF35 ANACS. Bowers Die State III. Bolender's "Die Dot" is prominent on this Choice VF early dollar, perched on the lower inside serif of R in LIBERTY near the upright. A second, smaller blob exists on the top of R in AMERICA. A light, slightly blurry die crack curves through AMER. This is a smooth and attractive VF35 example. Rich grayish-brown toning displays blue overtones and the strike is sharp for the assigned grade. Housed in a small early generation ANACS holder. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40074 Base PCGS# 6887

1802/1 Draped Bust Dollar, VF30 Wide Date, B-2, BB-233





1802/1 Wide Date, B-2, BB-233, R.4, VF30 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. A wide gap between 1 and 8 in the date accounts for the Wide Date descriptor for this moderately scarce overdate. Perhaps as few as 100 to 175 pieces survive in all grades, most of which are in the lower circulated grades. This solid midgrade example easily justifies its VF30 designation, with richly toned iridescent fields and smoothly worn silver-gray patina on the high points. Original surfaces show only one or two minor contacts — a remarkable indication of quality for its assigned grade. NGC ID# 24XC, PCGS# 40093 Base PCGS# 6899

1802 B-6, BB-241 Dollar, VF35 Narrow Date, Heraldic Eagle Type Coin





3340 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, VF35 NGC. Bowers Die State III. The right foot of the T in LIBERTY is missing on all BB-241 dollars, serving as a popular pickup point along with the Narrow Date. As usual, Liberty's lower curls are lapped. This Choice VF representative exhibits a normal amount of high-point rub on the obverse, while the reverse is comparably strong. Olive-gold, steel-gray, and gunmetal-blue patina paints the smooth surfaces. Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2018), lot 3833. NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40088 Base PCGS# 6895

SEATED DOLLARS

1859 Seated Dollar, MS63 Elusive Mint State Specimen





3341 1859 MS63 PCGS. OC-4, Low R.4. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. The obverse is moderately toned in dappled lilac-gray and light-orange hues, while orange-gold toning lightly graces the reverse. The strike on Liberty's head is sharper than often seen, although the left-hand stars show minor weakness. Marks are few and far between, with a toned-over pinscratch near star 5 across Liberty's arm and a trio of short marks near the shin. Of all the Seated dollar issues, the 1859 with a mintage of over a quarter million pieces has probably has the lowest survival rate in all grades. From Good to Uncirculated, this P-mint date is scarce and underrated. Population: 14 in 63, 10 finer (2/24). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 4388. NGC ID# 24YX, PCGS# 6946

1860-O Silver Dollar, MS62 Popular Southern Type Coin





3342 1860-O MS62 PCGS. OC-2, R.1. Osburn-Cushing Die State b/c. Brilliant, cartwheel silver luster flashes across the lightly abraded surfaces of this frosty MS62 Seated dollar. The New Orleans Mint struck 515,000 silver dollars in 1860 — many of which were stored until released as part of the Treasury hoard in the early 1960s. Stars 4 through 13 are rounded and Liberty's upper hair strands lack definition, although the strike is bold elsewhere. Flashy and attractive, this is an ideal coin to represent the Seated dollar type. NGC ID# 24Z3, PCGS# 6950

1863 Seated Liberty Dollar, AU50 Challenging Issue in High Grade





3343 1863 AU50 PCGS. OC-1, Low R.3. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/b. The 1863 Seated Liberty dollar is a challenging Civil War date with a commercial mintage of only 27,200 pieces. All were struck from one die pair, with approximately 450 survivors per Osburn-Cushing. This impressive AU specimen shows only light wear on the design elements, with a faint die crack through the top of UNIT in UNITED. The lavender-gray surfaces are minimally abraded. NGC ID# 24Z6, PCGS# 6953

1863 Silver Dollar, AU55 Low-Mintage Civil War Date





3344 1863 AU55 ANACS. OC-1, Low R.3. Osburn-Cushing Die State b/b. The low, 27,200-piece mintage required a single die pair for the circulation strikes, while the 450 proofs reveal two die marriages. Circulation strike identification is easy, since that die pair represents the only use of both the obverse and reverse dies. Blue accents and tan-gold highlights visit both sides while dappled silver-gray toning covers the interiors. A few small marks are scattered here and there, mostly from coin-on-coin contact. The coin is housed in an early generation ANACS holder. NGC ID# 24Z6, PCGS# 6953

1870-CC Dollar, AU Sharpness Key Carson City Type Coin





3345 1870-CC — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. OC-8, High R.4. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/b. Even though it is not the rarest Carson City Seated dollar, the 1870-CC may well be the most popular. It is also the most available CC dollar for collectors. This silver-gray example displays faint hairlines throughout the fields from an old cleaning, yet About Uncirculated sharpness and significant eye appeal survive. Amber-gold accents surround the stars and date. A few tiny marks are seen below the eagle's right (facing) wing.

PROOF SEATED DOLLAR

1865 Seated Dollar, PR62 Deep Cameo CAC-Approved Quality





3346 1865 PR62 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. OC-P2, R.3. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. From a minuscule proof mintage of 500 pieces, this delightful Seated Liberty dollar is one of the few survivors to display profound Cameo contrast between the richly frosted devices and the deeply mirrored fields. Only a scattering of minor contact marks in the reverse field prevents an even higher grade. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. Population: 2 in 62 Deep Cameo, 15 finer. CAC: 1 in 62, 4 finer (1/24).

NGC ID# 252K, PCGS# 97008

TRADE DOLLARS

1873-CC Trade Dollar, XF40 Attractive for the Grade





3347 1873-CC XF40 PCGS. Wide CC mintmark. Medium goldengray toning displays blue and amber-orange accents throughout both sides of this sharp XF40 example. Significant mint luster remains beneath the dappled, iridescent patina. The first-year Carson City Trade dollar is scarce in all grades. This attractive example is lightly worn from moderate circulation and housed in an old green label PCGS holder.

NGC ID# 252X, PCGS# 7032

1877 Trade Dollar, Toned MS64 Spectacular Two-Sided Color





3348 1877 MS64 NGC. Type 2L Obverse, Type 2L Reverse. The 1877 Trade dollar is relatively plentiful overall, benefiting from a mintage of more than 3 million coins. However, Gem or better examples are rare and out of reach for most collectors. This accessible Choice example displays vibrant satin luster with concentric green-gold, ocean-blue, and lavender toning around autumn-gold interiors. The strike is bold overall. Census: 67 in 64 $(4 \text{ in } 64+, 1 \text{ in } 64 \bigstar), 10 \text{ finer } (2/24).$ NGC ID# 253C, PCGS# 7044

PROOF TRADE DOLLAR

1880 Trade Dollar, PR64+ Fully Struck, Attractively Toned





3349 1880 PR64+ NGC. CAC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a generous mintage of 1,987 proof Trade dollars for collectors in 1880, but no Trade dollars were struck for circulation that year. This Plus-graded Choice proof exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved surfaces. The reflective fields that are blanketed in shades of powder-blue, honey-gold, and lilac-gray toning. The overall eye appeal is strong. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 7060

MORGAN DOLLARS

1878-S Morgan Dollar, Lustrous MS67 Colorful Two-Sided Toning





3350 1878-S MS67 NGC. Sparkling mint luster glistens beneath vibrant blue, reddish-tan, sea-green, and ivory-gold colors on this attractively toned, Superb Gem 1878-S Morgan. The overall quality for the 1878-S is high in general, although few examples achieve the MS67 level from an inaugural mintage that exceeded 9.7 million pieces. A sharp strike accompanies the colorful patina. Census: 53 in 67 (2 in 67+, 7 in 67 \bigstar), 0 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 253R, PCGS# 7082

1879-CC Morgan Dollar, AU53 Elusive Carson City Key





3351 1879-CC AU53 NGC. A limited supply of silver bullion restricted the production of 1879-CC silver dollars to 756,000 pieces, most of which circulated widely in the regional economy of the time. Accordingly, the 1879-CC is the second-rarest Morgan dollar from the famous Carson City Mint. This impressive AU53 example displays light high-point wear and faint abrasions, but traces of original mint luster remain intact. The overall presentation is most attractive.

NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC Dollar, Unc Details Elusive Nevada Issue





1879-CC Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. Normal Mintmark. This 1879-CC dollar never circulated, yet it is shows signs of a past cleaning on the otherwise sharp and still-lustrous surfaces. Partially prooflike fields display sharply struck devices and a touch of gold toning along the margins. A low, 756,000-piece mintage is second only the 1889-CC in scarcity among Carson city Morgan dollars. Mint State sharpness adds to the coin's substantial appeal.

1880/79-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65 Reverse of 1878, VAM-4





3353 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The remnants of an undertype 79 are visible below the primary digits in the date and the parallel top arrow feather identifies the Reverse of 1878. There are no areas of bothersome striking incompleteness on either side of this thickly frosted example. The impeccably preserved, lustrous surfaces are minimally patinated, with a few isolated areas of tan and gold iridescence on the reverse.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 7/2004), lot 7052. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108

1880-S Morgan Dollar, MS68 Exceptional Type Coin





3354 1880-S MS68 NGC. The 1880-S Morgan dollar is readily collectible in high grade, thanks to its substantial mintage of 8.9 million pieces. Even at the MS68 grade level, examples can be located with a little patience, but finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This impeccably preserved MS68 specimen displays sharply detailed design elements and lustrous surfaces, with a few highlights of sea-green and turquoise toning. Eye appeal is terrific. NGC has graded five numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

1880-S Morgan Dollar, MS68 Outstanding Branch Mint Type Coin





3355 1880-S MS68 NGC. From a substantial mintage of 8.9 million pieces, the 1880-S Morgan dollar can be located at the exalted MS68 grade level with a little patience, but finer coins are condition rarities. This magnificent MS68 example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, and the impeccably preserved, lustrous surfaces are enhanced by vivid crescents of seagreen and cobalt-blue toning on the lower obverse. Eye appeal is terrific. NGC has graded five numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

1880-S Morgan Dollar, MS68 Rarely Seen Any Finer





3356 1880-S MS68 NGC. The San Francisco Mint struck a large production of 8.9 million Morgan dollars in 1880, making the issue readily collectible in high grade and a favorite choice of branch mint type collectors. Even at the MS68 grade level, it is not too difficult to locate an example, but finer coins are prime condition rarities. This spectacular MS68 specimen displays razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the virtually pristine brilliant surfaces are radiantly lustrous. NGC has graded five numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

1880-S Silver Dollar, MS68 White and Wonderful





3357 1880-S MS68 NGC. Medium S. The 1880-S is ideal for type purposes. Examples can be found with booming luster, needle-sharp strikes, and attractive surfaces. This representative is brilliant and beautiful, and boasts remarkable eye appeal. The reverse is essentially immaculate, and the obverse shows only delicate grazes on the cheekbone and the field near the profile. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

1880-S Silver Dollar, MS68 Prooflike Outstanding Color and Preservation





3358 1880-S MS68 Prooflike PCGS. The reverse is colorfully toned in vivid rainbow shades that run horizontally across the coin's upper half, while the obverse shows just a sliver of the same colors along the lower-right border. The rest of the coin is brilliant, with mirrored fields and sharply struck, frosted devices. In general, the 1880-S ranks among the most attractive dollar coins ever struck. This Superb Gem with prooflike fields adds to that legacy, and it is virtually unimprovable in terms of surface equality and eye appeal. Housed in a previous generation green label holder. Population: 27 in 68 (3 in 68+) Prooflike, 1 finer (2/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2019), lot 3147. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7119

1881-CC Silver Dollar, MS67 Lovely and Lightly Toned





3359 1881-CC MS67 NGC. VAM-2. Light to medium golden-russet toning confirms the originality of this highly lustrous and boldly struck Carson City Superb Gem. The cheek is undisturbed, and the remainder of the coin is also uncommonly smooth. The 1881-CC has one of the lowest business mintages of the Morgan dollar series, though the GSA hoard made examples surprisingly affordable in exceptional quality.

NGĈ ID# 2547, PCGS# 7126

1881-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike Example





3360 1881-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAM-2. The 1881-CC Morgan dollar claims a modest mintage of 296,000 pieces, but the issue was well represented in the GSA sales of the 1970s. Accordingly, the 1881-CC is not too difficult to locate in lower Mint State grades today. However, Deep Mirror Prooflike examples are definitely elusive above the MS65 grade level. This spectacular Gem displays sharply detailed design elements throughout. The deeply reflective fields contrast boldly with the frosty devices and show no mentionable distractions. PCGS has certified 77 numerically finer Deep Mirror Prooflike examples (2/24). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 97127

1881-S Morgan Dollar, MS67+ Ideal for Type Purposes





3361 1881-S MS67+ PCGS. The 1881-S Morgan dollar claims a huge mintage of more than 12.7 million pieces, making the issue readily available in high grade and a consistent favorite of type collectors. This Plus-graded Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with vivid highlights of cerulean-blue and seagreen toning. Overall eye appeal is terrific. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

1881-S Morgan Dollar, MS68 Exceptional Type Coin





3362 1881-S MS68 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint struck a substantial production of more than 12.7 million Morgan dollars in 1881 and, even at the exalted MS68 grade level, the issue can be located with a little patience, making it a favorite choice with type collectors. This magnificent MS68 specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless brilliant surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and incredible eye appeal. PCGS has graded only two numerically finer examples (1/24). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

1881-S Morgan Dollar, MS68★ Vividly Toned Obverse





3363 1881-S MS68★ NGC. The availability of the 1881-S Morgan dollar makes the date popular among type collectors, while this Star-designated piece is visually exceptional. Vibrant cartwheel luster adorns each side. Vivid bag toning encompasses the obverse in shades of violet, pine-green, and gold, while the reverse is basically brilliant. Finer 1881-S dollars are major rarities. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

1881-S Morgan Dollar, MS68★ Remarkable Preservation





364 1881-S MS68★ NGC. The 1881-S is a type issue readily obtained in most Mint State grades. But only a tiny fraction of examples meet the exacting standards of the lofty MS68 grade. In turn, among those virtually pristine pieces, just a slender portion have secured an NGC Star designation, indicative of superior eye appeal for the grade. This lustrous and intricately struck Morgan dollar offers semiprooflike fields and frosty motifs. A whisper of tan-gold toning visits the eagle. The surface preservation is extraordinary. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

1882-CC Morgan Dollar, MS67 Exemplary Carson City Type Coin





3365 1882-CC MS67 NGC. VAM-3D. Faint butter-gold toning graces the obverse margin, but this thoroughly lustrous Superb Gem is otherwise brilliant. Courtesy of the GSA hoard, the 1882-CC is collectible in better Mint State grades, but the present Superb Gem would prove difficult to improve upon. The obverse is uncommonly void of contact, and the reverse is smooth save for minor marks on the eagle.

NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 7134

1882-S Morgan Dollar, MS68 Brilliant and Pristine





3366 1882-S MS68 NGC. The 1882-S is often available in high grade and comes with strong luster and eye appeal — all hallmarks that make the current coin the ideal type coin. Each side is brilliant and vibrantly lustrous, with most of each side being virtually flawless. No numerically finer non-Prooflike coins are reported at either NGC or PCGS (2/24).

NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

1883-CC Dollar, Brilliant MS67 Bright-White Cartwheel Luster





3367 1883-CC MS67 PCGS. VAM-5B. More than 60% of the 1.2 million-piece 1883-CC mintage was dispersed via the government's 1973 and 1980 GSA sales. Relatively few examples circulated to any extent. Superb Gems such as the present coin remain available for a price, although only a few pieces ever achieve a finer grade than MS67. This brilliant and frosty example displays snowwhite silver luster and a needle-sharp strike. Nearly flawless fields embrace Liberty's velvet-smooth cheek. PCGS reports a mere six numerically finer examples, plus 36 pieces in 67+ (2/24). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7144

1883-S Morgan Dollar, MS63+ Elusive S-Mint Issue in Finer Grades





3368 1883-S MS63+ PCGS. High-end for its grade, this Plus-graded Select Uncirculated Morgan excels in surface quality, strike, and eye appeal. The 1883-S is the first of several scarce S-mint issues. This San Francisco date is always in demand and has been for many decades. Original amber-gold and blue toning graces both sides, with remarkably few marks and abrasions on the lustrous, semireflective fields and only a few pinprick marks on Liberty's cheek. NGC ID# 254K, PCGS# 7148

1884-CC Silver Dollar, MS67 Frosty and Exceptionally Clean





3369 1884-CC MS67 PCGS. VAM-3. Most high-grade examples of the 1884-CC Morgan dollar certified originated in the GSA sales of the 1970s. This beautifully frosted Superb Gem example is mostly brilliant, save for a tinge of yellow-gold color on the obverse rim at 9 o'clock. The obverse is as close to flawless as is typically seen, while the reverse has just a few small field marks. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 7152

1885-CC Silver Dollar, MS66 CAC Lustrous and Brilliant





3370 1885-CC GSA MS66 NGC. CAC. VAM-3. A brilliant and lustrous Premium Gem of the popular Carson City issue. The reverse is exceptionally free from marks, as is the obverse field. The 1885-CC has the lowest issue of any CC-mint Morgan issue. Many emerged from the GSA auctions of the 1970s, but better-grade examples were largely broken out of their holders during the early years of the certification era.

NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

1885-S Morgan Dollar, MS66 Seldom Encountered This Fine





3371 1885-S MS66 PCGS. From a fairly modest mintage of nearly 1.5 million pieces, the 1885-S Morgan dollar is an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved brilliant surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. Population: 82 in 66 (10 in 66+), 2 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 254U, PCGS# 7164

1886-S Dollar, Radiant MS66 Scarce High-End Example





3372 1886-S MS66 NGC. The 1886-S is a much more collectible San Francisco issue in high grade compared to the 1883-S and 1884-S condition keys, but it is significantly scarcer than the 1879-1882 San Francisco dates. This Premium Gem is near the Condition Census for non-Prooflike pieces, yielding brilliant, frosty cartwheel luster and impressively well-defined devices. Both sides are exceptionally clean. Census: 19 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7170

1887-O Dollar, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike Dramatic Contrast, Seldom Seen Finer





3373 1887-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. The outer edges of the obverse display several shades of attractive toning, including hues of copper-gold, teal, sea-green, and plum. A hint of blue patina is present on the obverse. This near-Gem exhibits a bold strike. A number of minor grazes are present on the cheek of Liberty. PCGS records only 13 numerically finer coins in Deep Mirror Prooflike (2/24).

NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 97177

1889-CC Morgan Dollar, VF35 Low-Mintage Branch Mint Key





3374 1889-CC VF35 PCGS. Medium-gray toning deepens toward the margins and brightens to light silver-gray at the high points on this Choice VF 1889-CC dollar. Survivors from the low 350,000-piece mintage are often circulated, but seldom display original surfaces that highlight the natural points of wear. Here is the ideal coin for a midgrade Morgan dollar set and a showcase example for any circulated Carson City set.

NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

1889-CC Morgan Dollar, XF45 Elusive Carson City Issue





3375 1889-CC XF45 PCGS. The Carson City Mint was reactivated for coinage operations in October of 1889, after a long layoff. Due to the short period of operations, only 350,000 Morgan dollars were struck that year, making the 1889-CC the most elusive Morgan dollar from the famous Carson City Mint. This impressive Choice XF specimen shows only light wear on the high points of the design elements and the lightly abraded surfaces retain traces of original mint luster in sheltered areas. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

1889-CC Silver Dollar, AU Details Key Carson City Date





3376 1889-CC — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The coin is bright and brilliant due to cleaning noted by PCGS, with minor hairlines as a result, but it is otherwise an acceptable and accessible example of this key Carson City issue. Bold detail with only a trace of actual wear is the hallmark of the coin. Numerically graded pieces in the upper AU levels would be out of reach for many collectors.

1890-S Dollar, MS65 Deep Prooflike **Brilliant With Light Border Toning**





3377 1890-S MS65 Deep Prooflike NGC. NGC has certified nearly 14,000 1890-S Morgan dollars, but only 93 of those submissions qualify for a Deep Prooflike designation. This is one of them. Each side is mostly brilliant with pale toning around the rims. The devices exhibit a thick layer of mint frost. Census: 6 in 65 Deep Prooflike, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 255F, PCGS# 97203

1892-CC VAM-7 Dollar, MS64 Better Carson City Issue





3378 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. VAM-7. The 1892-CC is among the few Carson City Morgan dollars unobtainable in a black GSA holder. Mint State examples are obtainable, but they are scarce relative to the plentiful issues from the 1880s. The present near-Gem has a good strike and dynamic cartwheel luster. Frosty devices rise above brilliant fields. The reverse is refreshingly unmarked, while the obverse displays only scattered light abrasions. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Silver Dollar, MS64 CAC Approved, Well Preserved





3379 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. VAM-14. Glimpses of tobaccobrown toning congregate about the borders. The fields and devices are brilliant. Dazzling cartwheel luster and minimally marked surfaces ensure the eye appeal of this scarcer date Carson City Morgan dollar. The hair above the ear lacks a full strike, but the remainder of the impression is bold. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Dollar, MS64+ Rolling Cartwheel Mint Luster





3380 1892-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-7. The brilliant fields are semiprooflike surrounding sharply struck, frosted devices on this Plus-graded Choice Uncirculated 1892-CC. CAC endorsement adds an additional assurance of quality. Flashy cartwheel luster beams from each side. About 5% of the surviving population displays prooflike characteristics, although few examples can match this high-end near-Gem for its dramatic eye appeal. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-S Morgan Dollar, AU55 Sought-After Condition Rarity





3381 1892-S AU55 NGC. The 1892-S at the Choice About Uncirculated level is only slightly more available than all the finer grades combined, yet the price difference is many times higher even only one step up in grade. That makes this AU55 example a potential value not to be ignored. A ring of golden toning surrounds silver-gray centers, with traces of original mint luster that remain on both sides. Marks are few and the pleasing eye appeal is strong. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Morgan Dollar, AU55 Rarely Seen in High Grade





3382 1892-S AU55 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint struck a small production of 1.2 million Morgan dollars in 1892. The 1892-S is not difficult to locate in lower circulated grades, but it is one of the most challenging condition rarities of the series in high grade. This impressive Choice AU specimen shows just a trace of wear on the design elements and the lightly abraded surfaces retain much original mint luster in sheltered areas. The overall presentation is most attractive.

NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1893-CC Morgan Dollar, Unc Details Final Carson City Issue





3383 1893-CC — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. VAM-2A. The Carson City Mint was closed for coinage operations in 1893, but not before a small final mintage of 677,000 Morgan dollars was accomplished. The 1893-CC Morgan dollar is always in demand. This impressive example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the well-preserved brilliant surfaces retain much of their original mint luster, despite the noted cleaning.

1893-CC Morgan Dollar, MS61 Low-Mintage Final Date





3384 1893-CC MS61 PCGS. VAM-1. The Carson City Mint struck a small production of 677,000 Morgan dollars in 1893, its final year of coinage operations. This impressive Mint State specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with a touch of the usual blending on the hair above the ear. The lustrous brilliant surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

1893-O Silver Dollar, AU58 Lowest-Mintage Southern Issue





3385 1893-O AU58 NGC. Those in search of the lowest mintage Morgan dollar issue from the New Orleans Mint will find their target in the 1893-O. The production was limited to 300,000 pieces, one-third fewer than the second-place 1895-O. At NGC, the median grade of survivors is XF45. Borderline Uncirculated examples are elusive, particularly without distracting marks or subdued surfaces. This untoned and partly lustrous coin shows only a hint of wear on Liberty's cheekbone and the eagle's chest. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

1893-S Morgan Dollar, Good 6 Problem-Free Original Surfaces





3386 1893-S Good 6 PCGS. This problem-free 1893-S Morgan dollar shows signs of heavy circulation, yet the surfaces remain entirely original. The major design elements are complete in outline and some interior detail remains intact. All letters in LIBERTY remain legible. From a series-low business-strike mintage of 100,000 pieces, the 1893-S Morgan dollar is the acknowledged key to the popular series. This impressive piece is an affordable example for collectors on a budget.

NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1893-S Morgan Dollar, VG Details Low-Mintage Series Key





3387 1893-S — Cleaned — NGC Details. VG. After the repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchase Act in 1893, mintages of Morgan dollars declined dramatically at all U.S. Mints. The San Francisco facility struck a series-low business-strike mintage of 100,000 pieces that year, making the 1893-S the acknowledged key to the popular series. This impressive example shows significant wear on the design elements, but much interior detail remains intact and the smooth lavender-gray surfaces are lightly abraded. NGC notes evidence of a cleaning long ago.

NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1893-S Dollar, Fine Details The San Francisco Key





3388 1893-S — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. The surfaces are a bit glossy from an old cleaning, yet solid Fine sharpness remains intact and pleasing bluish-gray toning deepens at the margins. A loupe reveals slight porosity on both sides, yet this example is a candidate to fill the challenging key date hole in any circulated Morgan dollar set.

1893-S Morgan, Fine Details A Still-Pleasing Example





3389 1893-S — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. A few short pinscratches around the PLUR in PLURIBUS are noted by PCGS, but this moderately worn 1893-S dollar is otherwise pleasing for the Fine grade level and would fit in well with an otherwise problem-free circulated date and mintmark set. Each side is generally smooth with uniform smoke-gray patina.

1893-S Morgan Dollar, Fine 12 Collectible Series Key Example





3390 1893-S Fine 12 PCGS. The 1893-S Morgan dollar claims the lowest business-strike mintage of the series, at a meager 100,000 pieces. Collectors prize examples in all grades and conditions. This impressive Fine 12 example shows some significant wear, but all major design elements are complete in outline and much interior detail remains intact. The date, mintmark, and all lettering remain legible and the smooth lavender-gray surfaces are lightly abraded. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1893-S Morgan, VF Details Collectible Key-Date Coin





3391 1893-S — Rim Repaired — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Pleasing stone-gray patina characterizes this VF 1893-S Morgan dollar, and the coin appears mainly problem-free at first glance. Only some light filing along the upper reverse rim is noted upon closer examination. The 1893-S, being the key date in the series with a mintage of only 100,000 coins, finds eager collectors in just about any grade.

1893-S Morgan Dollar, VF30 Highly Collectible Midgrade Example Natural Lilac-Gray Toning





3392 1893-S VF30 NGC. As the unquestioned key issue among circulation strike Morgans, the 1893-S available for a price at lower circulated grades, but increases in value by large increments above the VF level. Any example above XF45 is considered rare and highly challenging for collectors. This near-perfect VF30 example is certain to command a strong price thanks to its original rich, lilac-gray toning and high-end surfaces for the grade. Sharp definition exists on both sides and there are no heavy marks to abrasions to diminish the bold eye appeal.

NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1894-S Morgan Dollar, MS64+ Sharply Detailed, Lustrous Example





3393 1894-S MS64+ PCGS. The 1894-S Morgan dollar claims a modest mintage of 1.2 million pieces, but the issue is still readily available at the MS64 grade level. However, the 1894-S becomes elusive in finer grades. This Plus-graded Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the well-preserved brilliant surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal.

NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232

1895-S Morgan Dollar, MS62 Low-Mintage, Always Challenging Issue





3394 1895-S MS62 PCGS. The 1895-S is a low-mintage date among San Francisco Mint Morgans, with only 400,000 pieces produced plus high demand by date collectors, who have only the rare 1895-O and the the 1895 Philadelphia Mint proofs as alternatives to represent the year. This is a colorfully iridescent example — sharply struck — with tiny windows of silver luster that shine through the comprehensive patina. A few light marks exist beneath the multicolor toning.

NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

1896-S Morgan Dollar, MS62 A Better San Francisco Issue





3395 1896-S MS62 PCGS. The 1896-S Morgan dollar enjoyed a substantial mintage of 5 million pieces, but the issue is much more difficult to locate than that generous production total would suggest, especially in high grade. This impressive MS62 specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and lustrous surfaces that show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. An amber alloy spot behind Liberty's head serves as a pedigree marker. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

1900 Morgan Dollar, MS67 Registry Set Contender





3396 1900 MS67 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck a large production of more than 8.8 million Morgan dollars in 1900, but the issue is still scarce at the MS67 grade level, and no coins have been certified in higher numeric grades (2/24). This delightful Superb Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of blending on the hair above the ear. The impeccably preserved brilliant surfaces are lustrous and appealing. NGC ID# 256E, PCGS# 7264

1900 Silver Dollar, MS67 Brilliant, None Numerically Finer





3397 1900 MS67 PCGS. The 1900 Philadelphia silver dollar is scarce in Superb Gem condition, and no coins in this grade are Prooflike or Deep Mirror Prooflike. This non-Prooflike piece is among the finest examples of the date extant. Brilliant, softly frosted luster rolls freely across mostly clean surfaces. One small mark near the back of Liberty's jaw serves as a pedigree marker. Central strike sharpness is above average.

NGC ID# 256E, PCGS# 7264

1900-O/CC Morgan Dollar, MS66 Popular VAM-12





3398 1900-O/CC VAM-12 MS66 PCGS. Ex: Bella. A Top 100 Variety. A magnificent Premium Gem, with razor-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. The well-preserved surfaces show the undertype CC clearly below the primary mintmark, and the extensive network of die cracks that indicate the VAM-12 variety are easily visible. PCGS has graded three numerically finer examples (1/24). Ex: Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 4198.

Ex: Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 4198 PCGS# 133964 Base PCGS# 7268

1904-O Silver Dollar, MS67 Attractive Two-Sided Toning





3399 1904-O MS67 PCGS. This is an attractively toned, high-end example of this New Orleans issue. Satiny luster yields natural amber-gold toning throughout the interiors, with lavender-blue color around the borders. The strike is well executed for the issue. The 1904-O Morgan dollar is plentiful overall, but it becomes scarce in MS67 and is unknown numerically finer (2/24). NGC ID# 256V, PCGS# 7292

1904-O Morgan Dollar, MS67 Registry-Grade Example





3400 1904-O MS67 NGC. Even though about a million Uncirculated 1904-O silver dollars were released at face value to the public in 1962 by the Treasury department, only a few examples of this New Orleans date have achieved Superb Gem status. This is a brilliant and supremely lustrous coin, with satin-smooth surfaces and a pinpoint-sharp strike. Neither PCGS nor NGC have certified any MS68 or finer pieces. NGC reports 10 examples in 67+ and seven pieces in 67★ (2/24). This spectacular MS67 coin is housed in a Kenneth Bressett-signed NGC holder honoring the longtime *Guide Book* editor.

NGC ID# 256V, PCGS# 7292

1904-S Morgan Dollar, MS63 Challenging Issue in Finer Grades





3401 1904-S MS63 PCGS. The 1904-S Morgan dollar claims an adequate mintage of more than 2.3 million pieces, and the issue is not too difficult to locate at the MS63 grade level, but it is definitely elusive in finer grades. This impressive Select specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the often-seen blending on the hair strands above Liberty's ear. The mostly brilliant surfaces are lightly marked and lustrous, with strong eye appeal.

NGC ID# 256W, PCGS# 7294

1921-S Silver Dollar, MS66+ Only One Graded Finer





3402 1921-S MS66+ NGC. After a 17-year slumber, silver dollar production resumed in 1921 to fulfill the terms of the Pittman Act. Peace dollar dies did not arrive until late in the year, so the Morgan design returned, in lower relief than before. The 1921-S is plentiful in typical Mint State, but at the MS66+, the issue suddenly becomes an important conditional rarity. NGC has graded a mere ten pieces as MS66+, and just one coin is graded finer (as MS67) by that service (2/24). The present brilliant, pristine, and lustrous representative is practically unimprovable. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

PROOF MORGAN DOLLARS

1887 Dollar, Lightly Toned PR63 Attractive for the Grade





3403 1887 PR63 PCGS. This Select proof is sharp, and although the devices are satiny rather than frosted, subtle cameo contrast is yet apparent on both sides. A light golden glow is about this coin, and it is sufficient to mask a few hairlines in the fields that prevent a finer numeric grade. A ribbon of violet and other colors along the left obverse border is a useful pedigree marker.

Ex: ANA World's Fair of Money Signature (Heritage, 8/2019), lot 4301.

NGC ID# 27ZG, PCGS# 7322

1900 Morgan Dollar, PR64 Spectacular Obverse Toning





3404 1900 PR64 PCGS. Vivid shades of burnt-orange, golden-brown, and violet-gray toning blanket the obverse of this delightful Choice proof specimen, while the reverse shows less intense hints of patina. Only a couple of minor hairlines are evident and the design elements are sharply defined. Population: 70 in 64 (2 in 64+), 40 finer (2/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2018), lot 4859; ANA World's Fair of Money Signature (Heritage, 8/2019), lot 4308. NGC ID# 27ZY, PCGS# 7335

PEACE DOLLARS

1921 Peace Dollar, MS65 First-Year, High Relief Issue VAM-1G, Matte Proof Obverse Die





3405 1921 MS65 PCGS. VAM-1G. The obverse die was used for both matte proof and circulation strike coins, paired with a reverse used only for circulation strikes. Dappled reddish-gold toning decorates the obverse while the reverse is mostly brilliant. Only a few minor marks exist on either side, with a bold strike for this pleasingly original Gem Uncirculated high relief dollar. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

1921 Peace Dollar, MS65 Well-Struck Centers





3406 1921 MS65 NGC. An above-average strike is the hallmark of this Gem 1921 Peace dollar, while traditional satiny luster shows only a few small abrasions under close examination. The coin has a two-faced appearance, with rich russet-gold accented by hints of iridescence on the obverse and brilliant ivory-white color on the reverse. A pleasing High Relief type coin.

NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

1921 Peace Dollar, MS66 Uniformly Toned and Satiny





3407 1921 MS66 NGC. The first-year Peace dollar issue is unique in the series with a High Relief design, although that high relief results in most examples lacking a full central strike. The current coin shows the typical softness, but the luminous satin mint luster is exceptionally well preserved. Russet-gray toning encompasses each side, attesting to the originality of the surfaces. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

1923-D Peace Dollar, MS66 Challenging This Fine





408 1923-D MS66 PCGS. Sharply struck from cracked dies, this Premium Gem 1923-D displays strong silver luster beneath a speckling of reddish-gold obverse toning. The reverse is nearly brilliant and frosty, with complementary gold toning along the lower rim. Numerous faint die cracks are seen on both sides. PCGS reports only one numerically finer example, plus 16 in 66+ (2/24). NGC ID# 257G, PCGS# 7361

1925 Silver Dollar, MS67 Faintly Toned Type Coin





3409 1925 MS67 PCGS. The 1925 is one of the more available Peace dollar dates in high grade, and in MS67 it represents an ideal type coin option. Frosty, vibrant mint luster yields a hint of light russet-gold toning, with no major abrasions discernible. PCGS and NGC each report only a single numerically finer example (2/24). NGC ID# 257L, PCGS# 7365

1928-S Peace Dollar, MS64+ Attractive and High-End for the Grade





3410 1928-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. This San Francisco issue is considered the rarest Peace dollar in Gem Uncirculated or finer conditions, outranking its scarce 1928 P-mint counterpart in high grades and rivaled only by the 1925-S. This high-end near-Gem '28-S displays both the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement. An above-average strike combines with bold silver luster and wisps of reddish-gray and ice-blue patina for excellent eye appeal. PCGS reports only 78 finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

1934-S Peace Dollar, MS61 Collectible Mint State Example





3411 1934-S MS61 PCGS. The 1934-S is famously the most elusive Peace dollar issue in Mint State, all grades cumulatively considered. This is an accessible entry-level Uncirculated coin. Satiny luster is bathed in russet-lilac toning over each side. The strike is generally bold, and grade-limiting abrasions are light and unobtrusive. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

1935-S Peace Dollar, MS66 Rarely Offered Finer





3412 1935-S MS66 PCGS. Three rays below ONE. A lustrous Premium Gem, well-struck and frosty. Golden toning on each side yields wisps of deeper olive-russet patina near the borders, and neither side has distracting abrasions. PCGS lists just four Superb Gems finer (2/24).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2019), lot 3672. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

GOLD DOLLARS

1855 Gold Dollar, MS64 Lustrous Type Two Coin





3413 1855 Type Two MS64 NGC. The 1855 is one of the more plentiful Type Two gold dollars, making attractive pieces such as the present coin ideal for type purposes. Warm sun-gold luster glistens across well-preserved surfaces. Several sets of clash marks are seen on each side with a loupe. Finer 1855 gold dollars are scarce. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

1855-O Gold Dollar, AU58 Sole New Orleans Type Two Issue





3414 1855-O AU58 NGC. Variety 2. The New Orleans Mint coined 55,000 Type Two gold dollars in 1855, the only coins of the type produced at that mint. In fact, only the Philadelphia Mint struck more than one issue of the design. Others were coined in Charlotte and Dahlonega in 1855, and San Francisco in 1856. This olive-gold and apricot example has an unabraded appearance and is nicely struck aside from the 8 in the date. Luster fills the legends and

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 12/2011), lot 4373; Dallas ANA Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 5487. NGC ID# 25C7, PCGS# 7535

1860-S Gold Dollar, MS64 Top of the NGC Census





3415 1860-S MS64 NGC. The 1860-S gold dollar is rare in any Mint State grade, and only a handful of pieces are known in MS64, with a single PCGS coin finer. This piece is tied for the finest at NGC (2/24). Satiny wheat-gold luster complements well-struck motifs, while small surface marks are all that deny an even finer grade. In terms of 1860-S gold dollars, this coin is about as good as it gets. Census: 5 in 64, 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25CT, PCGS# 7557

1880 Gold Dollar, MS67 Lovely Eye Appeal





3416 1880 MS67 NGC. A sharp, beautifully preserved Superb Gem, balancing the frosty luster of the devices with the semiprooflike mirroring of the fields beneath lovely yellow-gold patina. Under a loupe one can see a singular vertical graze on Liberty's cheek, which is apparently all that keeps this coin from an even finer grade. Even as an MS67, though, it is conditionally elusive and of much interest to gold dollar collectors. Census: 67 in 67 (3 in 67+, 6 in $67 \pm$), 37 finer (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 2/2020), lot 5140. NGC ID# 25DJ, PCGS# 7581

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

1840-C Two and a Half, AU55 Pleasing Color and Choice Surfaces





3417 1840-C AU55 NGC. Variety 1. The 1840 Charlotte quarter eagle becomes scarce in high About Uncirculated grades and rare in full Mint State. This Choice AU example displays lightly abraded fields and a few small marks with soft luster at the margins. Aside from minor weakness at the right-hand stars, the strike is sharp and only light high-point wear exists. A reported mintage of 18,822 pieces yields less than 100 pieces at NGC in this grade or finer. Census: 42 in 55 (1 in 55+★), 49 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

1843-D Two and a Half, AU50 Small D, Ample Luster





3418 1843-D Small D AU50 PCGS. Variety 4-F. Despite a paltry mintage of 36,209 pieces, five die marriages exist for the 1843-D quarter eagle. Three have a Small D mintmark, and two have a Large D mintmark. The Small D varieties (4-F, 4-G, and 4-H) respectively place the mintmark centered, left, and low. This apricot-gold example exhibits russet toning in protected areas, characteristic of originality. The fields are mildly luminous, and a pair of thin horizontal marks is noted below the date. NGC ID# 25GP, PCGS# 7730

1859-S Liberty Quarter Eagle, MS60 Rare Issue in Mint State





3419 1859-S MS60 NGC. From a modest mintage of 15,200 pieces, the 1859-S Liberty quarter eagle is an elusive issue in all Mint State grades today. This impressive Mint State specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the eagle's legs and claws. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are surprisingly lightly abraded for the grade. Eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 1 in 60, 9 finer (1/24). NGC ID# 25]N, PCGS# 7790

1861 Quarter Eagle, MS65 Type Two Reverse Hub





3420 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS65 NGC. The arrowheads are thin and separated on the Type Two 1861 quarter eagle reverse. Examples of this issue are scarce in MS65 and rare finer. The current coin displays satiny wheat-gold luster and a sharp strike. Only a few minute marks are seen beneath a loupe. Eye appeal is pleasing. NGC ID# 25JV, PCGS# 7794

1882 Quarter Eagle, MS64 Mostly Prooflike, Bold Contrast





3421 1882 MS64 PCGS. This is a splendid example of a low-mintage Liberty Head issue, with lovely reflective surfaces and beautiful orange-to-yellow gold surfaces tinged with hazel accents. Brilliant mirrors and arctic-frosted devices make this late-series scarcity a real keeper. Only 4,000 pieces were struck. Population: 21 in 64 (1 in 64+), 12 finer (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 3908. NGC ID# 25L6, PCGS# 7834

1888 Liberty Quarter Eagle, MS65 Conditionally Rare





3422 1888 MS65 NGC. Each side of this Gem 1888 quarter eagle displays bright, satiny blond-gold luster with a hint of rose tinting. The eagle's left (facing) leg shows the usual strike softness, while the obverse is well defined. A few tiny marks are seen beneath a loupe. Census: 27 in 65 (2 in 65+), 8 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25LC, PCGS# 7840

1903 Two and a Half, MS67 Among the Finest With CAC Approval





3423 1903 MS67 NGC. CAC. The Liberty quarter eagles of the 20th century date range are usually plentiful and suitable as type coins, as the denomination seldom circulated by that era. This Superb Gem, however, is conditionally scarce, and it is a rarity in this grade with CAC endorsement. A bold strike and frosty wheat-gold mint luster adorn each side. CAC: 27 in 67, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25LU. PCGS# 7855

1904 Liberty Quarter Eagle, MS67 High-End CAC Type Coin





3424 1904 MS67 NGC. CAC. Beautiful prairie-gold mint luster runs the gamut from green-gold to peach-rose, with frosty, pristine surfaces overall. A sharp strike adds to the appeal. The 1904 quarter eagle is plentiful overall, but CAC-approved coins in MS67 are conditionally rare. CAC: 33 in 67, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856

PROOF LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLE

1903 Liberty Head Quarter Eagle, PR64 Brilliant Finish Proof





3425 1903 PR64 PCGS. JD-1, R.4. The proof mintage was 197 pieces, of which more than 100 examples survive today. This is a near-Gem brilliant proof that lacks contrast (as expected) given the Mint's preference for all-brilliant surfaces. A few light marks in the left obverse field account for the assigned grade, yet in hand this glittering proof is well-mirrored, extremely flashy, and displays plenty of eye appeal. Population: 36 in 64, 37 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 288T, PCGS# 7929

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLES

1908 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS65 Popular First-Year Type Coin





3426 1908 MS65 PCGS. Bela Lyon Pratt's innovative Indian motif was introduced on the quarter eagle in 1908 and the Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial mintage of 564,821 pieces of the new design. Fortunately, contemporary collectors saved a number of high-quality specimens for numismatic purposes. Accordingly, the 1908 is an available issue in MS65 today and the issue is extremely popular with type collectors. This attractive Gem displays well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the eagle's shoulder. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing.

NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

1909 Quarter Eagle, MS64 CAC Approved





3427 1909 MS64 NGC. CAC. The 1909 Indian quarter eagle is a common date in most grades, although a minority of the population boasts CAC endorsement. This collectible near-Gem CAC coin displays satiny wheat-gold luster with mostly clean fields. Sharply defined headdress feathers add to the appeal. Quality for the grade is outstanding.

NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

1909 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS65 Seldom Encountered Any Finer





3428 1909 MS65 PCGS. From a mintage of 441,760 pieces, the 1909 Indian quarter eagle can be located in grades up to the MS65 level, with a little patience, but finer coins are rare. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharp definition on all design elements and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. PCGS has graded 28 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

1911 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS65 Seldom Encountered Any Finer





3429 1911 MS65 PCGS. Unlike its Denver Mint counterpart, the 1911 Philadelphia quarter eagle was produced in large numbers. More than 700,000 pieces were struck. From that large mintage, Gem Uncirculated examples are surprisingly scarce. Attractive Gem pieces are especially scarce. This yellow-gold coin displays pleasing orange-gold accents on both sides. The strike is sharp even on the lower three headdress feathers and marks are limited to a few faint lines on the reverse. Eye appeal could hardly be better for the MS65 grade. PCGS reports only three numerically finer examples, plus 23 in 65+ (2/24).

NGC ID# 2893, PCGS# 7942

1911-D Two and a Half, AU55 In-Demand Series Key





3430 1911-D AU55 PCGS. Strong D. From a series-low business-strike mintage of 55,680 pieces, the 1911-D Indian quarter eagle is always in demand. This impressive Choice AU specimen exhibits just a trace of wear on the strongly impressed design elements and the lustrous straw-gold surfaces are lightly abraded, with outstanding overall eye appeal. This coin will be the centerpiece of a fine collection of Indian quarter eagles.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Indian Quarter Eagle, AU58 Low-Mintage Series Key





3431 1911-D AU58 PCGS. Strong D. This sought-after series key is usually accessible for collectors in AU and low-end Mint State grades, although many such coins show cleaning or other impairments, even when numerically graded by the third party services. This attractive near-Mint coin displays rich orange-gold patina and is well detailed, with light wear on the design elements and scattered minor abrasions. From a series-low mintage of 55,680 pieces.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Indian Quarter Eagle, AU58 Pleasing Original Surfaces





3432 1911-D AU58 NGC. The Denver Mint struck a minuscule production of just 55,680 Indian quarter eagles in 1911, making the issue a sought-after key in the popular series. This impressive near-Mint specimen shows just a trace of friction on the high points of the design elements and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces retain much of their original mint luster. The overall presentation is most attractive.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, MS61 Collectible Uncirculated Example





3433 1911-D Strong D MS61 NGC. This is an impressively sharp 1911-D example, showing needle-sharp delineation of the headdress feather ribs, as well as a bold mintmark. Satiny bronze-gold mint luster shows expected abrasions for the grade, though eye appeal is pleasing for the MS61 level. Entry-level Mint State examples of this key Denver issue are always in demand, as higher-grade pieces are often out of reach for collectors.

NGC ID# EGZ7, PCGS# 7943

1912 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS64+ Brilliant, Satin Luster





3434 1912 MS64+ PCGS. Hints of lilac and emerald appear on the wheat-gold surfaces of this satiny, Choice Mint State 1912 Indian quarter eagle. Both sides have strong design definition and brilliant luster. A splash of rose toning in the lower design crevice will identify this example. PCGS has assigned the Plus designation to 72 submissions and they have certified 107 finer examples from a total population of close to 7,000 1912 quarter eagles (2/24). NGC ID# 2896. PCGS# 7944

1912 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS64 CAC-Approved Quality





3435 1912 MS64 NGC. CAC. From a mintage of 616,000 pieces, the 1912 Indian quarter eagle is still relatively available at the MS64 grade level, but finer coins are scarce. This impressive Choice example exhibits full, pinpoint striking details throughout with smooth, lustrous surfaces that are relatively undisturbed by the abrasions that usually plague this issue. NGC has graded 88 numerically finer examples and CAC has seen 11 finer (2/24). Ex: Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 3/2005), lot 6901. NGC ID# 2896, PCGS# 7944

1912 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS64+ High-End Example





3436 1912 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. From a mintage of 616,000 pieces, the 1912 Indian quarter eagle is not too difficult to locate at the MS64 grade level, but it becomes scarce in finer grades. This Plusgraded Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show only minor signs of contact. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 2896, PCGS# 7944

1914 Two and a Half Indian, MS64 Scarce CAC-Endorsed Representative





3437 1914 MS64 NGC. CAC. The 1914 is one of the condition keys of the Indian quarter eagle series at the Gem grade level, although Choice coins are much more accessible. This piece is part of the available MS64 population, but it stands apart from the bulk of its peers with its CAC green label. Only minimal marks are seen, and the strike is sharp. Medium wheat-gold color characterizes the patina.

NGC ID# 2898, PCGS# 7946

1914-D Quarter Eagle, MS64 Better Denver Issue





3438 1914-D MS64 NGC. In MS65, this Denver issue is one of the top three condition rarities in the series, but in MS64 it is usually collectible, making the current coin an attractive option for the budget-conscious collector. Satiny luster and warm straw-gold hues adorn each side, and eye appeal is excellent for the grade. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

1914-D Indian Quarter Eagle, MS64 Challenging Issue in Finer Grades





3439 1914-D MS64 PCGS. From a mintage of 448,000 pieces, the 1914-D Indian eagle is readily collectible at the MS64 grade level, but the issue becomes elusive in MS65, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This impressive Choice example offers sharply detailed design elements throughout. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. PCGS has graded 60 numerically finer examples (6/23). NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

1925-D Two and a Half, MS65 Exceptionally Appealing Luster





3440 1925-D MS65 NGC. CAC. The 1925-D is the quintessential type coin in the Indian quarter eagle series, but while it is plentiful in MS65 it is elusive in this grade with CAC approval. The current coin displays softly frosted, well-preserved luster with lovely rosegold hues. Remarkably few field marks are seen. NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

1929 Quarter Eagle, MS65 Final-Year Indian Head Type Coin





3441 1929 MS65 PCGS. Gem-level 1929 quarter eagles are more challenging than the 532,000-piece mintage implies. Many Mint State examples display small marks and abrasions that limit the grade below an MS65 award and the date is seldom seen any finer. This frosty Gem shows only a few tiny, hair-thin lines primarily on the reverse, and no marks of any consequence. Unbroken mint luster glows from each side. The sharp strike and attractive, wheat-gold color with orange accents provide plenty of eye appeal. PCGS reports only five numerically finer pieces, plus 18 coins in 65+ (2)74)

NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

1929 Two and a Half, MS65 Frosty Original Luster





3442 1929 MS65 PCGS. The last issue in the Indian quarter eagle series is plentiful through MS65, but PCGS reports only five numerically finer examples (2/24). Strike sharpness is generally pleasing, and only a few light high-point marks are seen with a loupe. Frosty wheat-gold luster completes the eye appeal. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

1929 Quarter Eagle, MS65 Rich Coloration





3443 1929 MS65 NGC. This lustrous, wheat-gold example is sharply struck and minimally marked for the grade, with frosty mint luster and strong eye appeal. While the 1929 date is readily available in lower Mint State grades, it becomes scarce at the Gem level and is seldom seen any finer. NGC reports only nine numerically finer pieces, plus 10 in 65+ (1/24).

NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

1929 Indian Two and a Half, MS65+ Only a Handful of Finer Pieces Are Known





3444 1929 MS65+ PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial mintage of 532,000 Indian quarter eagles in 1929, the final year of the design. Still, the issue is relatively elusive in Gem condition, particularly with a Plus designation. Finer pieces are rare, as only 14 are reported at PCGS and NGC combined (2/24). This example displays softly frosted rose-gold and pale orange hues with remarkably few abrasions evident in the elevated fields. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout. PCGS has graded five numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES

1854-O Three Dollar Gold, XF40 Only O-Mint Three





3445 1854-O XF40 PCGS. Variety 2. The three dollar denomination was introduced in 1854 and the New Orleans Mint struck a small production of 24,000 examples of the new issue, but the famous Southern facility never struck the denomination again. This impressive XF specimen is struck from the later state of the dies, with only light wear showing on the devices, but some loss of detail in the date, ribbon bow, and legends, due to lapping. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded. NGC ID# 25M5, PCGS# 7971

1854-O Three Dollar Gold, XF40 The Only New Orleans Issue





3446 1854-O XF40 NGC. Variety 2. The two varieties of 1854-O three dollar gold pieces are more properly die states of a single die pair. Variety 2 shows evidence of lapping at the lower reverse with disconnected ribbon bows. Scattered marks on the straw-gold surfaces are expected for the grade. While production continued in later years in Philadelphia and San Francisco, the three dollar gold denomination was produced solely in 1854 at the New Orleans and Dahlonega Mints with the coinage of 24,000 pieces in Louisiana and 1,120 pieces in Georgia.

NGC ID# 25M5, PCGS# 7971

1854-O Three Dollar, XF45 Late Die State





3447 1854-O XF45 NGC. Variety 2. Variety 2 (Late state of Variety 1): Lapping on the reverse shows on the mintmark and the ribbons above the bowknot. The 1854-O three dollar gold, first-year issue of the odd denomination from the New Orleans Mint, is accordingly popular with collectors of type gold as well as Southern branch mint specialists. This Choice XF example shows good eye appeal amid the moderate high-point wear, with deep orange-reddish color and no singular marks, save for a couple of small diagonal scrapes on the reverse. The strike is sharp overall, despite the late state of the reverse die.

Ex: Dallas ANA Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 5772. NGC ID# 25M5, PCGS# 7971

1861 Three Dollar, AU55 Low-Mintage Civil War Issue





3448 1861 AU55 NGC. More than 1.2 million quarter eagles were struck at Philadelphia during 1861, but it was a different story for the 1861 Philly three dollar, which has a business mintage of just 5,959 pieces. The present olive-gold example displays moderate wear and a thin diagonal line on Liberty's chin. Luster illuminates the headdress.

NGC ID# 25MG, PCGS# 7982

1868 Three Dollar Gold, AU58 Lustrous, Lightly Abraded Example





3449 1868 AU58 PCGS. The typical grade for an 1868 three dollar coin falls into the About Uncirculated category. This AU58 example shows only minor signs of wear — one of only 4,875 pieces struck. Softly lustrous and partially reflective surfaces are minimally abraded, while attractive medium-gold color imbues the sharply struck surfaces with strong eye appeal and impressive technical merit.

NGC ID# 25MP, PCGS# 7989

1868 Three Dollar Gold Piece, MS62 Only 13 Finer Coins at NGC





3450 1868 MS62 NGC. There are many low-mintage issues in the three dollar gold series, including almost every date struck in the 1860s and 1870s. This issue had a business strike mintage of 4,850 coins, with an additional 25 proofs. Both sides of this splendid example are brilliant and lustrous with greenish-gold color. The fields are satiny and the devices frosty. A faint scratch is visible in the left obverse field, and both sides have a few light abrasions. The 1868 three dollar population in Mint State grades has changed little in the past dozen years. Census: 24 in 62, 13 finer (1/24). Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 7/2006), lot 1127; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2012), lot 4874. NGC ID# 25MP, PCGS# 7989

1874 Three Dollar, MS63 Attractive for the Grade





3451 1874 MS63 PCGS. With the second-highest mintage of the series (exceeded only by the 1878 issue), the 1874 three dollar is ideal for both date and type collectors. This is a partially prooflike example with frosted central devices and exceptional eye appeal. The brilliantly lustrous, orange-gold surfaces flash light-yellow and lilac highlights. The strike is sharp and only a few microscopic hairlines prevent an even higher grade level. NGC ID# 25MX, PCGS# 7998

1874 Three Dollar Gold, MS63 CAC-Approved Quality





3452 1874 MS63 NGC. CAC. From a relatively large mintage of 41,800 pieces, the 1874 three dollar gold piece is comparatively available in lower Mint State grades, but the issue becomes somewhat scarce at the MS64 grade level. This spectacular Select specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a touch of the usual softness on the ribbon knot. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing and the high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. NGC ID# 25MX, PCGS# 7998

1878 Three Dollar, MS63 Shimmering Original Luster





3453 1878 MS63 NGC. The 1878 three dollar gold piece is the most plentiful date in the series, particularly in high grade, and Mint State examples are in demand as type coins. The current Select example has some light handling marks, but the shimmering rosegold luster prevails with good eye appeal. The wreath bowknot shows the usual strike softness.

NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

1882 Three Dollar, AU58 Only 1,500 Pieces Produced





3454 1882 Repunched Date, FS-301, AU58 NGC. The low 1,500-piece mintage turns heads and mirrorlike reflectivity remains at the margins of this briefly circulated 1882 three dollar gold. Many examples were saved from the original low mintage, although a significant portion of the original production circulated for a short time. The repunched 2 in the date confirms this coin is indeed a circulation strike and not a circulated proof. A sharp strike exists despite small marks that pepper the central fields and devices. PCGS# 145710 Base PCGS# 8004

1886 Three Dollar, XF45 CAC-Approved Collector Coin





3455 1886 XF45 PCGS. CAC. The 1886 has a scant commercial mintage of 1,000 pieces. The date is difficult to find with a CAC green bean. This moderately circulated example displays rich orange luster within the legends and motifs. The open fields are olive-green. Marks are few, though we note contact near the N in UNITED and the first A in AMERICA. CAC: 2 in 45, 19 finer (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2020), lot 5256. NGC ID# 25N9, PCGS# 8008

1889 Three Dollar, MS63 Lustrous Final-Year Representative



NGC ID# 25NC, PCGS# 8011



3456 1889 MS63 PCGS. The unpopular three dollar gold denomination was discontinued after 1889, following a small mintage of 2,300 pieces. Its low mintage and final-year status contribute to the popularity of this issue today. Peach-gold and apricot patina resides over the highly lustrous surfaces of this strongly struck Select representative. A few scattered marks do not detract.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 5349; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2014), lot 3391; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2015), lot 4225; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2016), lot 5302; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2017), lot 5012.

EARLY HALF EAGLES

1798 Large Eagle Five Dollar, AU Details BD-4, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse





3457 1798 Large Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse, BD-4, High R.4
— Ex: Jewelry — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther
Die State d/e. A pair of prominent cuds at the upper reverse edge
at ES of STATES and near O in OF indicate the late 1798 BD-4
die state. This early half eagle shows signs of jewelry use, with
signs of cleaning and tooling from the mount removal. A pair
of arcing pinscratches curve downward from Liberty's forecurl
and several short adjustment marks angle upward below the date.
About Uncirculated sharpness remains.

1807 BD-8 Half Eagle, AU Details Capped Bust Faces Left





3458 1807 Bust Left, BD-8, R.2 — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b with clash marks at Liberty's ear. The new half eagle design that was introduced in 1807 is commonly attributed to John Reich, the Mint's assistant engraver who was hired on April 1 of that year. The design continued in production through 1812. The rim filing that PCGS indicates is not immediately obvious on this green-gold example that features delicate rose toning.

CLASSIC HALF EAGLE

1838 HM-1 Five Dollar, AU58 Underrated Philly Issue





3459 1838 HM-1, R.3, AU58 NGC. The final-year Philadelphia Classic half eagle is scarcer than its mintage suggests, and the majority of certified examples are in XF and AU grades. Borderline Uncirculated pieces are elusive. The present coin displays rich orange-red toning where luster remains. The open fields are olive-green. Careful inspection reveals scattered minor marks. NGC ID# 25S4, PCGS# 765246 Base PCGS# 8176

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

1840-O Half Eagle, AU55 Large O, Narrow Mill





3460 1840-O Narrow Mill AU55 PCGS. Variety 2. Ex: Fairmont Collection. Large O. Our auction archives indicate that about 85% of 1840-O half eagles are Variety 1, the small mintmark variety with the mintmark above the V in FIVE. The present lot is the rarer Variety 2 with a large mintmark centered over the space between the VE in FIVE. The green-gold surfaces display ample luster, along with the expected number of small to large field marks. Ex: Fairmont Collection (Stack's Bowers, 4/2022), lot 5017. NGC ID# 25SK, PCGS# 8200

1843-O Half Eagle, AU58 Large Letters Variety





3461 1843-O Large Letters AU58 NGC. Variety 1. Although more available than its Small Letters counterpart, the 1843-O Large Letters is a scarce issue with a *Guide Book* mintage of only 82,000 pieces. This Borderline Uncirculated example displays bright luster throughout the eagle and Liberty's curls. The strike is shy of complete at the centers, but the butter-gold surfaces are without any distracting marks. Census: 34 in 58, 26 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28BF, PCGS# 8216

1845-D Half Eagle, AU Details Dahlonega Type Coin





3462 1845-D — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. AU. Variety 13-H. The Dahlonega Mint never struck an issue with a mintage that exceeded 100,000 pieces, though the 1845-D five came fairly close to that level. Examples are in demand from Southern gold specialists, and are typically located in VF though AU grades. This caramel-gold representative displays radiant luster throughout protected regions, and wear is limited to high points such as the wingtips and hairbun. A slender straight diagonal field mark below the chin corresponds to the NGC disclaimer.

1847 FS-303 Half Eagle, VF30 S.S. Central America #2 With Pinch





3463 1847 S.S. Central America #2 (with Pinch) VF30 PCGS. FS-303, Repunched Date. One of the few 1847 half eagles found during the second S.S. Central America recovery operations, this partly lustrous yellow-gold surfaces display only minor marks along with moderate wear. It is perhaps likely this coin was either carried onboard with one of the passengers or housed in the ship's safe. Certified by PCGS in an oversized Ship of Gold holder, along with a pinch of gold dust and a certificate signed by S.S.C.A. Chief Scientist Bob Evans. We note this is an excellent example of the Cherrypickers' FS-303 variety, with the date repunched at 1, 8, and 7.

PCGS# 670778 Base PCGS# 8231

1847-C Five Dollar, AU50 Popular Charlotte Issue





3464 1847-C AU50 PCGS. Variety 1. All Charlotte Mint half eagle issues are scarce, and the 1847-C is no exception. A majority of certified examples are in VF to XF grades, and AU representatives are desirable. This Southern gold type coin displays lemon-gold surfaces that are less abraded than anticipated for the AU50 grade. The strike is inexact on Liberty's curls and portions of the eagle, but an absence of notable detractions ensures the eye appeal. NGC ID# 25TN, PCGS# 8233

1851-C Five Dollar, XF45 Rare Variety 2





3465 1851-C XF45 PCGS. Variety 2. The 1851-C is a challenging Charlotte issue with a mintage of less than 50,000 pieces. About 95% of survivors are the "Earring Variety" with a center dot on Liberty's earlobe and the mintmark above the E in FIVE. The present lot, however, is the very rare Variety 2, which places the mintmark over the V in FIVE and exhibits a radial reverse die crack at 7 o'clock. Our online archives show only three prior Heritage floor auction appearances of Variety 2 over the past 15 years. This original green-gold representative has a typical strike, pleasing surfaces, and ample remaining luster. NGC ID# 25U6, PCGS# 8247

1853-C Five Dollar, AU50 Popular Charlotte Issue





3466 1853-C AU50 NGC. Variety 1. Date right, mintmark centered over V. Three die pairs are known, though Variety 1 is typically encountered. An early die state without the obverse rim cuds sometimes seen. The present piece is predominantly straw-gold with deeper peach hues where luster remains. Portions of the design are incompletely impressed, but no marks merit mention save for a reverse rim depression at 4 o'clock. NGC ID# 25UE, PCGS# 8254

1853-C Half Eagle, AU55 Early Die State





3467 1853-C AU55 NGC. Variety 1. The 1853-C half eagle claims a mintage of 65,571 pieces and is among the more available issues from the Charlotte Mint. This impressive Choice AU example exhibits only light wear on the well-detailed design elements and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade. From the early die state of this variety, before rim cuds develop at 11 and 2 o'clock on the obverse. Census: 27 in 55, 50 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25UE, PCGS# 8254

1874-CC Liberty Half Eagle, VG8 CAC Endorsed





3468 1874-CC VG8 NGC. CAC. Variety 1-B. Ex: Long Island Collection. The 7 in the date is centered over a dentil, and the second C in the mintmark is higher than the first, identifying Variety 1-B. Half eagle production increased dramatically at the Carson City Mint in 1874, but still only 21,198 coins were struck and just 200 to 250 pieces are believed extant, according to Rusty Goe. This well-circulated example displays smooth reddish-gold surfaces and the major design elements remain complete in outline, with some interior detail still intact. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 25WP, PCGS# 8334

1874-S Five Dollar, AU53 Ex: Bass, Low-Mintage Rarity





3469 1874-S AU53 PCGS. Ex: Harry W. Bass Jr. Collection. During its first quarter-century of operation, the San Francisco Mint dutifully struck half eagles and eagles nearly every year, but only in meager quantities relative to the plentiful production of double eagles by the facility. The 1874-S five has a mintage of just 16,000 pieces, and AU grades are as good as it gets for the issue, since none have been certified by NGC or PCGS as Mint State. This orange-gold representative displays noticeable luster and is free from any individually mentionable marks, though small abrasions are distributed. Population: 9 in 53, 14 finer (2/24).

Ex: Harry W. Bass Jr. Collection, Part IV (Bowers and Merena, 11/2000), lot 525.

NGC ID# 25WR, PCGS# 8335

1876 Half Eagle, XF45 Only 1,432 Pieces Struck





3470 1876 XF45 PCGS. Both the 1876 San Francisco and 1876 Carson City half eagles are scarce low-mintage dates, but the 1876 Philadelphia five dollar issue is the rarest of all. A few highly graded 1876 P-mint half eagles are known — likely saved as Centennial year souvenirs — but otherwise, this Philadelphia date is seldom available from a minuscule 1,432-piece mintage. Traces of reflectivity remain on the lightly abraded, wheat-gold surfaces of this Choice XF survivor. The sharp strike shows only faint highpoint wear. Population: 6 in 45, 26 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25WW, PCGS# 8339

1892-CC Half Eagle, High-End AU58 Softly Lustrous, Original Color





3471 1892-CC AU58 CACG. Variety 1-A. Remnant mint luster glows beneath natural green-gold color on this near-Mint State 1892-CC half eagle. While the vast majority of this Carson City issue display numerous bagmarks and abrasions, this AU58 example is only lightly abraded and is devoid of any heavy marks. The coin's sharp strike and strong surface quality are recognized by its encapsulation in a recent CACG holder.
NGC ID# 25Y7, PCGS# 8380

1893-CC Five Dollar, AU55 Final-Year Issue





3472 1893-CC AU55 PCGS. Variety 2-A. The eagle's neck plumage shows a hint of wear, but the strike is bold, and ample luster illuminates motifs and legends. The olive-gold surfaces are mildly glossy and devoid of consequential marks. The final Carson City issue in the Liberty half eagle series has a low mintage, but is nonetheless collectible in AU grades. NGC ID# 25YB, PCGS# 8384

1894 Liberty Half Eagle, MS65 A Major Rarity in This Grade





3473 1894 MS65 PCGS. This Philadelphia issue is notably rare in Gem condition, far more so than one would expect for a coin with a mintage of nearly 1 million coins. The current coin is well struck and softly frosted with rich orange-gold patina. Only a few small marks and grazes are discernible beneath a loupe. Population: 7 in 65 (3 in 65+), 3 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25YE, PCGS# 8387

1898 Half Eagle, Frosty MS66 One Coin Finer at Each Service





3474 1898 MS66 NGC. One would expect the 1898 half eagle to be much more plentiful than it is in MS66 given a mintage of 633,495 coins, but such is not the case. Philadelphia fives of this vintage can be remarkably challenging in high Mint State. A blanket of thick frosty drapes the unabraded and fully struck surfaces. Destined for a high-end set. Census: 4 in 66, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25YP, PCGS# 8396

1901/0-S Half Eagle, MS65 FS-301, Guide Book Overdate





3475 1901/0-S FS-301 MS65 NGC. 20th century overdates of gold issues are limited to the 1901/0-S five and the 1909/8 twenty. Although the 1901-S half eagle is a type coin in Mint State, only a tiny percentage of those pieces are the FS-301 overdate. The underdigit 0 is apparent as a raised curve east of the top of the final 1 in the date. A lustrous and crisply struck peach-gold Gem that shows minimal signs of contact. Census: 27 in 65 (2 in 65+), 4 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 145720 Base PCGS# 8403

1902-S Five Dollar Liberty, MS66 Rare High-End CAC Coin





3476 1902-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. Plentiful in lower grades, this San Francisco issue is seldom offered at the Premium Gem level, and coins are rare this fine with CAC endorsement. The current piece is well struck with original straw-gold luster, and only the most minute of contact marks visible. Higher-grade 1902-S half eagles are notably rare. Population: 59 in 66 (9 in 66+), 10 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 6 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25YZ, PCGS# 8406

1903-S Five Dollar, MS66 Frosty Original Luster





3477 1903-S MS66 NGC. This late-series San Francisco issue is somewhat scarce in MS66, and it is rare any finer. The current coin displays a bold strike and frosty orange-gold mint luster. A small group of abrasions under the eagle's beak serves as a pedigree marker. Census: 47 in 66 (1 in 66+), 8 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25Z3, PCGS# 8408

1904 Liberty Half Eagle, MS66+ Rarely Seen Finer





3478 1904 MS66+ PCGS. From a substantial mintage of 392,000 pieces, the 1904 Liberty half eagle is still elusive at the MS66 grade level, and finer coins are condition rarities. This Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of softness on the eagle's arrow claws. The impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. Population: 33 in 66 (14 in 66+), 7 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 25Z4, PCGS# 8409

1908 Liberty Half Eagle, MS66 Few Pieces Known Finer





3479 1908 MS66 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck more than 421,000 Liberty half eagles in 1908 before Pratt's Indian Head design replaced the Gobrecht Liberty and eagle. This Premium Gem example displays rich honey-gold patina with satiny luster that borders on slightly reflective in the fields. A few microscopic marks are seen with a loupe. Census: 67 in 66 (3 in 66+, 1 in 66★), 9 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

INDIAN HALF EAGLES

1908 Indian Half Eagle, MS64 Popular Type Coin





3480 1908 MS64 PCGS. Bela Lyon Pratt's innovative Indian design was introduced on the half eagle in 1908 and the Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial mintage of 577,800 business-strike examples. The issue was heavily saved for its novelty value, making it an available issue in high grade and a popular choice with type collectors. This impressive Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal.

NGC ID# 28DE, PCGS# 8510

1908 Indian Half Eagle, MS64 First-Year Type Coin





3481 1908 MS64 NGC. The Indian design appeared on the half eagles for the first time in 1908, with a production of more than a half million coins at the Philadelphia Mint, a quantity sufficient that any collector can obtain an example. for the connoisseur, even Choice and Gem Mint State pieces are seen with frequency. This well-defined specimen has frosty orange and greenish-gold luster with pristine surfaces.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (heritage, 2/2013), lot 4896. NGC ID# 28DE, PCGS# 8510

1908-S Five Dollar, AU58 Better Indian Head Issue





1908-S AU58 NGC. The low-mintage 1908-S Indian half eagle (82,000 pieces struck) is in demand in all grades, although it is usually available to patient collectors. The current coin will satisfy many collection needs, yielding satiny orange-gold patina with luster remaining in the recessed devices. The mintmark shows some wear, but it remains readily visible.

NGC ID# 28DG, PCGS# 8512

1908-S Five Dollar, AU58 Low-Mintage Issue





3483 1908-S AU58 CACG. This is an attractive near-Mint example from the first year of Bela Lyon Pratt's design, with just a trace of high-point wear on the sharply detailed design elements and lightly abraded bright, yellow-gold surfaces. The 1908-S has the lowest mintage of any S-mint Indian five, yet enough pieces were saved of the new design to make it available in higher grades. The coin is housed in a new CACG holder that includes CAC endorsement. NGC ID# 28DG, PCGS# 8512

1909-O Indian Half Eagle, AU Details Final New Orleans Issue





3484 1909-O — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The 1909-O Indian half eagle represents the final coinage year for the New Orleans Mint, and the only Indian gold piece struck at the Louisiana coinage factory. Scattered marks and faint cleaning lines appear on the harvest-gold surfaces of this well-struck example that features a complete, bold O-mintmark. This is an important opportunity to add the historic issue to an advanced collection.

1915 Indian Half Eagle, MS64+ CAC-Approved Quality





3485 1915 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. From a mintage of 588,075 pieces, the 1915 Indian half eagle is not difficult to locate at the MS64 grade level, but finer coins are scarce. This Plus-graded Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces that show few signs of contact. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. PCGS has certified 78 numerically finer examples and CAC has seen 14 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28DX, PCGS# 8530

1916-S Indian Half Eagle, MS62 Challenging CAC Example





3486 1916-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. MS62 is a targeted grade for many collectors seeking a 1916-S half eagle, as the coin is within the Mint State spectrum but will be more available and affordable than higher-grade pieces. The current coin stands apart from its peers with CAC endorsement. A bold strike and original honey-gold luster characterize the eye appeal, while scattered abrasions define the numeric grade. CAC: 40 in 62, 83 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28DY, PCGS# 8532

1916-S Half Eagle, MS63 Rich Original Patina





3487 1916-S MS63 PCGS. The 1916-S comes from a median mintage of 240,000 pieces and marks the last coinage of half eagles at any mint before 1929. Examples are in demand among date collectors, and although the survivorship is significant as fine as MS63, higher-grade pieces are increasingly scarce. This coin displays original rose-gold and olive hues across lightly abraded satiny surfaces. Minor strike softness on the lower headdress feathers is typical of the type. NGC ID# 28DY, PCGS# 8532

LIBERTY EAGLES

1845-O Eagle, AU53 Small Over Large Date





3488 1845-O AU53 NGC. Variety 3, VP-002. The 1845-O has a scant mintage of 47,500 pieces, and is scarce in AU grades. This piece is Doug Winter's "Small Over Large Date" variety, most easily identified by the presence of an errant 4 visible up and to the left of the primary. NGC has designated examples as 1845/1845 under their VarietyPlus service. This present lot displays original olive-gold patina with tinges of luster remaining in the border recesses. The strike is sharp, and only slight wear is observed over the relief elements.

Ex: Beverly Hills Signature (Heritage, 11/2014), lot 5193. NGC ID# 262V, PCGS# 8593

1849 Liberty Eagle, MS61★ Excellent Type Coin





1849 MS61★ NGC. VP-002, Breen-6887. NGC has certified this coin as VP-002, with the entire date repunched northeast of the first impression. From a substantial mintage of 653,618 pieces, the 1849 Liberty eagle is an available date in the series and a favorite choice of type collectors. This attractive MS61 example exhibits sharply detailed central design elements, but some stars are softly rendered and an extensive network of die cracks travels through those stars. The surfaces show the expected number of contact marks for the grade, with much prooflike reflectivity in the fields. Overall eye appeal is strong, as attested by the Star designation. Census: 26 in 61 (2 in 61+, 2 in 61★), 21 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2635, PCGS# 8601

1853-O No Motto Ten, AU55 Sharp New Orleans Eagle





3490 1853-O AU55 NGC. Variety 4. No fewer than eight die marriages were needed to strike a mere 51,000 pieces. Perhaps as many 200-300 circulated examples survive in all grades combined, with fewer than a dozen Mint State examples known. This Choice About Uncirculated coin retains much of its original mint luster throughout its lightly abraded, medium-gold surfaces. A sharp strike reveals only a touch of wear that visits the high points. NGC ID# 263F, PCGS# 8612

1855 Ten Dollar, AU58 Popular No Motto Type Coin





3491 1855 AU58 CACG. The 121,701-piece mintage makes the 1855 ten dollar gold an available date from the 1850s. It becomes scarce in near-Mint or finer grades and examples with original surfaces are in the minority. This AU58 example is housed in a new CACG holder and displays substantial mint luster across the natural medium gold, lightly abraded surfaces. A sharp strike includes bold stars and crisp central definition on both sides. Eye appeal is excellent for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 263L, PCGS# 8616

1861 Eagle, AU58 Natural Color, Popular No Motto Type





3492 1861 AU58 NGC. Rounded hairbun. A combination of Civil War hoarding and recent repatriates from foreign holdings make the 1861 relatively more available than later 1860s P-mint eagles. This attractive and minimally abraded example displays pleasing orange-gold color with olive overtones. The strike is sharp except for a few obverse stars and a touch of high-point wear. NGC ID# 2647, PCGS# 8633

1872-S Liberty Eagle, AU55 Low-Mintage S-Mint Issue





3493 1872-8 AU55 NGC. The San Francisco Mint struck a minuscule mintage of 17,300 Liberty eagles in 1872. As might be expected, the issue is elusive in all grades today and Mint State examples are prime condition rarities. This attractive Choice AU specimen shows only light wear on the well-detailed design elements and much interior detail remains intact. The lightly abraded orangegold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster in sheltered areas. Census: 34 in 55 (1 in 55+★), 12 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2653, PCGS# 8665

1880 Liberty Eagle, MS64+ Extremely Rare Any Finer





3494 1880 MS64+ PCGS. Despite the substantial mintage of more than 1.6 million pieces, the 1880 Liberty eagle is rare at the MS64 grade level, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This Plus-graded Choice specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and terrific eye appeal. Population: 32 in 64 (8 in 64+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 265S, PCGS# 8687

1880 Liberty Eagle, MS64 Conditionally Rare





3495 1880 MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1880 was the first ten dollar issue with a mintage of more than a million pieces. As one might expect, the issue is plentiful in grades through MS62, since examples were exported to foreign bank holdings in quantity. But those coins tend to be abraded as they were indifferently shipped and stored. Near-Gems are rare. This apricot-gold example displays sweeping luster. The strike is intricate, and there are no remotely noticeable marks. Population: 32 in 64 (8 in 64+), 1 finer. CAC: 16 in 64, 2 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 265S, PCGS# 8687

1880-S Ten Dollar, MS62 Prooflike Rare in This Grade, None Certified Finer





3496 1880-S MS62 Prooflike PCGS. Tiny S Mintmark. While 1880-S eagles are relatively plentiful up to the MS62 grade from the large 506,250-piece mintage, prooflike examples are rare. This is a flashy and reflective ten dollar gold that displays moderate contrast between the mirrorlike fields and the central motifs. Full reflectivity is seen between the field stripes. This attractive, orange-gold coin with a sharp strike and only a touch of weakness on the upper hair bun. It is tied for the finest prooflike at PCGS. Population: 2 in 62 Prooflike, 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 265V, PCGS# 78690

1889 Ten Dollar, AU58 Only 4,440 Pieces Struck





3497 1889 AU58 CACG. The 1889 has the lowest mintage of any ten dollar issue struck for circulation after 1883. A scant 4,440 pieces were produced, excluding the 45 proofs. It is an underrated issue in all grades. For example, CDN is \$10,000 for the 1889 in MS63, but only a single example is graded MS63 (at NGC) and none are certified finer. The present Borderline Uncirculated representative displays ample rose-gold luster. The strike is sharp, and relevant marks are limited to a pair of small digs in the left obverse field. This coin is housed in a new CACG holder that includes CAC endorsement.

NGC ID# 266N, PCGS# 8715

1889 Liberty Eagle, MS61 Low Mintage, Conditionally Rare





3498 1889 MS61 NGC. The 1889 has a standout low mintage among later Philadelphia issues. Just 4,440 pieces were coined for commerce, and unlike the 1889 gold dollar or three dollar, few if any examples were set aside at the time by collectors or dealers. Most of the few dozen Mint State pieces were exported, and resided in foreign bank vaults for decades, where they were indifferently stored. This lustrous peach-gold example is sharply struck and displays its share of small marks, though noticeable abrasions are confined to the vicinity of the arrowheads. NGC ID# 266N, PCGS# 8715

1891-CC Liberty Head Ten, MS62 Frosty and Well-Struck





3499 1891-CC MS62 NGC. Variety 1-A. Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth wrote in their *Encyclopedia of Gold Coins*, "If not for this date, most people would have difficulty affording a Carson City Mint eagle." While the 1891-CC is available through the MS62 grade, it becomes scarce any finer. This lightly abraded example displays frosty mint luster throughout the lightly abraded, yellow-gold surfaces. The coin is sharply struck from a late die state, with a network of obverse die cracks through the stars and date. NGC ID# 266U, PCGS# 8720

1899 Ten Dollar, MS65 Rich, Reddish-Tinted Mint Luster





3500 1899 MS65 NGC. The frosty, peach-gold surfaces display rose and orange accents and vibrant mint luster throughout both sides. A short reeding mark below stars 8 and 9 and a few light abrasions suggest time spent in bag storage and transport, yet this Gem Uncirculated example retains Mint-fresh eye appeal. The 1899 is always an excellent choice to represent the ten dollar Liberty Head type. NGC reports 37 numerically finer examples, plus nine in 65+ (2/24).

NGC ID# 267J, PCGS# 8742

1901-S Ten Dollar, MS65 Sharply Struck and Fully Lustrous





3501 1901-S MS65 PCGS. The mintage was a plentiful 2.8 million pieces, making the 1901-S a popular selection to represent a Gem or finer type set or eagle collection. Dazzling mint luster decorates the satin-smooth surfaces of this rich-gold MS65 coin. Only a few tiny ticks are seen on this Gem Uncirculated 1901 ten dollar gold. The strike is needle-sharp.

NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

1901-S Liberty Eagle, MS66 Exceptional Type Coin





3502 1901-S MS66 NGC. The 1901-S Liberty eagle claims a substantial mintage of more than 2.8 million pieces, making it the most available issue of the series in better Mint State grades. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits virtually pristine orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides. The design elements are razor sharp throughout and eye appeal is terrific. NGC has graded 26 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

1901-S Liberty Eagle, MS66+ CAC-Approved Quality





3503 1901-8 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The San Francisco Mint struck a large production of more than 2.8 million Liberty eagles in 1901. Even at the exalted MS66 grade level, the issue is not too difficult to locate, but finer coins are rare. This Plus-graded Premium Gem displays razor-sharp definition on all design elements, and the virtually flawless peach-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. Population: 29 in 66+, 5 finer. CAC: 55 in 66, 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

1902-S Liberty Eagle, MS65 CAC-Endorsed Quality





3504 1902-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. From a mintage of 469,500 pieces, the 1902-S Liberty eagle is somewhat scarce in MS65 condition, and finer coins are rare. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. Eye appeal is terrific and the high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. PCGS has graded 12 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 267U, PCGS# 8751

1906-O Ten Dollar, MS62 Final New Orleans Eagle Issue





3505 1906-O MS62 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. The New Orleans Mint reopened in 1879 with the purpose of striking silver dollars. Several ten dollar issues were also coined, but mintages were low and bettergrade Mint State examples are costly and rare. The 1906-O was the final O-mint ten issue, and it is scarcer at the MS62 level than the 1901-O, 1903-O, and 1904-O. This coruscating sun-gold example is one of just eight coins approved at the MS62 level by CAC (2/24). It displays a good strike and is without mentionable marks. NGC ID# 2686, PCGS# 8761

1906-O Liberty Eagle, MS63 Conditionally Rare





3506 1906-O MS63 NGC. Variety 1. The 1906-O is the final New Orleans ten dollar issue, ending an intermittent run begun in 1841. It is the penultimate O-mint gold issue, with only the 1909-O five dollar coined thereafter. The 1906-O has a low mintage, and although it is collectible in Mint State, most such pieces grade MS60 to MS62. This well-struck and lustrous pale peach-gold example is surprisingly unblemished, though a few hairlines on the left obverse deny a higher grade. Census: 40 in 63, 21 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2686, PCGS# 8761

INDIAN EAGLES

1908 Indian Eagle, MS63 Low-Mintage No Motto Issue





3507 1908 No Motto MS63 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a meager total of 33,500 Indian eagles with the No Motto design in 1908, before switching to the With Motto motif later in the year. The issue is always in demand because of its low production total and its short-lived design type. This attractive Select example exhibits well-detailed design elements and lightly marked orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. NGC ID# 28GG, PCGS# 8853

1908-D Ten Dollar, MS62 No Motto Branch Mint Issue





3508 1908-D No Motto MS62 NGC. Greenish-gold patina overlays lustrous surfaces that display adequately struck design elements. Two pinscratches on either side of LIBERTY traverse most of the obverse. Other abrasions are minor. This is the only No Motto issue in the series from a branch mint.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 6629. NGC ID# 28GH, PCGS# 8854

1908-D Indian Eagle, MS63 Popular No Motto Type





3509 1908-D No Motto MS63 PCGS. From an adequate mintage of 210,000 pieces, the 1908-D is the only branch mint No Motto issue in the Indian Head eagle series. Examples are surprisingly elusive at the MS63 grade level, and finer coins are definitely scarce. This impressive Select example exhibits well-detailed design elements, with a touch of the usual softness on the lower headdress feathers. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade. PCGS has graded 76 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 28GH, PCGS# 8854

1910-S Indian Eagle, MS62 Challenging Issue in High Grade





3510 1910-S MS62 PCGS. Despite a substantial mintage of 811,000 pieces, the 1910-S Indian eagle is a challenging issue in grades above the MS62 level. This impressive MS62 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of softness on Liberty's curls and the eagle's shoulder. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

3511 No Lot.

1913-S Ten Dollar Indian, AU58 CAC-Approved Quality





3512 1913-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. The 1913-S ten boast an enticingly low mintage of only 66,000 coins, and it is appropriately elusive in Mint State in the context of the series. The current near-Mint coin displays much luster and satiny surfaces, with warm wheat-gold color. Eye appeal is excellent for the grade and issue, and abrasions are minimal. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 28GZ, PCGS# 8874

1914-D Indian Eagle, MS64 Final Denver Mint Ten





3513 1914-D MS64 NGC. The Denver Mint struck a substantial mintage of 343,500 Indian eagles in 1914, the last time the Colorado facility ever coined the denomination. This spectacular Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster throughout. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

1914-D Indian Eagle, MS65 Rare Issue in Finer Grades





3514 1914-D MS65 NGC. The Denver Mint struck the ten dollar denomination for the last time in 1914, when a substantial mintage of 343,500 Indian eagles was accomplished. The 1914-D circulated widely at the time of issue, however, making it surprisingly elusive at the MS65 grade level today. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved orangegold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and terrific eye appeal. Census: 72 in 65 (5 in 65+), 20 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

1915 Ten Dollar, MS64 Attractive for the Grade





3515 1915 MS64 PCGS. The 351,000-piece mintage was well-produced by the Philadelphia Mint, with sharp strikes and attractive, lustrous surfaces. This near-Gem example bears witness to the high-quality production at the Mint. The headdress feathers are needle-sharp top to bottom and the eagle's shoulder is crisply defined. Frosty surfaces display pleasing yellow-gold color with rose accents. Only a handful of tiny marks are seen, none of which diminish the strong eye appeal.

NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

1932 Ten Dollar, MS65 Lustrous, Original Surfaces





3516 1932 MS65 PCGS. As the only readily collectible gold coin struck in the 1930s. More than half the 4.4+ million-piece mintage was melted during (or after) the Gold Recall, and most of the remaining pieces were paid out mainly for foreign trade purposes. Still, enough coins were preserved by the public to make the issue relatively plentiful today. This orange-gold Gem Uncirculated example displays beautiful satiny luster and is housed in an old green label PCGS holder. The strike is sharp. Only a few tiny ticks are seen under a loupe.

NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

1850 Double Eagle, AU55 Always in Demand, CAC-Endorsed





3517 1850 AU55 PCGS. CAC. The 1850 is always in great demand as the opening salvo in the regular-issue double eagle series (the unique 1849 is unobtainable). Original, unadulterated examples are exceedingly difficult to find, especially in higher grades. Pale luster remains over light yellow and green-gold surfaces that are noticeably frosted in texture. The raised design elements are fully struck and show only light wear. The only noteworthy abrasion occurs on the cheek. CAC: 34 in 55, 40 finer (1/24). Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2017), lot 5483. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

1851-O Twenty Dollar, AU53 Seldom Encountered in High Grade





3518 1851-O AU53 PCGS. Variety 2. From a mintage of more than 2 million pieces, the 1851 Liberty double eagle is not too difficult to locate at the AU53 grade level, but the issue becomes elusive in finer grades. This impressive AU53 specimen shows only light wear on the well-detailed design elements and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces show a mix of satiny mint luster and prooflike reflectivity in the fields.

NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1852-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU55 Lightly Worn and Lightly Abraded





3519 1852-O AU55 NGC. Variety 1. Significant deposits of California gold were received at the New Orleans Mint prior to the opening of the San Francisco Mint in 1854. Accordingly, mintages of New Orleans double eagles were more substantial during that era and 190,000 pieces were struck in 1852. This is one of the few O-mint double eagle issues that are considered plentiful today, and yet, it is conditionally scarce in the upper AU grades. This Choice About Uncirculated example displays rich orange-gold patina with hints of luster in the fields. Light wear determines the grade, but there are remarkably few obvious abrasions. NGC ID# 268L, PCGS# 8907

1853/'2' Twenty Dollar, AU55 Popular *Guide Book* Variety





3520 1853/'2' FS-301 AU55 PCGS. The controversial 1853/'2' Liberty double eagle was discovered in the 1950s. The variety is most easily identified by a die lump below the R in LIBERTY, as the remains of the so-called 2 are difficult to identify on low grade specimens. This lightly worn Choice AU specimen displays much original mint luster on the pleasing orange-gold surfaces. Population: 31 in 55, 45 finer (2/24).

PCGS# 145730 Base PCGS# 8909

1855-S Liberty Double Eagle, AU50 Seldom Seen in Mint State





3521 1855-S AU50 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint struck a substantial production of 879,675 Liberty double eagles in 1855, its second year of coinage operations. The 1855-S is not too difficult to locate at the AU50 grade level, but it is elusive in all Mint State grades. Only light wear is evident on the well-detailed design elements of this impressive AU50 example and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

1855-S Liberty Head Twenty, AU55 Ex: S.S. Central America With Pinch of Gold Dust





3522 1855-S Large S, S.S. Central America #2 (with Pinch) AU55 PCGS. A total of 96 1855-S double eagles that were brought up during the second S.S. Central America recovery operations, the finest being an MS62+ example. This coin is a Choice About Uncirculated piece, with a Large S mintmark (Variety 14-F) and lightly abraded medium-gold surfaces. Virtually all of the sharp strike and bright mint luster remains on both sides. This coin is housed in its special PCGS dual window oversized holder with a pinch of S.S.C.A. gold dust — certified authentic by Bob Evans, Chief Scientist for the 2014 recoveries.

PCGS# 670692 Base PCGS# 8916

1856-S Twenty Dollar, AU58 Partially Lustrous Surfaces





3523 1856-S AU58 PCGS. Significant original luster illuminates the protected portions of the fields on this near-Mint 1856-S double eagle, while olive-gold patina characterizes the lightly worn areas. Moderate abrasions accompany the grade, as expected for the date. This San Francisco issue is usually seen from the S.S. Central America recoveries, and old-time examples like the present are less often available.

NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

1856-S Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Popular Type One Twenty





3524 1856-S AU58 PCGS. Just a trace of friction shows on the strongly impressed design elements of this attractive Type One double eagle from the early days of the San Francisco Mint. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded and retain much of their original mint luster. Many 1856-S double eagles have been recovered from the wreck of the S.S. Central America, but we do not know the origin of this piece.

NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

1856-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Elusive Issue in Finer Grades





3525 1856-S MS61 NGC. Nearly 1.2 million Liberty double eagles were manufactured at the San Francisco Mint in 1856. Shipwreck recoveries have made this particular issue much more collectible in Uncirculated condition, though we have no indication as to the origin of this coin. This impressive MS61 example exhibits well-detailed design elements and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade. Census: 25 in 61, 16 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

1856-S Double Eagle With Pinch, AU55 Ex: S.S. Central America





3526 1856-8 Full Serif, Bold S, S.S. Central America #2 (with Pinch) AU55 PCGS. Variety 17B. Prior to the S.S. Central America shipwreck recoveries, high grade Type One double eagles were extremely rare in regardless of the date or mint. While the number of Territorial Gold coins and ingots salvaged from the "Ship of Gold" are spectacular, the sheer number of Uncirculated or nearly Uncirculated 1856-S and 1857-S double eagles brought to the surface is staggering. This AU55 1856-S twenty dollar gold may not be the highest grade found, yet it is beautiful in its own right with vibrant orange-gold surfaces, a sharp strike, and outstanding eye appeal. The coin is housed in an oversized, dual-window PCGS holder with a pinch of gold dust and certified authentic by Bob Evans, Chief Scientist of the second S.S.C.A. recovery operations. PCGS# 670697 Base PCGS# 8919

1856-S Double Eagle, AU55 Ex: S.S. Central America





3527 1856-S No Serif, Tilted S, S.S. Central America #1, AU55 PCGS. Variety 17-L. Housed in a CAC-approved gold-foil PCGS holder with the Ship of Gold book, certificate of authenticity, and outer box as sold by Blanchard & Co. many years ago. This Choice About Uncirculated example displays lightly abraded, brilliant orange-gold surfaces and nearly full luster on each side. A touch of wear exists on Liberty's upper hair strands, bun, and face curls. PCGS# 70021 Base PCGS# 8919

1857 Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Elusive Issue in Mint State





3528 1857 AU58 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck an adequate mintage of 439,375 Liberty double eagles in 1857, and the issue can be found in most circulated grades without much difficulty, but the 1857 was not heavily represented in modern shipwreck finds, so Mint State specimens are rare. This impressive near-Mint example features pleasing orange-gold surfaces, with the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade. The design elements show just a trace of friction on the high points. NGC has graded 49 numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 2693, PCGS# 8920

1857-S Twenty Dollar, MS61 Ex: S.S. Central America With Pinch of Gold Dust





3529 1857-S No Serif, Right S, S.S. Central America With Pinch, MS61 PCGS. The top left serif of U in UNITED is missing, one of the many varieties represented among recovered S.S. Central America 1857-S double eagles. This is a high-end example for the grade, with lustrous orange-gold surfaces and CAC endorsement. A pinch of California gold dust (also recovered from the shipwreck) is housed beneath this sharp and attractive Mint State coin in its special dual window PCGS holder.

PCGS# 670719 Base PCGS# 670830

1859-S Twenty Dollar, AU58 Better San Francisco Issue





3530 1859-S AU58 NGC. The 1859-S can be obtained at a low premium to melt in VF and XF grades, but examples become scarce at the near-Mint level. The present apricot-gold piece exhibits considerable bright luster, and all design elements are well struck. Marks of consequence are limited to a pair of narrow marks on Liberty's neck and jaw.

NGC ID# 269C, PCGS# 8928

1860-S Liberty Twenty, AU58 Lustrous and Appealing





3531 1860-S AU58 NGC. Ex: S.S. Republic. The 1860-S Liberty double eagle was produced in large numbers, but the issue was widely circulated at the time of issue and few coins were saved for numismatic purposes. This attractive near-Mint specimen offers well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of friction on the high points, and vibrant mint luster throughout. The bright yellowgold surfaces show many grade-consistent minor contact marks on both sides. NGC has graded 30 numerically finer examples (2/24). This coin comes with the S.S. Republic rosewood box containing the coin and Odyssey Marine Exploration's literature and Certificate of Authenticity.

NGC ID# 269F, PCGS# 8931

1861-S Liberty Double Eagle, AU55 Challenging Issue in High Grade





3532 1861-S AU55 NGC. Produced in large numbers and widely circulated at the time of issue, the 1861-S Liberty double eagle conforms to the usual pattern of availability: lower circulated examples are common, high-grade pieces are rare. This welldetailed AU55 example exhibits just a touch of wear on the design elements and the lustrous yellow-gold surfaces show a scattering of minor abrasions on both sides.

NGC ID# 269K, PCGS# 8935

1862-S Twenty Dollar, AU58 Considerable Luster Remains





3533 1862-S AU58 NGC. This popular Civil War-era issue circulated heavily in California, and today, Mint State examples are conditionally rare. Resubmissions also mean that near-Mint examples such as the present coin are less common than collectors might expect. Pale wheat-gold surfaces show blushes of yelloworange and scattered light to moderate marks. NGC has graded 38 numerically finer examples (1/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 7250.

NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

1866 Liberty Double Eagle, AU53 Popular Motto Design





3534 1866 Motto AU53 NGC. The motto IN GOD WE TRUST was added to the design of the Liberty double eagle in 1866, making the issue especially popular with type collectors. From a businessstrike mintage of 698,745 pieces, the 1866 is an available issue in circulated grades, but Mint State coins are elusive. This attractive AU53 specimen is lightly worn and lightly abraded, with significant amounts of of original mint luster in sheltered areas. NGC ID# 269X, PCGS# 8949

1866-S Double Eagle, AU55 Inaugural Year for the Motto Type





3535 1866-S Motto AU55 NGC. Small Bulbous S mintmark. The 1866-S With Motto twenties easily outnumber the No Motto variety by a factor of about 7 to 1. While many circulated examples are heavily abraded and well-worn, this Choice About Uncirculated con shows few marks and relatively light wear. Traces of soft mint luster remain on the buff-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 269Y, PCGS# 8950

1872-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS60 Elusive Issue in Mint State





3536 1872-S MS60 NGC. Micro S. From a substantial mintage of 780,000 pieces, the 1872-S Type Two double eagle is still an elusive issue in all Mint State grades. The design elements of this impressive MS60 specimen are well-detailed, and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces exhibit the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade. The overall presentation is quite attractive. NGC ID# 26AF, PCGS# 8965

1873 Liberty Double Eagle, MS62+ CAC-Approved Open 3 Variant





3537 1873 Open 3 MS62+ NGC. CAC. The 1873 Liberty double eagle, with the Open 3 in the date, is seen more often than its Closed 3 counterpart, making it an available issue in Mint State and a popular choice with type collectors. This Plus-graded MS62 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements and lightly marked orangegold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. NGC ID# 26AH, PCGS# 8967

1874 Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Elusive Issue in Finer Grades





3538 1874 MS61 NGC. The 1874 Type Two Liberty double eagle claims a business-strike mintage of 366,780 pieces, but the issue is definitely scarce in grades above the MS61 level. This impressive Mint State piece offers sharply detailed design elements and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade. PCGS has graded 97 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 26AN, PCGS# 8970

1874-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS62 Conditionally Rare in Finer Grades





3539 1874-S MS62 NGC. Despite a substantial mintage of more than 1.2 million pieces, the 1874-S Liberty double eagle is scarce at the MS62 grade level, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This impressive MS62 specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. Census: 53 in 62 (1 in 62+), 5 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

1875 Twenty Dollar Liberty, MS61 Lustrous and Pleasing for the Grade





3540 1875 MS61 PCGS. The 1875 double eagle stands out as the only collectible Philadelphia Mint gold coin struck during the year. All other 1875 gold denominations were produced in extremely low quantity. This lightly abraded MS61 twenty shows fewer marks than expected for the grade and lustrous, medium-gold color. The strike is sharp throughout.

NGC ID# 26AS, PCGS# 8973

1875-CC Liberty Twenty, AU53 Popular Branch Mint Type Coin





3541 1875-CC AU53 NGC. Variety 6-B. Ex: Guerrieri's Collection. The 1875-CC Liberty double eagle claims a mintage of 111,151 pieces and the issue is relatively available in high grade, making it a popular choice with branch mint type collectors. This impressive AU53 example shows some light wear on the well-detailed design elements and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster in sheltered areas. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974

1875-S Twenty Dollar, MS61 Conditionally Scarce S-Mint Issue





1875-S MS61 PCGS. The significant percentage of the 1,230,000-piece mintage was used for export, with many of those coins repatriated over the past several decades. Survivors seldom exceed the MS61 grade level. Numerous bagmarks dot the surfaces of this lustrous example. A sharp strike remains intact, while pleasing orange accents add eye appeal to the lavender-gold coloration. NGC ID# 26AU, PCGS# 8975

1875-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Lustrous, Colorful Surfaces





3543 1875-S MS61 PCGS. The 1875-S Liberty double eagle claims a substantial mintage of more than 1.2 million pieces, making the issue reasonably available in lower Mint State grades. This impressive MS61 example exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks and luster grazes for the grade. NGC ID# 26AU, PCGS# 8975

1876-CC Double Eagle, XF45 **Soft Luster Remains**





3544 1876-CC XF45 NGC. Variety 1-A. The natural orange-gold surfaces show a light accumulation of grime from circulation or bag transport, to be expected and a reassuring confirmation of the original patina for this Choice XF twenty. Some reflectivity remains beneath lightly abraded fields. This is a pleasing double eagle for the grade and an excellent addition to any circulated twenty dollar gold set or Carson City collection. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

1876-CC Liberty Twenty, AU Details Popular Carson City Issue





3545 1876-CC — Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Variety 1-A. The 1876-CC Liberty double eagle claims the largest mintage of the Carson City series, at 138,441 pieces and 11 different die varieties have been identified for the issue. This coin represents Variety 1-A, with die lines below the B and E in LIBERTY. Only light wear is evident on the design elements of this lightly abraded orange-gold specimen and traces of original mint luster cling to the devices, despite the noted cleaning.

1890-CC Liberty Double Eagle, AU55 Popular Carson City Type Coin





3546 1890-CC AU55 NGC. Variety 1-A. From a late State of the dies, this impressive Choice AU specimen shows some loss of detail in the rays and eagle's tail, due to lapping, but only a trace of actual wear is evident on the high points of the strongly impressed design elements. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded and retain traces of original mint luster around the devices. From a mintage of 91,209 pieces.

NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014

1894 Twenty Dollar, MS63 Sharp Type Three Example





3547 1894 MS63 PCGS. The MS63 grade is the last readily available designation before the 1894 double eagle becomes truly scarce and expensive. This Select Uncirculated coin is a quality representative a comparatively plentiful grade level, displaying antique-gold surfaces and a sharp Mint State strike. Glistening mint luster shines brightly, while marks and abrasions are few and far between. NGC ID# 26CB, PCGS# 9025

1894 Double Eagle, MS63 Scarce in Finer Grades





3548 1894 MS63 NGC. Surviving examples from the mintage of 1,368,990 Philadelphia Mint double eagles that were struck in 1894 are typically AU or low Mint State and this issue has an average certified grade of just over MS61. The present Select Mint State example is better than most, with just 166 numerically finer NGCcertified submissions (2/24). This brilliant example has pleasing surfaces and frosty pink-gold luster. NGC ID# 26CB, PCGS# 9025

1894 Liberty Double Eagle, MS63 Challenging Issue in Finer Grades





3549 1894 MS63 NGC. CAC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial production of more than 1.3 million Liberty double eagles in 1894 and the issue is readily collectible at the MS63 grade level, but it becomes elusive in higher grades. This impressive Select example displays sharply detailed design elements throughout and the lightly marked orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC. NGC ID# 26CB, PCGS# 9025

1894-S Double Eagle, MS63 Sharply Detailed, Lustrous Example





3550 1894-S MS63 NGC. The 1894-S Liberty double eagle claims a substantial mintage of more than 1 million pieces, making the issue relatively available in Mint State, and a popular choice with type collectors. This impressive Select specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and lightly marked orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and ample eye appeal. NGC ID# 26CC, PCGS# 9026

1895-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS63 Popular S-Mint Type Coin





3551 1895-S MS63 NGC. From a substantial mintage of more than 1.1 million pieces, the 1895-S Liberty double eagle is not difficult to locate in Mint State condition, making it a popular issue with type collectors. This impressive Select example displays sharply detailed design elements and lightly marked orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 26CE, PCGS# 9028

1895-S Liberty Twenty, MS63 Lustrous and Lightly Marked





3552 1895-S MS63 NGC. The California branch mint manufactured more than 1.1 million Liberty Head twenties in 1895 but MS63 is the highest grade for which the issue is readily collectible. Each side of this impressive Select specimen showcases characteristically frosty mint luster over lightly marked orange-gold surfaces. The design elements are sharply detailed and overall eye appeal is outstanding.

NGC ID# 26CE, PCGS# 9028

1895-S Liberty Head Twenty, MS63 Lustrous and Appealing





3553 1895-S MS63 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint struck more than 1.1 million pieces and while this S-mint double eagle is available through the MS63 grade, it becomes scarce any finer. A few tiny marks dot the surfaces of this Select Uncirculated example, yet the fields remain lustrous and frosty and eye appeal is undeniably strong. The strike is needle-sharp throughout both sides. NGC ID# 26CE, PCGS# 9028

1896 Liberty Double Eagle, MS63 Popular Type Three Issue





3554 1896 MS63 NGC. From a substantial mintage of 792,500 pieces, the 1896 Liberty double eagle is an available issue in Mint State grades and a popular choice with type collectors. This attractive Select specimen exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the lightly marked peach-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. This coin will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of Liberty twenties.

NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 9029

1896 Twenty Dollar, MS64 Rare Any Finer





3555 1896 MS64 NGC. This available Philadelphia issue is typically seen in grades through MS63 and MS64, but higher-end pieces are rare with only 10 reported at NGC (12/23). This accessible near-Gem displays well-struck motifs and satiny sunset-gold luster. Much of each side is clean or nearly so, although a singular mark in the upper portion of Liberty's hair serves as a pedigree marker. NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 9029

1896-S Double Eagle, MS63 Swirling Mint Frost





3556 1896-S MS63 PCGS. The average 1896-S double eagle is heavily abraded even at the MS63 level, although this Select Uncirculated example shows remarkably few marks or abrasions. Thick mint frost dominates both sides with bold cartwheel luster radiating across the finely grained orange-gold surfaces. This S-mint twenty becomes scarce any finer.

NGC ID# 26CG, PCGS# 9030

1897-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS64 Rarely Offered Any Finer





3557 1897-S MS64 NGC. From a substantial mintage of more than 1.4 million pieces, the 1897-S Liberty double eagle is not difficult to locate at the MS64 grade level, but finer coins are rare. This attractive Choice example exhibits well-preserved peach-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed and eye appeal is outstanding. NGC has graded 27 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 26CJ, PCGS# 9032

1897-S Liberty Twenty, MS64 Rich Original Color





3558 1897-S MS64 NGC. The 1897-S Liberty Head double eagle boasts a substantial mintage of 1.4 million coins, but the issue is still rare any finer than MS64. The present near-Gem exhibits well-preserved peach-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and only minor signs of contact. The design elements are sharply detailed, adding to the outstanding visual appeal. NGC has graded 27 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 26Cl, PCGS# 9032

1898 Double Eagle, MS62 Pleasing for the Grade





3559 1898 MS62 NGC. While Philadelphia Mint double eagle production averaged more than 1 million pieces per year in the late 1890s, the 1898 issue saw only 170,300 pieces produced. While available through the MS62 grade, finer examples are scarce. This MS62 coin is minimally marked and attractive for the assigned grade. A sharp strike adds both technical and visual merit and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces are brightly lustrous. NGC ID# 26CK, PCGS# 9033

1898-S Twenty Dollar, MS64 Original, Vibrant Mint Luster





3560 1898-S MS64 NGC. Vibrant orange-gold luster radiates from both sides of this Choice Uncirculated double eagle. The San Francisco mint struck more than 2.5 million twenty dollar gold pieces in 1898. Accordingly, Mint State examples are readily available through the MS64 grade before the population plunges at the MS65 level. This razor-sharp example fits nicely in any high-grade gold accumulation or collection.

NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

1898-S Double Eagle, MS64 Ideal Branch Mint Type Coin





3561 1898-S MS64 PCGS. A large mintage exceeding 2.5 million pieces makes the 1898-S an available San Francisco Mint date regardless of grade. This near-Gem example offers excellent value for the dollar, with minimally marked surfaces and lightly frosted orange-gold color. Bright mint luster illuminates a sharp strike on both sides.

NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

1898-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS64 Sharply Detailed, Lustrous Example





3562 1898-S MS64 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint struck a large production of more than 2.5 million Liberty double eagles in 1898, making the issue readily available at the MS64 grade level, but it becomes scarce in finer grades. This attractive Choice specimen offers sharply detailed design elements throughout and the vivid orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and appealing. Only minor signs of contact are evident and eye appeal is terrific.

NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

1898-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS65 Extremely Rare Any Finer





3563 1898-S MS65 NGC. From a substantial mintage of more than 2.5 million pieces, the 1898-S Liberty double eagle is readily collectible in grades up to the MS64 level, but Gems are scarce, and finer coins are prime condition rarities. This spectacular Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved orangegold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and terrific eye appeal. NGC has graded three numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

1899 Twenty Dollar, MS64 Ideal 19th Century Type Coin





3564 1899 MS64 PCGS. Scarce in Gem and finer conditions. the 1899 double eagle becomes noticeably challenging at the near-Gem level. This is a richly frosted MS64 example that displays rose and lilac overtones across sharply struck and highly lustrous surfaces. Light luster grazes and a tiny grease mark near Liberty's chin do not diminish the overall orange-gold eye appeal. Only about .3% of the nearly 1.7 million-piece mintage survives at this grade or finer. NGC ID# 26CM, PCGS# 9035

1900 Double Eagle, MS65 Rich Orange-Gold Color





3565 1900 MS65 NGC. Although several hundred 1900 Gem Uncirculated double eagles are certified by the grading services, examples any finer are few. NGC reports only nine numerically finer pieces, plus 28 in 65+ and one in 65★ (2/24). This MS65 coin is a smoothly lustrous and sharply struck coin, with variegated shades of orange-gold color and only a few tiny marks. Semireflective fields radiate flashy gold luster. NGC ID# 26CP, PCGS# 9037

1900-S Double Eagle, MS63 Excellent Color and Luster





3566 1900-S MS63 PCGS. Frosty mint luster radiates from this orangegold 1900-S twenty. Although plentiful up to the MS63 grade, this San Francisco double eagle becomes scarce any finer. The present Select Uncirculated example has claims to an even finer grade, with a needle-sharp strike and remarkably few obverse abrasions on the partially reflective fields. The reverse harbors a few tiny marks. NGC ID# 26CR, PCGS# 9038

1900-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS63+ CAC-Endorsed Quality





3567 1900-S MS63+ PCGS. CAC. Ex: Fairmont Collection. From an adequate mintage of more than 2.4 million pieces, the 1900-S Liberty double eagle is still readily collectible at the MS63 grade level, but it becomes elusive in finer grades. This Plus-graded Select example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lightly marked orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 26CR, PCGS# 9038

1903 Liberty Double Eagle, MS65 Rarely Seen Finer





3568 1903 MS65 NGC. From a fairly modest mintage of 287,428 pieces, the 1903 Liberty double eagle is not difficult to locate at the MS65 grade level, but finer coins are rare. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the well-preserved yellow-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. NGC has graded 18 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# 26CW, PCGS# 9043

1904 Twenty Dollar, MS64 CAC Approved, Luminous Surfaces





3569 1904 MS64 NGC. CAC. The availability of the 1904 Liberty double eagle in MS64 makes these coins popular with type collectors and gold investors. This piece is CAC endorsed, which sets it apart from the majority of its peers, which are many. Sharp motifs and satiny orange-gold luster complement a lack of serious abrasions. A few faint marks on Liberty's cheek prevent Gem classification. Housed in a former generation holder. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Liberty Double Eagle, MS64 Exceptional Type Coin, CAC Approved





3570 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1904 Liberty double eagle claims a substantial mintage of more than 6.2 million pieces, making the issue readily available in high grade and a popular choice with type collectors. This impressive Choice example exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. Overall eye appeal is outstanding and the high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Liberty Double Eagle, MS65+ A Type Collector Favorite





3571 1904 MS65+ PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck more than 6.2 million Liberty double eagles in 1904, making the issue readily available in high grade and a popular choice with type collectors. This Plus-graded Gem displays razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Double Eagle, MS65+ Lustrous and Well Preserved





3572 1904 MS65+ PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint struck a substantial production of more than 6.2 million Liberty double eagles in 1904, making the issue readily collectible in high grade. The availability of the 1904 Liberty double eagle makes this issue ideal for type collectors. The current example offers heightened quality over the typical MS65 coin, earning the PCGS Plus designation. Softly frosted luster forms vibrant cartwheel bands around each side, while rich peach-gold color complements the aesthetics. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Liberty Double Eagle, MS65 Excellent CAC-Approved Type Coin





3573 1904 MS65 PCGS. CAC. This sharply detailed Gem would serve as an ideal type coin, deriving from a monumental production of more than 6.2 million pieces — the highest in the series. Each side glows with frosty luster and natural orange-gold color. Beautifully preserved, even for this lofty grade. The high quality within the grade is confirmed by CAC.
NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Double Eagle, MS66 Quintessential Type Issue





3574 1904 MS66 PCGS. The quintessential Type Three Liberty Head double eagle issue, the 1904 was struck in a prodigious amount exceeding 6.2 million coins. Only a minute portion of survivors attain the MS66 level. This Premium Gem example is an ideal type coin, showing effulgent luster over reddish-orange surfaces that are well-struck and free of all but inconsequential contact. PCGS has seen only three numerically finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1905-S Twenty Dollar Liberty, MS63 Vibrant Mint-Fresh Luster





3575 1905-S MS63 PCGS. While the 1.8+ million-piece mintage makes the 1905-S double eagle is collectible in lower Mint State grades, but becomes increasingly scarce above the MS63 grade. This is a flashy Select Uncirculated example with bright cartwheel mint luster and frosty orange-gold surfaces. The strike is razor-sharp and only scattered light abrasions determine the assigned grade. NGC ID# 26D3, PCGS# 9048

1905-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS62 Rare Prooflike Specimen





3576 1905-S MS62 Prooflike NGC. The 1905-S Liberty double eagle claims a substantial mintage of more than 1.8 million pieces, making it an available issue in high grade, but examples with Prooflike surfaces are extremely rare. This spectacular MS62 specimen features sharply detailed, frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply reflective fields. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks and hairlines for the grade. Census: 7 in 62 Prooflike, 3 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26D3, PCGS# 89048 Base PCGS# 9048

1906 Liberty Double Eagle, MS62+ Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue





3577 1906 MS62+ PCGS. The 1906 Liberty double eagle is always popular with collectors, due to its low mintage of 69,596 pieces. The issue remains collectible at the MS62 grade level, but it becomes scarce in higher grades. This Plus-graded MS62 specimen offers sharply detailed design elements throughout and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade. NGC ID# 26D4, PCGS# 9049

1907-D Liberty Double Eagle, MS65 Final Date of Design





3578 1907-D MS65 NGC. The long-running Liberty design was retired on the double eagle in 1907, when the Mint switched to the popular Saint-Gaudens motif. However, before the switch, the Denver Mint struck a substantial mintage of 842,250 examples of the old design. The 1907-D Liberty double eagle becomes scarce at the MS65 grade level today, and finer coins are definitely elusive. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. NGC has certified 43 numerically finer examples (2/24).

NGC ID# 26D8, PCGS# 9053

HIGH RELIEF DOUBLE EAGLE

1907 Flat Rim High Relief Twenty AU Details





3579 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The Flat Rim variant of the High Relief Saint is scarcer than its Wire Rim counterpart. This AU-level example displays bold definition with little obvious wear across its bronzegold surfaces. The fields are lightly smoothed from an attempt to efface minor abrasions, and while not numerically graded, this coin retains some appeal for the unaided eye.

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES

1907 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 Arabic Date Type Coin





3580 1907 MS65 PCGS. Lustrous surfaces yield a radiant cartwheel effect on each side of this Gem 1907 Arabic Date Saint-Gaudens twenty. Well-struck devices add to the eye appeal. The fields are mostly clean, while a few light marks on the high points of Liberty's figure prevent a finer numeric grade. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

1907 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Favorite No Motto Type Coin





3581 1907 MS65 PCGS. From a mintage of 361,667 pieces, the 1907 Arabic Numerals double eagle is always popular as the first year of Augustus Saint-Gaudens' iconic design. This delightful Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces that are free of mentionable distractions. Overall eye appeal is outstanding.

NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

1908 Double Eagle, MS66 Lustrous No Motto Type





3582 1908 No Motto MS66 NGC. Vibrant apricot-gold luster and luminous fields produce a radiant cartwheel effect on this Premium Gem No Motto type coin. The strike is bold, and eye appeal is excellent. No significant abrasions are present at this grade level, making the current coin much more appealing than lower-grade pieces. The coin is housed in a previous generation NGC holder with an intact hologram on the back. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908 No Motto Twenty Dollar, MS66 Excellent Eye Appeal





3583 1908 No Motto MS66 NGC. Long Rays Obverse. The 1908 No Motto double eagle is collectible in the highest levels of Mint State, making it an attractive issue for type purposes. This Premium Gem enjoys exceptionally unabraded surfaces, luminous yellow-gold color, and swirling mint frost. Eye appeal is tremendous. Ex: June Signature (Heritage, 6/2021), lot 3706. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908 No Motto Twenty, MS66+ Attractive Color, Flashy Eye Appeal





3584 1908 No Motto MS66+ PCGS. Short Rays Obverse. The luster on this piece is incredibly attractive, characterized by glistening fields, no abrasions, and rich pumpkin-orange color. The devices are also well struck. This Plus-graded coin is easily among the most attractive Premium Gem 1908 No Motto double eagles we have seen.

NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908 No Motto Double Eagle, MS66★ Rarely Seen Star Designation





3585 1908 No Motto MS66★ NGC. The NGC Star designation sets this Premium Gem apart from most of its peers, being one of only 15 coins in this grade with that distinction. The coin is well struck and displays satiny peach-orange mint luster. A loupe reveals only minor handling marks, with no obtrusive abrasions. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908 No Motto Double Eagle, MS67 Exceptional Luster and Color





3586 1908 No Motto MS67 NGC. This Superb Gem No Motto twenty utilizes the Short Rays obverse. Both Short Rays and Long Rays varieties exist for the 1908 No Motto double eagles, easily identified by the distance from the branch stem to the ray below. The Capitol building is much sharper on the Short Rays coins, although the stars are blurry. Frosted orange-gold luster radiates from this coin, with only a few tiny marks and no distracting abrasions whatsoever. NGC reports only 17 numerically finer examples, plus 10 in 67+ and five in 67★ (2/24). NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908 No Motto Twenty, MS67 Remarkable Type Coin





3587 1908 No Motto MS67 PCGS. Short Rays Obverse. The notion that a coin of this size composed of a metal as soft as gold could survive 107 years unscathed is impressive. However, it is clearly possible, as evidenced by the outstanding quality of the 1908 No Motto twenties that composed the Wells Fargo Hoard. This Superb Gem likely derives from that holding, although there is no mention of it on the holder. Frosty luster swirls over orange and rose-gold surfaces that are nearly pristine. The torch hand, visage, and capitol building display a bold impression.

Ex: Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2015), lot 3446. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

1908-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS64+ Attractive No Motto Type Coin





3588 1908-D No Motto MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Long Rays Obverse. According to updated research by Roger Burdette, about 48% of the 1908-D No Motto twenties were struck from dies featuring the Long Rays obverse. The balance of the 1908-D No Motto mintage employs Short Rays dies. Both varieties become scarce in Gem Uncirculated condition, making this frosty near-Gem example — with its PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement — a perceptive alternative to the relatively few (and significantly more expensive) MS65 coins that survive. Gleaming orange-gold surfaces show only a few tiny marks and a sharp strike appears throughout both the obverse and the reverse. NGC ID# 26F7, PCGS# 9143

1909-S/S Double Eagle, MS65 FS-501, Prominently Repunched Mintmark





3589 1909-S/S FS-501 MS65 NGC. Several repunched mintmark varieties exist on the 1909-S Saint Gaudens twenties, making an interesting subset for detail-minded double eagle collectors. This Cherrypickers' variety shows slight rotation of the underlying S compared to the primary S. This is a frosty Gem Uncirculated example, with nearly mark-free fields and a sharper strike than usually seen. Only the top of the torch is a bit weak — the torch hand is full-fingered.

NGC ID# 26FE, PCGS# 145741 Base PCGS# 9153

1910 Twenty Dollar, MS64 Collectible Early Type Coin CAC Approved





3590 1910 MS64 PCGS. CAC. About 15,000 1910 double eagles returned from foreign holdings, making up about 94% of this date's total surviving population. This is frosted orange-gold example with gleaming mint luster and only minor abrasions, indicating it may be one of the few survivors not showing frequent marks from handling and transport. Other than a pair of alloy spots in the left obverse field and a bit of bag grime on Liberty's knee, shin, and gown, there are no significant interruptions to the lustrous and appealing surfaces. CAC endorsement confirms high quality for the grade. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154

1911-D Twenty Dollar, MS65 Attractive Mint Luster





3591 1911-D MS65 NGC. This Denver issue is plentiful overall, but it remains a good choice for branch mint type collectors seeking a Gem early mintmarked issue. The current MS65 example displays radiant orange-gold luster and boldly struck central devices. No individually mentionable marks or significant abrasions are seen on either side of this frosty and attractive Denver Mint twenty. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

1911-D Twenty, MS65 Radiant Mint Luster





3592 1911-D MS65 NGC. At least half of the 846,500-piece mintage was used in foreign trade. About half of those coins went to Europe, where they usually "circulated" only between banks; conversely, the 200,000+ coins that went to Central and South America did not circulate at all and remained in their Mint-sewn bags. Perhaps as many as 23,000 1911-D twenties have returned to the United States. This exceptional MS65 example may have been one of the relatively few coins saved domestically or, more likely, an example repatriated from south of the border. Frosty with radiant mint luster, there are no significant marks or abrasions on this sharply struck orange-gold Gem.

NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

1911-D Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65+ Lustrous and Well Preserved





3593 1911-D MS65+ PCGS. The Denver Mint struck a substantial production of 846,500 Saint-Gaudens double eagles in 1911, making the issue relatively available at the MS65 grade level and a popular choice with branch mint type collectors. This Plus-graded Gem exhibits radiant satiny mint luster that washes over smooth golden-orange surfaces. Liberty's face and torch fingers, as well as the Capitol and other design elements show bold detail. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

1911-D Double Eagle, Lustrous MS66 Exceptional Strike and Surface Quality





3594 1911-D MS66 NGC. A hint of pale-rose color complements the frosty, wheat-gold surfaces of this Premium Gem 1911-D twenty. A notably sharp strike accompanies finely grained, essentially unmarked surfaces. Roger Burdette's research concludes about 23,000 1911-D double eagles returned from foreign holdings. An unknown portion of the 846,500-piece mintage may have been lost to the 1930s gold melts. Many examples survive today including up through the MS66 level, but NGC reports only 43 pieces in a numerically finer grade (1/24).

NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

1911-D/D Twenty Dollar, MS64 Repunched Mintmark





3595 1911-D/D FS-501 MS64 NGC. This is one of the few Saint-Gaudens double eagle Cherrypickers' varieties, with a Mint anomaly interesting enough to be given a number (FS-501). A secondary D is clearly visible east of the primary mintmark — widely enough repunched to stop the eye. It appears here on a near-Gem 1911-D that displays frosted orange-gold color and the usual Denver sharp strike. Cartwheel mint luster adds to the eye appeal.

NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 145010 Base PCGS# 9158

1911-D/D FS-501, MS66 Impressive High-Grade Example Repunched Mintmark





3596 1911-D/D FS-501 MS66 NGC. This Cherrypickers' variety shows the mintmark widely repunched east. The 1911-D is often found in high grades and this Premium Gem is no exception. The frosted surfaces display rich orange-gold color and swirling mint luster for outstanding eye appeal. A sharp strike defines the torch flame, Liberty's torch hand, the Capitol building, and Liberty's toes. A few tiny ticks exist, but they are well-hidden in the gown folds and eagle's plumage. NGC reports only five numerically finer examples plus 10 in 66+ and one in 66★ (2/24).

NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 145010 Base PCGS# 9158

1911-D/D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66 Popular Cherrypickers' Variety, FS-501





3597 1911-D/D FS-501 MS66 NGC. This popular Cherrypickers' variety shows the mintmark repunched, with the secondary impression east of the primary D. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. Census: 73 in 66 (10 in 66+, 1 in 66★), 5 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 145010 Base PCGS# 9158

1911-D/D Twenty Dollar, MS66 Prominent Repunched Mintmark





3598 1911-D/D FS-501 MS66 NGC. A dramatic repunched mintmark gives this variety its appeal. The current Premium Gem example displays radiant honey-gold luster with only faint marks. The strike is bold, and overall eye appeal is pleasing for the issue. Attributed FS-501 coins are scarce in MS66 and prohibitively rare any finer. Census (FS-501): 73 in 66 (10 in 66+, 1 in 66★), 5 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 145010 Base PCGS# 9158

1913-D Twenty Dollar, MS64 Pleasing Natural Color





3599 1913-D MS64 PCGS. This early Denver issue is collectible in most Mint State grades, though it becomes increasingly elusive in Gem and better grades. This Choice coin displays original straw-gold luster with scattered light marks that prevent Gem classification. The strike is bold throughout. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

1913-D Double Eagle, MS65 Rare Any Finer





3600 1913-D MS65 NGC. This Gem specimen possesses vibrant luster and attractive apricot-gold surfaces. The design features are well brought up, including sharp definition on the Capitol building, and on Liberty's face, fingers, and toes. A few unobtrusive, minute marks on Liberty's motif are consistent with the grade level. The '13-D is an elusive issue in higher grades. NGC has certified 13 numerically finer examples (2/24).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 5943. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

1913-S Double Eagle, MS63+ Important Plus Designation of Quality





3601 1913-S MS63+ PCGS. The 1913-S boasts an enticingly low mintage of only 34,000 coins, and it is appropriately less available overall than most later dates. However, Mint State coins in median grades like MS63 are usually accessible. This coin stands out as one of just 18 pieces in MS63 with a Plus designation at PCGS (2/24). Satiny orange-gold luster complements well-defined motifs, while light abrasions are not bothersome. NGC ID# 26FR, PCGS# 9163

1914-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Well-Preserved Surfaces





3602 1914-D MS65 NGC. With a reported mintage of 453,000 pieces, only about 500 pieces survive from domestic distribution and approximately 13,000 pieces have returned from foreign holdings. This is a frosty Gem Uncirculated example that displays a sharp strike and only a few tiny ticks on the lustrous, orange-gold surfaces. While MS65 pieces remain relatively available and affordable, the 1914-D becomes much more challenging any finer. NGC reports only 72 finer examples, plus 15 in 65+ and a single 65★ coin (2/24).

NGC ID# 26FT, PCGS# 9165

1914-D Twenty Dollar, MS65 Challenging Any Finer





3603 1914-D MS65 PCGS. A boldly struck Gem example of this Denver issue, showing traditional satiny luster bathed in rich orange- and honey-gold hues. A few minor abrasions are not out of line for the grade. This Denver date is plentiful in MS65, but finer pieces are infrequently offered and will be out of reach for many collectors. NGC ID# 26FT, PCGS# 9165

1914-S Double Eagle, MS65 Luminous and Eye-Appealing





3604 1914-S MS65 PCGS. Ex: Rive d'Or Collection. The 1914-S double eagle is plentiful in MS65 but scarce finer, particularly in a PCGS holder. This is an attractive Gem with luminous orange-gold surfaces and unabraded fields. The top of the torch is a little soft, but the figure and eagle are well defined. NGC ID# 26FU, PCGS# 9166

1914-S Double Eagle, MS66 Only One Coin Numerically Finer





3605 1914-S MS66 NGC. This San Francisco is easily available up through the Gem Uncirculated grade, but Premium Gems such as this coin become scarce and finer examples are prohibitively rare. This is a super-frosty orange-gold coin with a sharp enough strike to please high-end collectors and a mere one or two minor marks. The finely textured surfaces are attractive and eye appeal is abundant. NGC reports a single finer example, plus eight coins in 66+, one in 66★, and another one in 66+★ (2/24). NGC ID# 26FU, PCGS# 9166

1914-S Twenty Dollar, MS66 Few Are Finer





3606 1914-S MS66 PCGS. The 1914-S Saint-Gaudens twenty is great for type set purposes or for those brave souls working on a complete set. This example exhibits surfaces that are remarkably free of marks. The coloration is attractive orange-gold accented with occasional hints of lilac. Minor strike softness appears around the peripheries — often seen on this issue — but the eye appeal is excellent. PCGS reports no numerically finer examples and seven in 66+ (2/24). Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2013), lot 3448; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2017), lot 5776; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2023), lot 4558. NGC ID# 26FU, PCGS# 9166

1914-S Double Eagle, MS66 None Numerically Finer at PCGS





3607 1914-S MS66 PCGS. This San Francisco issue is plentiful overall, coming from a mintage of nearly 1.5 million coins, although coins in MS66 are in the distinct minority, and PCGS has not certified a single example numerically finer (2/24). This orange-gold piece displays bold definition and well-preserved, satiny mint luster. NGC ID# 26FU, PCGS# 9166

1920 Double Eagle, MS64 Vibrant Luster, Few Are Finer





3608 1920 MS64 PCGS. This near-Gem double eagle displays brassygold color and has a sharper strike than often seen on a 1920 Saint. The few minor marks that exist are confined to the reverse. About 5.5% of the 228,250-piece mintage survives, with nearly 99% of those coins from foreign holdings. The absence of abrasions suggests this coin may be one of the many repatriates from South America exports (primarily to Argentina). PCGS reports only three numerically finer examples, plus 91 pieces in 64+ (2/24). NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

1920 Double Eagle, MS64 Choice Original Color





3609 1920 MS64 PCGS. Ex: Bella. The 1920 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is a famous condition key, plentiful in MS64 but prohibitively rare any finer. PCGS reports only three coins numerically superior to the current example (2/24). Original rose-gold and peachorange color complements satiny luster. Minor abrasions are not bothersome for the grade.

NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

1923-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Popular Branch Mint Type Coin





3610 1923-D MS65 NGC. Exceptional eye appeal is a common trait for 1923-D double eagles, and this Gem Uncirculated example certainly qualifies in that regard. The boldly struck surfaces are smooth and abundantly lustrous. While a few small marks are seen under a loupe, the sparkling orange-gold surfaces more than compensate. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

1923-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Excellent Branch Mint Type Coin





3611 1923-D MS65 NGC. Many 1923-D double eagles were shipped to South America, where they remained untouched for decades in original Mint bags until returned to the United States. Many exceptional Gem Uncirculated or finer examples trace to those memorable hoards. The 1923-D is the final mintmarked Saint-Gaudens issue that is easily available to collectors. It is also one of the best-produced and eye-appealing double eagles in the series. This frosted orange-gold example is sharply struck and shows only two or three tiny obverse marks. The reverse is equally pristine. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

1923-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Widely Popular Denver Issue





3612 1923-D MS65 NGC. In A Guide Book of Double Eagle Gold Coins, Q. David Bowers writes that despite the availability of the 1923-D in high grades: "... in relative terms examples of this Denver Mint double eagle are seen much less often than the contemporary Philadelphia Mint coins." This issue, therefore, is an ideal choice for the collector seeking an attractive, well-produced type representative of an issue that is obtainable but not overly common. The present example displays radiant apricot-gold luster. A bold strike complements the eye appeal.

Ex: Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Newman Collection, Part V (Heritage, 11/2014), lot 3426. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

1924 Twenty Dollar, MS66 Lustrous Double Eagle Type Coin





3613 1924 MS66 NGC. The 4.3 million-piece mintage was widely exported and more than 1.2 million pieces have since returned into U.S. hands. More than 17,000 examples of the surviving mintage are certified MS66 or finer, making the 1924 date a boon for collectors and gold accumulators. This is a frosty and supremely lustrous Premium Gem coin, with few marks and a comprehensively sharp strike. There are no individually significant marks or abrasions to report.

NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

1924 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66 Green Label Holder





3614 1924 MS66 PCGS. The 1924 is the ideal type coin option for budget-conscious collectors, as high-grade pieces can be acquired with little difficulty. The current coin is well struck and satiny with original straw-gold luster and mostly untouched surfaces. The coin is housed in a green label holder, which is severely cracked on the reverse viewing pane but still intact.
NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

1924 Double Eagle, MS66+ Brilliant Lemon-Gold Surfaces





3615 1924 MS66+ NGC. Brilliant lemon-gold surfaces are awash in cartwheel mint frost. The combined effect of color and luster, in tandem with a good strike and marvelous preservation, deliver extraordinary visual quality. The 1924 twenty proves collectible up to and including MS66 but becomes scarce any finer. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

1924-D Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS62+ Better Branch Mint Issue





3616 1924-D MS62+ NGC. From a large mintage of more than 3 million pieces, the 1924-D Saint-Gaudens double eagle is much more elusive than its large production total would suggest. Most of the coins were melted after the Gold Recall of 1933 took effect, but a limited number of pieces have been repatriated from European holdings over the years. This Plus-graded MS62 example offers sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces that are lightly marked for the grade. NGC ID# 26G8, PCGS# 9178

1925 Double Eagle, MS65 Sharply Defined





3617 1925 MS65 NGC. Type collectors often seek the Philadelphia Mint issues from 1924 through 1928 as affordable representatives of the famous Saint-Gaudens design. This straw-gold example features brilliant and frosty mint luster with bold design motifs. Scattered marks are consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

1925 Double Eagle, MS65 Autumn-Gold Luster





3618 1925 MS65 PCGS. This attractive satin Gem features a sharp strike with minuscule marks on its brilliant and lustrous autumngold surfaces. Trivial copper toning spots attest to its originality. The late David Akers wrote about the 1925 double eagle: "As a date, this is often lumped together with the likes of 1924, 1927 and 1928 but it is much more rare than those issues." NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

1925 Twenty Dollar, MS65 Philadelphia Mint Type Coin





3619 1925 MS65 PCGS. This Gem 1925 double eagle is in a plentiful grade for the issue, making it an excellent type coin option for collectors wanting a date that is not quite as common as the 1924 or 1927. Satiny sunset-gold luster and well-struck design elements comprise this coin's chief visual attributes. A single tiny mark in the field above Liberty's right (facing) arm serves as a pedigree marker. NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

1925-S Twenty Dollar, AU58 Most Luster Remains





3620 1925-S AU58 NGC. One of the challenging mintmarked issues from the mid-1920s, the 1925-S saw nearly its entire mintage wiped out by the 1930s Gold Recall. More than 3.4 million pieces of the 3.7 million original mintage are confirmed lost to melting. Most of the remaining mintage circulated domestically, since only 500 or so examples have returned from foreign holdings. This still-lustrous orange-gold coin is nearly Mint State, with remarkably unabraded surfaces from a short stint in circulation. The strike retains its bold definition.
NGC ID# 26GC, PCGS# 9182

1926 Double Eagle, MS65 Brilliant Autumn-Gold Luster





3621 1926 MS65 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint double eagles struck from 1924 through 1928 are popular with type collectors due to their availability in higher Mint State grades. This pleasing Gem features brilliant autumn-gold luster and sharp design details with trivial marks of little consequence that are primarily evident below the eagle's head and neck.
NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

1926 Twenty Dollar Saint-Gaudens Satiny MS65





3622 1926 MS65 PCGS. A richly colored orange-gold Gem example of this Philadelphia issue, with well-defined motifs and only a few small abrasions, which are mostly isolated to the high points of the devices. The 1926 is plentiful in this grade and even finer, making it a suitable type coin option.

NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

1926 Double Eagle, MS66 Rarely Finer





3623 1926 MS66 PCGS. Current certification data suggests that Premium Gem 1926 double eagles, such as the present example, are routinely available. However, higher grade examples are conditionally rare, with just seven numerically finer PCGS-certified examples (2/24). This brilliant beauty features sharp design details, inconsequential marks, and satin champagne-gold luster. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

1927 Twenty Dollar Saint-Gaudens, MS65 Vivid Coloration





3624 1927 MS65 PCGS. The bright, satiny mint luster of this Gem 1927 Saint-Gaudens double eagle displays rich tangerine-gold and light rose hues throughout, with no major abrasions. The design elements show bold definition, and only a few small surface marks are discernible. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186

1927 Double Eagle, MS65 **Excellent Eye Appeal**





3625 1927 MS65 PCGS. A high degree of eye appeal is featured on this lovely peach-gold double eagle that exhibits bold design definition and brilliant, satin luster. As a rule, 1927 double eagles present better eye appeal than most issues of the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series and are comparable to the 1923-D and 1928 double eagles in that regard.

NĞC ID# 26GĞ, PCGS# 9186

1928 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS66 **Exceptional Type Coin**





3626 1928 MS66 NGC. From a series-high mintage of more than 8.8 million pieces, the 1928 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is an available issue in high grade and a perennial favorite with type collectors. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved yellow-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

1928 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS66 Richly Colored Type Coin





3627 1928 MS66 PCGS. The 1928 is the last readily available date in the series, and it often comes with strong eye appeal, making it ideal for the type collector. This Premium Gem representative displays rich orange-gold patina with hints of lilac, illuminated by vibrant cartwheel luster. A bold strike adds to the appeal. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

1928 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS66+ Outstanding CAC-Approved Type Coin





3628 1928 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The 1928 Saint-Gaudens double eagle was produced in huge numbers (more than 8.8 million pieces struck), making the issue readily available in high grade and a favorite choice of type collectors. This Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides. The outstanding eye appeal and high quality within the grade are confirmed by CAC.

NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

1928 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS66+ Frosty CAC Type Coin





3629 1928 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The 1928 is a popular type coin, particularly in the MS66 and better grades where many other issues are not readily available. This piece displays frosty orange-gold luster and boldly struck devices. The fields are almost entirely unabraded, with just a few light marks on the high points of the devices preventing a full Superb Gem classification. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER

1893 Isabella Quarter, MS66+ Beautifully Toned Original Luster





3630 1893 Isabella Quarter MS66+ NGC. CAC. While the 1893 Isabella quarter is relatively plentiful in MS66, only a handful of coins in this grade at NGC are Plus designated. The current coin is vibrantly lustrous with original, softly frosted cartwheel bands. A sharp strike adds to the appeal. Natural blue-green, lilac, and champagne toning covers each side. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

1938-S Arkansas Half Dollar, MS67 One of the Finest Certified





3631 1938-S Arkansas MS67 NGC. This art deco-inspired design by Edward E. Burr displays an Indian chief and an Arkansas youth on the obverse, with stylized elements of the Arkansas state seal on the reverse. Superb Gem examples of this low-mintage 1938-S issue are rare. The smooth and lustrous, silver-gray surfaces are especially bold for this strike-challenged issue. Census: 9 in 67 (1 in 67★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYFH, PCGS# 9247

1937-S Boone Half Dollar, MS68 Rare, Among the Finest Known





3632 1937-S Boone MS68 NGC. Artist Augustus Lukeman's depiction of Daniel Boone graces the long-running 1934-1938 P-D-S half dollar series. This remarkable Superb Gem 1937-S displays the smooth and satiny finish typical of the later years in the series, although it is intensely lustrous and well-struck compared to the vast majority of examples. Yellow-gold, lilac and orange toning visits both sides of this exquisite Daniel Boone half. It surely ranks among the finest-known not only for the 1937-S, but for the entire series. Census: 7 in 68 (1 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYG5, PCGS# 9272

1936 Columbia Half Dollar, MS68 Among the Finest Certified





3633 1936 Columbia MS68 PCGS. Original gold and lilac-silver patina displays soft, glowing luster on this splendid Superb Gem Columbia commemorative half dollar. Designed by A. Wolfe Davidson and celebrating South Carolina's Sesquicentennial, the sharply struck figure of Justice stands with sword and scales in hand. The reverse depicts a stately palmetto tree surrounded by 13 stars. The frosty surfaces are immaculate and highly attractive. Population: 7 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24).
NGC ID# BYGC, PCGS# 9291

1936-D Columbia Half, MS68 Outstanding Original Surfaces





3634 1936-D Columbia MS68 NGC. In addition to the exceptional state of preservation that earns this coin the lofty MS68 grade, this coin displays blatantly original luster cast in an ivory "skin" overall with russet freckles around the borders. The strike is extra-sharp for the issue, which often shows weakness on the visage of Justice and at the palmetto tree foliage. The 1936-D Columbia half dollar is scarce this fine, and no numerically higher-grade coins are reported. Census: 69 in 68 (4 in 68+, 27 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYGD, PCGS# 9292

1936-D Columbia Half Dollar, MS68 Top-Grade Registry Candidate





3635 1936-D Columbia MS68 PCGS. The 1936-D Columbia half dollar survivorship is well dispersed from MS63 to MS67, but MS68 coins are scarce. This piece is among the finest examples of the date numerically graded (6/23). Sharp motifs and satiny luster complement old-time amber-red, gold, and lilac border toning, leaving the interiors with a delicate iridescent hue. Population: 54 in 68 (10 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYGD, PCGS# 9292

1936 Elgin Half Dollar, MS68 Frosty and Pristine





3636 1936 Elgin MS68 NGC. The Elgin half dollar has distinctively frosty mint luster compared to other classic commemoratives of the period, and that luster is almost flawlessly preserved on this piece. Brilliant surfaces feature boldly struck devices, and the luminous cartwheel effect is most pleasing. Few examples are certified finer, with none in higher grades. Census: 14 in 68 (7 in 68★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYGK, PCGS# 9303

1918 Illinois Centennial Half, MS67+ Few Known Finer, CAC Endorsed





3637 1918 Lincoln MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Semireflective fields surround the bareheaded and beardless portrait of Abraham Lincoln. George T. Morgan and John R. Sinnock collaborated on the design, with Sinnock responsible for the fierce eagle reverse motif. This high-end Superb Gem example displays lilac-gray and tan-gold obverse toning with underlying iridescence. Faint golden toning decorates the reverse. The PCGS Plus designation with CAC endorsement places this MS67+ coin easily within reach of the finest-known survivors. Population: 41 in 67+, 7 finer. CAC: 51 in 67, 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYGU, PCGS# 9320

1921 Missouri Half Dollar, MS66 Sought-After 2x4 Variant





3638 1921 Missouri 2x4 MS66 NGC. Subtle iridescence covers both sides of this pleasing Premium Gem Missouri Centennial half dollar. This is the 2★4 variety, located in the left obverse field below the frontiersman's chin, indicating Missouri's place as the 24th star on the United States flag. As always, slight weakness exists on Daniel Boone's coonskin cap and the hair behind the ear. All else is sharp. Soft luster glows beneath lilac, gold, and orange hues. Census: 58 in 66 (7 in 66+), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYH2, PCGS# 9331

1926-S Oregon Trail Half Dollar, MS68 Colorful Iridescence





3639 1926-S Oregon MS68 PCGS. From a substantial distribution of 83,055 pieces, the 1926-S Oregon Trail half dollar is still an elusive issue at the MS68 grade level, and no numerically finer coins have been certified at either of the leading grading services. This spectacular MS68 example exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the virtually pristine surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, under attractive shades of cerulean-blue, magenta, and sea-green toning. Population: 16 in 68 (2 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYH7, PCGS# 9341

1915-S Pan-Pac Half Dollar, MS66 Lovely Original Toning





3640 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS66 PCGS. CAC. The goddess Columbia scatters flowers from a child's cornucopia on the obverse, while the reverse features a spread-wing eagle perched on a shield. Charles E. Barber and George T. Morgan collaborated on the design distributed by Farran Zerbe for the 1915 Panama-Pacific Exposition. Most examples survive in grades of AU50 to MS63, although this Premium Gem is far finer than that. Attractive ice-blue and lilac toning dapples each side, with silver luster shining through. The eagle's plumage is sharp for the issue. CAC endorsement recognizes the high quality.

NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357

1926 Sesquicentennial Half Dollar, MS66 Conditionally Scarce





3641 1926 Sesquicentennial MS66 NGC. The conjoined portraits of George Washington and Calvin Coolidge dominate the obverse, while the Liberty Bell serves as the main reverse motif. Designed by John R. Sinnock, this American Sesquicentennial half dollar displays highly lustrous and smooth, satiny surfaces with widely scattered flecks of deep-gray patina. An ambitious million-piece mintage resulted in a net distribution of 141,120 coins — the rest were melted. This classic commemorative is seldom seen any finer. Census: 39 in 66 (3 in 66+, 6 in 66★, 1 in 66+★), 1 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYJ4, PCGS# 9374

1934 Texas Centennial Half, MS68 Vivid Obverse Border Toning Tied for Finest Known





642 1934 Texas MS68 NGC. The debut issue in the Texas Centennial half dollar series is scarce in MS67 and a major rarity in MS68, with no numerically finer coins reported. This top-grade piece displays satiny ivory-white luster with vivid multicolor toning around the obverse border. A bold strike and pristine surfaces complete the eye appeal. Census: 4 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYJ7, PCGS# 9381

1936-S Texas Centennial Half Dollar, MS68 Among the Finest Certified





3643 1936-S Texas MS68 NGC. The 1936-S Texas Centennial half dollar is usually available in lower grades, but this high-end Superb Gem example is a condition rarity and among the finest examples certified. The coin is essentially pristine and well struck, with outstanding originality. Ivory-white interiors cede to russet border toning. Eye appeal is excellent. Census: 11 in 68 (1 in 68+★), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYJG, PCGS# 9388

1937 Texas Half Dollar, MS68 Exceptionally Sharp Strike





3644 1937 Texas MS68 PCGS. A perched eagle sits in front of the five-pointed Texas star on the obverse, while numerous Texan icons flank the goddess of Victory, kneeling on the reverse foreground. This Superb Gem example is one of the finest known, exceeded by a single 68+ at PCGS, while NGC has certified none finer. Brilliant silver luster illuminates the medallic design while a faint golden tinge confirms original, sharply struck surfaces throughout both sides. Population: 10 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYJH, PCGS# 9390

1927 Vermont Commemorative Half, MS67 Extremely Rare Any Finer





3645 1927 Vermont MS67 PCGS. The Vermont Sesquicentennial displays the highest relief of any classic commemorative half dollar. The obverse shows a bewigged Ira Allen, the "Founder of Vermont," while the reverse features a stalking catamount (mountain lion). Scarce any finer than Gem Uncirculated, this Superb Gem is brilliant and deeply struck. The catamount's upper shoulder is fully muscled. PCGS reports only three numerically finer examples, plus 18 in 67+ (2/24).

NGC ID# BYJR, PCGS# 9401

1954 Washington-Carver Half, MS67 Among the Few Finest-Graded





3646 1954 Washington-Carver MS67 NGC. Issued from 1951 to 1954 from all three Mints (P-D-S), the Washington-Carver half dollars were authorized by President Harry Truman in 1951. This commemorative is challenging in high grades throughout the series, including the final-year Philadelphia issue with a net mintage of 12,006 pieces. Colorful iridescent toning blankets the obverse, while the reverse is pale-gold and frosty. The lustrous surfaces are essentially mark-free and attractive. Census: 12 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYL9, PCGS# 9442

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD

1903 Louisiana Purchase Gold Dollar, MS67+ McKinley Obverse





3647 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. A bright, brilliant Superb Gem example of this McKinley variant of the Louisiana Purchase gold dollar. The strike is sharp in the centers, while slight softness appears around the border dentils. Eye appeal and preservation are outstanding. This issue is occasionally available in MS67, but seldom are Plus-designated pieces seen, and NGC reports only 12 numerically finer examples (2/24). NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

1903 McKinley Gold Dollar, MS67+ High-End Louisiana Purchase Issue





3648 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. An estimated mintage of 17,500 McKinley gold dollars dated 1903 saw only indifferent acceptance at its \$3.00 purchase price as offered by Farran Zerbe. Most of the coins sold are in high grades today, led by a few high-end Superb Gems such as this extremely sharp and attractive example. Fulsome mint luster glows from the finely grained, rich-gold surfaces. Census: 26 in 67+, 1 in 67★, 1 in 67+★, 12 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

1903 Louisiana Purchase Gold Dollar, MS67+ Spectacular McKinley Version





3649 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. The 1803 Louisiana Purchase virtually doubled the size of the United States and allowed access to the Mississippi River and the port of New Orleans without French restrictions. A century later, the Louisiana Purchase Exposition (also known as the St. Louis World's Fair) opened in 1904, with Farran Zerbe marketing gold dollars dated 1903 featuring both Thomas Jefferson and William McKinley varieties. This high-end Superb Gem McKinley gold dollar displays a needle-sharp strike and nearly flawless, mediumgold surfaces while offering outstanding eye appeal. Census: 26 in 67+, 1 in 67+, 1 in 67+, 12 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66 Scarce in Finer Grades





3650 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 NGC. From a distribution of 10,025 pieces, the 1904 Lewis and Clark gold dollar is still collectible at the MS66 grade level, but finer coins are decidedly elusive. This spectacular Premium Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and virtually flawless orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. NGC reports 34 numerically finer examples, plus 15 in 66+, 12 in 66★, and one in 66+★(2/24).

NGC ID# BYLF, PCGS# 7447

1904 Gold Dollar, MS66 Initial Lewis and Clark Issue





3651 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 NGC. The Lewis and Clark Exposition gold dollar was issued over a two-year period in 1904 and 1905. Charles E. Barber designed the bareheaded portraits of Meriwether Lewis and William Clark, inspired by the works of Charles Willson Peale. Both the 1904 and 1905 issues had a net distribution just over 10,000 pieces each, although the 1904 issue is slightly scarcer than the 1905. This Premium Gem example is sharply defined and immersed in vibrant, medium-gold satiny luster. Light granularity at the margins does not diminish the outstanding eye appeal.

NGC ID# BYLF, PCGS# 7447

1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66+ Reflective, Deep Yellow-Gold Color





3652 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66+ NGC. A small percentage of the Lewis and Clark Exposition gold dollars display prooflike or partially prooflike surfaces. This high-end 1904 Premium Gem coin displays enough reflectivity to fall into the partially prooflike category, with accompanying areas of mint frost for exceptional eye appeal. The strike is needle-sharp. Traces of granularity remain at the margins, yet this issue is seldom seen any finer. Census: 15 in 66+, 12 in 66★, 1 in 66+★, 34 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYLF, PCGS# 7447

1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS65 Elusive in High Grades





3653 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. Bright and lustrous yellow-gold surfaces and only minor granularity at the margins make this 1905 Lewis and Clark gold dollar stand out at the Gem Uncirculated level. As always, the Meriwether Lewis obverse shows less die fatigue than the William Clark reverse. The central strike remains sharp on both sides and there are no distracting marks or abrasions.

NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS65 Early Die State, Challenging in Finer Grades





3654 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. The Guide Book shows a mintage of 10,041 pieces for the 1905 Lewis and Clark gold dollar. That figure does not tell the entire story, however. The actual mintage was 35,041 pieces, but the Mint eventually melted 25,000 pieces as unsold. The higher initial production helps explain how die fatigue is a factor on both the 1904 and 1905 issues. This radiant orange-gold 1905 displays an early die state, with virtually no granularity — either at the margins, or surrounding the portraits. In terms of post-strike contact, this splendid Gem is essentially pristine.

NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66 Seldom Seen in This High Grade





3655 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 NGC. The Lewis and Clark gold dollars remain the only regular issue "two-headed" U.S. coin, featuring Meriwether Lewis on the obverse and William Clark on the reverse. This Premium Gem example displays immaculate lime-gold surfaces that are sharply struck and vibrantly lustrous. Light granularity exists at the margins (moreso facing the William Clark portrait) as usually seen on these small gold coins. The fields are smooth, reflective, and free of marks or abrasions. NGC has graded just four numerically finer pieces, plus nine in 66+ and 1 in 66★ (2/24).

NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66 Notably Scarce in Finer Grades





3656 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 NGC. The Lewis and Clark Exposition did not open until June 1, 1905. On that day, more than 2.5 million people were in Portland, Oregon to attend the Exposition. Few of those patrons were interested in purchasing the 1905 Lewis and Clark gold dollars for two dollars each. The mail order sales lagged, too. While the 1904 issue is slightly scarcer in terms of certified pieces in all grades, the 1905 coins are somewhat scarcer in high grades such as this glittering Premium Gem example. Vivid orange-gold luster coruscates throughout the sharply struck surfaces.

NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

10012" 2120,1000" 1110

1915-S Pan-Pac Quarter Eagle, MS64 Low Mintage, CAC Endorsed





3657 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS64 NGC. CAC. Although two 50-dollar gold pieces were produced for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, the quarter eagle is the largest gold denomination from that series that most collectors aspire to obtain. This lovely Choice Mint State example features sharp details and frosty honey-gold luster with trivial marks of no consequence. A pinpoint toning spot at the center of the obverse may serve to identify this piece in past or future offerings.

From the Estate of Charles W. Montgomery. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1917 McKinley Gold Dollar, MS67+ Vividly Colored and Eye-Appealing





3658 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. Luminous, satiny surfaces are pristine across both sides of this high-end Superb Gem, with rich rose-gold and sunset-orange hues overall. Each side is incredibly eye catching. Localized strike softness appears only on the U in UNITED and on the very central point of the memorial columns. NGC and PCGS combined report only two numerically finer examples. Census: 69 in 67 (9 in 67+, 4 in 67★), 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455

1917 McKinley Gold Dollar, MS67+ Registry-Grade Example





3659 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. An entirely new design by Charles E. Barber (obverse) and George T. Morgan (reverse) differentiates the 1916 and 1917 McKinley gold dollars from their 1903 Louisiana Purchase predecessor. The 1917 issue is scarcer than the 1916 coins, although it is almost equally available in higher grades thanks to improved production quality. This highend Superb Gem is a lustrous buff-gold example, pinpoint sharp and with exceptional eye appeal. Census: 9 in 67+, 4 in 67★), 1 finer (2/24).

NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455

1922 Grant Gold Dollar, MS67+ Exemplary With Star Variant





3660 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, With Star, MS67+ NGC. The Grant Memorial gold dollar was authorized on February 2, 1922. The limited mintage of 5,016 pieces was fully distributed for the With Star variant. Another 5,000 pieces were struck and distributed without the obverse star. This is a high-end Superb Gem example of the With Star dollar — a sharply struck orange-gold coin, with quicksilver accents on Grant's cheek and bountiful eye appeal. Grant's cabin and the overhanging trees are equally sharp and attractive. Census: 23 in 67+, 1 in 67★, 1 in 67+★, 18 finer (2/24). NGC ID# BYPS, PCGS# 7459

1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle, MS66 High-End Collectible Example





3661 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS66 NGC. The 1926 Sesquicentennial quarter eagle depicts Liberty standing, holding a torch and a scroll representing the Declaration of Independence. Although the Mint's production was substandard for the issue, highgrade examples are attractive and scarce at the Premium Gem level or finer. This vibrantly lustrous sun-gold example is sharp at the scroll end and at the Hall of Independence tower top. Lilac accents provide extra eye appeal. NGC reports only three numerically finer examples, plus four in 66+ and two in 66★ (2/24). NGC ID# BYLT, PCGS# 7466

MODERN BULLION COIN

1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70 Elusive This Fine





3662 1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. The Mint struck only 24,100 half-ounce Gold Eagles in 1991 in the business strike format, the final issue to feature the date in Roman Numerals. Examples are elusive in certified MS70 condition today. This example displays a sharp strike and technically perfect surfaces, with satin gold luster and warm sun-orange and butter-yellow hues. NGC ID# 26NC, PCGS# 9852

TERRITORIAL GOLD

August Bechtler Gold Dollar, K-24, AU55 Famous North Carolina Issue, 27G., 21C.





3663 (1842-52) A. Bechtler Dollar, 27G. 21C., Plain Edge, AU55 NGC. K-24, R.3. Much of the nation's gold supply prior to the California Gold Rush originated in the Piedmont region of North Carolina and Georgia. The Bechtler family in Rutherford County, North Carolina produced their small gold coins during an active time of gold mining in Southern Appalachia. Scattered marks are evident on the antique-gold surfaces of this still lustrous Choice AU gold dollar that was produced during the 1840s or early 1850s. We don't know today exactly when these coins were minted. Christopher Bechtler died in 1842, and his son, August (or Augustus) died in December 1843, leaving the operation to his cousin, also named Christopher, who continued production into the early 1850s. Listed on page 407 of the 2024 Guide Book. NGC ID# 2B99, PCGS# 10040

1849 Moffat & Co. Five Dollar, VF20 Early Die State, Kagin-4





3664 1849 Moffat & Co. Five Dollar VF20 PCGS. K-4, R.5. Moffat & Co. is considered by many to be the most important private coiner operating during the early stage of the California Gold Rush. New Yorker John Little Moffat gained valuable experience in the Piedmont Region before traveling to California where his partnership with Joseph Curtis, Philo Perry, and Samuel Ward began advertising their assay business in July 1849. Soon thereafter, the firm advertising in late August 1849 that they were outfitted for production of gold coins such as this pleasing example that hosts hints of lavender on its dusky rose-gold surfaces. Listed on page 408 of the 2024 Guide Book.

NGC ID# ANJ5, PCGS# 10240

PATTERNS

1852 Annular Gold Dollar in Silver Judd-138 Thin Planchet, PR63





3665 1852 Gold Dollar, Judd-138 Thin, Pollock-165, Low R.7 PR63 NGC. An annular pattern. The obverse shows USA above the perforation, the date is below. The reverse is a circle of laurel sprigs. Struck in silver with a plain edge. The thin planchet specimens are restrikes made for sale to collectors similar to the gold issue, Judd-137. Golden-brown toning visits both sides. A small spot below the U in USA provides an identifier. Saul Teichman has confirmed 15 examples.

NGC ID# 56LH, PCGS# 11583

1855 Flying Eagle Cent in Bronze Judd-168 Original, PR63 Red and Brown





3666 1855 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-168 Original, Pollock-193, R.4, PR63 Red and Brown PCGS. Thirteen stars surround an eagle that is flying slightly upward, similar to that seen on the Gobrecht dollar reverse. The reverse is based upon the then-current large cent, but the wreath is diminished in scale. Struck in bronze with a plain edge. Orange-gold is prevalent, although deep blue-green fills the interior of the wreath.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 3545; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2018), lot 4250. NGC ID# 29AG, PCGS# 11721

1858 Flying Eagle Cent Pattern, PR64 Judd-202, Hook-Necked Small Eagle Struck in Copper





3667 1858 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-202, Pollock-245, 246, R.5, PR64 NGC. Judd-202 displays the Small Eagle obverse with open claws and raised wings. Tall, thin obverse letters represent Paquet's style, while the reverse is similar to the regular issue 1859 Indian cent. This pattern is Pollock's subvariety with five-leaf clusters, struck in copper-nickel with a plain edge. A well-struck and unmarked near-Gem, the coin is predominantly tan-brown with apricot-gold in the design recesses. Some minor granularity is confined to the obverse margin near 2:30. Both sides exhibit a partial wire rim. Ex: Chicago Signature (Heritage, 10/2018), lot 4173. NGC ID# 29BH, PCGS# 11867

1862 Liberty Eagle in Bronzed Copper Judd-297, PR65 Brown





3668 1862 Ten Dollar, Judd-297, Pollock-355, R.6, PR65 Brown PCGS. The obverse is of the regular eagle dies for 1862. The reverse is similar to the regular dies design with the addition of the motto GOD OUR TRUST on a scroll above the eagle. The low date, bulging hairbun Pollock subvariety. Struck in copper and bronzed with a reeded edge. The surfaces are consistently mahogany-brown aside from a few small sea-green obverse spots. Smooth save for a subtle rim knock at 1:30 on the reverse.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 11/2003), lot 11036; Old West & Franklinton Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 8/2006), lot 925; McCoy Family Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 6576.

NGC ID# 29E9, PCGS# 60447

1869 Standard Silver Quarter in Copper Judd-735, PR64 Red and Brown





3669 Standard Silver Quarter, Judd-735, Pollock-816, Low R.7, PR64 Red and Brown NGC. The right-facing portrait of Liberty wears a headband displaying LIBERTY in raised letters and a single star at the front. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA borders the upper rim, with IN GOD WE TRUST in a curved ribbon below. The Standard Silver reverse has the date 1869 below. Struck in copper with a reeded edge. Certified as Red and Brown, this piece displays deep-blue accents on the high points surrounded by a original mint red that is only interrupted by a faint speckling of brown and blue. The reflective fields are lustrous and attractive. Housed in a former generation NGC holder. NGC ID# 29SK, PCGS# 70962

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA

1861-Dated Beauregard 'Dime,' VF Details Rare C.S.A.-Related Issue





3670 1861-Dated General Beauregard Dime (Medal) — Mount Removed, Obverse Tooled — NGC Details. VF. Bertram-C861-119. Silver, 17.7 mm. The Beauregard, Jefferson Davis, and Stonewall Jackson "dimes" are privately made medalets that feature Confederate heroes. The engraver is unknown, despite the presence of C.R. initials. The Beauregard variety is mentioned on page 95 of the February 1868 American Journal of Numismatics, which states "a number [were] presented by the city of New Orleans immediately after the first battle of Bull Run." The edge was reeded to further a resemblance to the dime. Like most examples of this rare variety, the loop at 12 o'clock has been removed. A mount was removed from the field near the profile, and the area is pinscratched in an attempt to dislodge solder remnants. Traces of luster remain in design recesses. The borders display light wheat-gold toning. Ex: Rosemont ANA Auction (Stack's Bowers, 8/2019), lot 195.

SO-CALLED DOLLAR

1920 Manila Mint Medal, MS64 Silver, HK-449





Manila Mint Opening, Wilson Dollar, Silver, HK-449, R.4, MS64 PCGS. The Treaty of Paris after the 1898 Spanish-American War granted the United States sovereignty over the Philippines. The U.S. began striking coins for the Philippines in 1903, typically at San Francisco, which was geographically closer. Proofs and early issues were coined at Philadelphia. This pattern changed in 1920, with the opening of the Manila Mint, the only U.S. branch mint ever located outside of the continental United States. A medal was struck to commemorate the occasion. The Wilson portrait is based on the 1919 Assay Office medal, and the reverse design is adapted from the 1882 Assay Office medal. HK-449 was struck in silver, copper, and gold, with the latter variety very rare. This lustrous near-Gem is bold and smooth with peripheral golden-tan toning. Population: 24 in 64 (2 in 64+), 7 finer (2/24). NGC ID# 2ELP, PCGS# 643969

MISCELLANEOUS

(1941-45) World War II Escape Kit







3672 An Uncertified Partial World War II-era Military Survival Kit. The ebony hard plastic outer case bears the raised inscription on both sides, "If Found Return To/ComNavAirLant (CNAL 34)/Norfolk, Virginia." One side of the outer case displays the serial number 2536. The inside of the case has slots for eight gold coins, but only four coins remain: an 1890 Queen Victoria half sovereign, a 1907 French 20 francs rooster, a 1910 Edward VII half sovereign, and a 1927 George V sovereign. The Kits were distributed to U.S. military personnel sent to Europe for use in an emergency, such as getting trapped behind enemy lines. Most kits were returned intact, and the cases were destroyed. The total actual gold weight of the four coins is: 0.6576 troy ounces. (Total: 4 coins)

ERRORS

1977-S Cent, PR68 Ultra Cameo Struck on a Dime Planchet





3673 1977-S Lincoln Cent — Struck on a Dime Planchet — PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC. 2.3 grams. A remarkably attractive "silver-colored cent," showing liquidlike mirroring throughout the fields and frosty luster across the brilliant devices. The detail is sharp, and contrast is dramatic on both sides. The lower obverse and upper reverse rim is incomplete, and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA exhibits outward spreading characteristic of a wrong planchet error. Ex: Don Bonser Error Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 8/2021), lot 44214.

1899-O Dollar, XF45 Rare Off-Center Morgan Error





3674 1899-O Morgan Dollar — Struck 5% Off-Center —XF45 PCGS. Struck off-center almost precisely at 12:00 o'clock in relation to the obverse, this obvious Mint error escaped notice for a substantial period in circulation before a perceptive owner put it aside. Attractive, old-silver patina tends to minimize the crescent of unstruck planchet on this example, with the coin's entire design visible (although the date clings to the edge). Any Morgan dollar with an off-center strike is rare and highly collectible.

End of Session Two



SESSION THREE

COLONIAL

7001 1789 Mott Token, Thin Planchet, Plain Edge MS62 Brown PCGS. Breen-1021, Rulau-E-NY-611. PCGS Population: (1/1 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (3/1 and 0/0+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. NGC ID# 2B5L, PCGS# 604

FEDERAL CONTRACT COINAGE

- 7002 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, N. 15-V, W-6910, R.5, AU55 NGC. PCGS# 878105 Base PCGS# 883
- 7003 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, Eight-Pointed Stars, N. 15-Y, W-6915, R.2, VF30 PCGS. PCGS# 878505 Base PCGS# 898

HALF CENT

7004 1804 Crosslet 4, No Stems, C-12, B-11, R.2, MS62 Brown NGC. Housed in a former generation holder. CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,055,312. NGC ID# 222F, PCGS# 35173 Base PCGS# 1072

LARGE CENTS

- 7005 1794 Head of 1794, S-30, B-12, R.1, VF30 NGC. CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS VF30. Mintage 918,521. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35555 Base PCGS# 901374
- 7006 1803 Small Date, Large Fraction, S-258, B-17, R.1, AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (3/10). PCGS Population: (1/11). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. NGC ID# 224G, PCGS# 36398 Base PCGS# 1485
- 7007 1804 S-266c, B-1, R.2 Cleaned PCGS Genuine. VG Details. Mintage 96,500.
- 7008 1835 Small 8, Small Stars, N-6, R.1, MS63 Brown PCGS. CAC. Certified in a "rattler" holder. CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,878,400. NGC ID# 225S, PCGS# 37087 Base PCGS# 1717

INDIAN CENT

7009 1909-S MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (234/198 and 3/18+). NGC Census: (103/66 and 3/1+). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 309,000. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2240

LINCOLN CENTS

- 7010 1934-D MS67 Red NGC. NGC Census: (39/0). PCGS Population: (68/0). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 28,446,000. NGC ID# 22DA, PCGS# 2638
- 7011 1943-D MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (164/0). NGC Census: (144/0). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 217,660,000. NGC ID# 22E6, PCGS# 2714
- 7012 1953 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/0 and 4/0+). NGC Census: (44/0 and 5/0+). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 256,883,800. NGC ID# 22F9. PCGS# 2806
- 7013 1954 MS67 Red NGC. NGC Census: (70/0). PCGS Population: (20/0). CDN: \$9,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 71,873,350. NGC ID# 22FC, PCGS# 2815
- 7014 1954 MS67 Red NGC. NGC Census: (70/0). PCGS Population: (20/0). CDN: \$9,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 71,873,350. NGC ID# 22FC, PCGS# 2815
- 7015 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (642/2630). PCGS Population: (43/94). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825
- 7016 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (640/2623). PCGS Population: (43/94). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825
- 7017 1972 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS67 Red ANACS. Die 1. Mintage 75,000.
 From The Matthew D. Webber Collection.
 PCGS# 38013 Base PCGS# 2950
- 7018 1992-D Close AM, FS-901, MS63 Brown NGC. CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. PCGS# 391427 Base PCGS# 83099
- 7019 1995 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS69 Red NGC. NGC Census: (95/0). PCGS Population: (23/0). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69. PCGS# 38105 Base PCGS# 3127
- 7020 1995 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS69 Red NGC. NGC Census: (95/0). PCGS Population: (23/0). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69. PCGS# 38105 Base PCGS# 3127

THREE CENT SILVER

7021 1862 MS66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (129/41). PCGS Population: (141/26). CDN: \$920 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

SHIELD NICKELS

- 7022 1875 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). MS67. Mintage 2,097,000. NGC ID# 22PA, PCGS# 3804
- 7023 1879 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/115). NGC Census: (6/61). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 25,900. NGC ID# 276D, PCGS# 3808

PROOF SHIELD NICKELS

- 7024 1867 No Rays PR64 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/5 and 0/1+). NGC Census: (0/4 and 0/0+). PR64.

 NGC ID# 22PF, PCGS# 93821
- 7025 1876 PR67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (5/0 and 1/0+). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 276T, PCGS# 3830

PROOF LIBERTY NICKELS

- 7026 1905 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (24/4 and 14/0+). NGC Census: (30/4 and 0/0+). CDN: \$1,089 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 278F, PCGS# 3903
- 7027 1912 PR67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (19/2 and 14/0+). NGC Census: (24/3 and 4/0+). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 2,145. NGC ID# 278N, PCGS# 3910

BUFFALO NICKELS

- 7028 1913-D Type One MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (62/2). PCGS Population: (106/4). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,337,000. NGC ID# 22PX, PCGS# 3916
- 7029 1935 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (225/5 and 50/1+). NGC Census: (89/14 and 34/0+). CDN: \$630 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 58,264,000. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 3974

- 7030 1936 MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (210/19 and 58/1+). PCGS Population: (215/3 and 64/1+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 119,001,420. NGC ID# 22SS, PCGS# 3977
- 7031 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS61 NGC. Certified in a prior generation holder. CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 17,826,000.
 NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982



7032 1938-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (85/0). PCGS Population: (58/0). CDN: \$3,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 7,020,000. NGC ID# 22SZ, PCGS# 3984

PROOF BUFFALO NICKELS

- 7033 1936 Type One Satin Finish PR67 NGC. NGC Census: (138/40). PCGS Population: (305/55). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 4,420. NGC ID# 278X, PCGS# 3994
- 7034 1936 Type One Satin Finish PR67+ NGC. NGC Census: (138/40 and 12/3+). PCGS Population: (304/55 and 46/8+). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 4,420. NGC ID# 278X, PCGS# 3994

JEFFERSON NICKELS

- 7035 1939 Reverse of 1940 MS68 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (23/0). PCGS Population: (7/0). CDN: \$3,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. NGC ID# 22T8, PCGS# 894003
- 7036 1939 Doubled Monticello, FS-801, MS65 NGC. Reverse of 1940. CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65.
 PCGS# 38481 Base PCGS# 4004

- 7037 1941-D MS68 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (13/0). PCGS Population: (8/0). CDN: \$5,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68.
 NGC ID# 22TH, PCGS# 84011
- 7038 1943-P MS68 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (13/0). PCGS Population: (7/0). CDN: \$7,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS68. NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 84018
- 7039 1943-D MS68 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (19/0). PCGS Population: (11/0). CDN: \$3,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 84020
- 7040 1943-D MS68 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (19/0). PCGS Population: (11/0). CDN: \$3,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 84020
- 7041 1947-S MS67 Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (24/1). PCGS Population: (13/0). CDN: \$2,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. NGC ID# 22U7, PCGS# 84033
- 7042 1954-S MS64 Full Steps PCGS. Ex: LS Brown. PCGS Population: (17/19). NGC Census: (4/8). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 22UU, PCGS# 84054

BUST HALF DIME

7043 1829 V-12, LM-13.1, R.1, MS65 NGC. CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,230,000. NGC ID# 232B, PCGS# 38628 Base PCGS# 4276

SEATED HALF DIMES

- 7044 1859-O MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (6/2). PCGS Population: (3/0). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 560,000. NGC ID# 233X, PCGS# 4370
- 7045 1862 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (27/4). PCGS Population: (38/7). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 1,492,550. NGC ID# 234B, PCGS# 4381
- 7046 1867 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/8 and 0/4+). NGC Census: (9/8 and 0/1+). CDN: \$2,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,000. NGC ID# 234L, PCGS# 4390

SEATED DIME

7047 1883 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (17/4 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (22/1 and 1/0+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,675,712. NGC ID# 23AW, PCGS# 4691

PROOF SEATED DIME

7048 1879 PR67 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (11/4). PCGS Population: (11/0). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 23D4, PCGS# 4776

MERCURY DIMES

- 7049 1938-D MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (22/0). PCGS Population: (31/0). CDN: \$2,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 5,537,000. NGC ID# 23IN, PCGS# 5013
- 7050 1938-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (15/0). PCGS Population: (15/0). CDN: \$5,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 8,090,000. NGC ID# 23JP, PCGS# 5015
- 7051 1941 MS68 ★ Full Bands NGC.
 NGC Census: (24/0 and 1/0*). PCGS
 Population: (25/0 and 1/0*). CDN:
 \$2,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS
 MS68. Mintage 175,106,557.
 NGC ID# 23JX, PCGS# 5029
- 7052 1942 MS68 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (21/0 and 1/0+). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 205,432,329. NGC ID# 23K3, PCGS# 5035
- 7053 1943 MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (21/0). PCGS Population: (14/0). CDN: \$5,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 191,710,000. NGC ID# 23K8, PCGS# 5045
- 7054 1944-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (32/0). PCGS Population: (21/0). CDN: \$3,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 49,490,000. NGC ID# 23KD, PCGS# 5055
- 7055 1944-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (32/0). PCGS Population: (21/0). CDN: \$3,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 49,490,000. NGC ID# 23KD, PCGS# 5055

PROOF MERCURY DIME

7056 1941 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (86/1). PCGS Population: (45/0). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 16,557. NGC ID# 27DM, PCGS# 5076

ROOSEVELT DIMES

7057 1948-D MS68 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (29/0 and 3/0+). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 52,841,000. NGC ID# 3T95, PCGS# 85089

- 7058 1951 MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (9/0). PCGS Population: (7/0). CDN: \$2,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 103,800,000. NGC ID# 3T9C, PCGS# 85097
- 7059 1953-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (6/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). CDN: \$4,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 39,180,000. NGC ID# 37G6, PCGS# 85105
- 7060 1954-S MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (3/0). PCGS Population: (5/0). CDN: \$4,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 22,860,000. NGC ID# 23LD, PCGS# 85108
- 7061 1964 MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (5/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). CDN: \$5,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 929,300,000. NGC ID# 3TU4, PCGS# 85128

PROOF ROOSEVELT DIME





7062 1970 No S, FS-501, PR69 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (28/0). PR69. PCGS# 929329 Base PCGS# 85248

SEATED QUARTER

7063 1861-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Mintage 96,000.

BARBER QUARTER

7064 1908-D MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (5/3). PCGS Population: (14/4). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,788,000. NGC ID# 23ZD, PCGS# 5650

PROOF BARBER QUARTERS

- 7065 1896 PR66 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (23/27). PCGS Population: (22/14). PR66. NGC ID# 242B, PCGS# 85682
- 7066 1900 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (29/10). NGC Census: (36/24). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR66. Mintage 912. NGC ID# 242F, PCGS# 5686
- 7067 1902 PR67 NGC. NGC Census: (16/5). PCGS Population: (11/2). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 777. NGC ID# 242H, PCGS# 5688
- 7068 1910 PR66 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (16/18). PCGS Population: (11/9). PR66. Mintage 551. NGC ID# 242S, PCGS# 85696

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

- 7069 1917-D Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (163/35 and 17/4+). NGC Census: (76/26 and 13/2+). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,509,200. NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709
- 7070 1926-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (27/14). PCGS Population: (76/33). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,700,000. NGC ID# 243T, PCGS# 5758

WASHINGTON QUARTERS

- 7071 1932-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (688/100 and 35/8+). NGC Census: (235/25 and 11/0+). CDN: \$2,150 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 436,800. NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791
- 7072 1932-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (688/100). NGC Census: (235/25). CDN: \$2,150 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 436,800. NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791
- 7073 1932-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (93/9). PCGS Population: (180/8). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792
- 7074 1932-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (93/9). PCGS Population: (180/8). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792
- 7075 1947-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (12/0). PCGS Population: (9/0). CDN: \$3,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 5,532,000. NGC ID# 245K, PCGS# 5835

PROOF WASHINGTON QUARTERS

- 7076 1940 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (52/0). PCGS Population: (19/0). CDN: \$3,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 11,246. NGC ID# 27HT, PCGS# 5979
- 7077 1940 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (52/0). PCGS Population: (18/0). CDN: \$3,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 11,246. NGC ID# 27HT, PCGS# 5979

EARLY HALF DOLLAR

7078 1806/5 O-103, T-8, R.2, XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (12/39). PCGS Population: (23/52). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 839,576. NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 39299 Base PCGS# 6077

BUST HALF DOLLARS

- 7079 1811 Small 8, O-108a, R.2, MS62
 NGC. CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62.
 NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39432 Base PCGS# 6097
- 7080 1827 Square Base 2, O-114, R.3, MS63 NGC. CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,493,400. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39709 Base PCGS# 6144
- 7081 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-108, R.2, MS64 NGC. CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,412,004.
 NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39912 Base PCGS# 6165

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

- 7082 1839 No Drapery XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (52/123). NGC Census: (24/98). CDN: \$2,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 1,972,400. NGC ID# 24GK, PCGS# 6230
- 7083 1883 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/71). NGC Census: (6/47). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 8,000. NGC ID# 24KW, PCGS# 6365 Base PCGS# 6365

PROOF SEATED HALF DOLLARS

7084 1863 PR64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (52/14). NGC Census: (23/18). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 460. NGC ID# 27TP, PCGS# 6417

- 7085 1864 PR64 NGC. NGC Census: (49/17). PCGS Population: (61/27). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 470. NGC ID# 27TR, PCGS# 6418
- 7086 1869 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/12). NGC Census: (1/7). PR64. NGC ID# 27U4, PCGS# 86427

BARBER HALF DOLLARS

- 7087 1895 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (9/4). PCGS Population: (20/10). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,835,218. NGC ID# 24LS, PCGS# 6471
- 7088 1895-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/14 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (20/7 and 0/3+). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,766,000. NGC ID# 24LT, PCGS# 6472

PROOF BARBER HALF DOLLAR

7089 1906 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (35/25). PCGS Population: (22/14). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR66. Mintage 675. NGC ID# 24PA, PCGS# 6553

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

- 7090 1916-S AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (104/989). NGC Census: (23/551). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 508,000. NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568
- 7091 1917-D Obverse Mintmark MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (282/92). NGC Census: (163/57). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 765,400. NGC ID# 24PR, PCGS# 6570
- 7092 1919 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (47/249). PCGS Population: (71/374). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 962,000. NGC ID# 24PY, PCGS# 6577
- 7093 1921 XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/486). NGC Census: (37/265). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 246,000. NGC ID# 24R6, PCGS# 6583
- 7094 1923-S AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (20/335). PCGS Population: (41/553). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 2,178,000. NGC ID# 24R9, PCGS# 6586



- 7095 1934 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (117/13). PCGS Population: (189/15). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,964,000. NGC ID# 24RF, PCGS# 6592
- 7096 1935 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (50/1). PCGS Population: (79/2). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,162,000. NGC ID# 24RJ, PCGS# 6595
- 7097 1938-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (537/80). NGC Census: (133/27). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605
- 7098 1938-D MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (133/27 and 27/5+). PCGS Population: (537/81 and 86/11+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605
- 7099 1939-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (146/3 and 30/0+). NGC Census: (100/2 and 16/0+). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 4,267,800. NGC ID# 24RX, PCGS# 6607 Base PCGS# 6607
- 7100 1942 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (464/17 and 96/1+). NGC Census: (482/13 and 50/0+). CDN: \$480 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 47,839,120. NGC ID# 24S6, PCGS# 6614 Base PCGS# 6614
- 7101 1942-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (675/14 and 155/3+). NGC Census: (273/29 and 63/0+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,708,000. NGC ID# 24S8, PCGS# 6617
- 7102 1943-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (74/0). PCGS Population: (76/0). CDN: \$3,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 13,450,000. NGC ID# 24SB, PCGS# 6620

- 7103 1945-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (332/2 and 59/0+). NGC Census: (270/5 and 43/0+). CDN: \$630 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,966,800. NGC ID# 24SG, PCGS# 6625
- 7104 1946 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS65 PCGS. CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. PCGS# 145152 Base PCGS# 6632
- 7105 1946-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (155/0). NGC Census: (157/0). CDN: \$1,170 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,724,000. NGC ID# 24SL, PCGS# 6629

PROOF WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

- 7106 1937 PR67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (260/19 and 37/1+). NGC Census: (260/37 and 25/1+). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR67. Mintage 5,728. NGC ID# 27V5, PCGS# 6637
- 7107 1941 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (89/2). PCGS Population: (49/0). CDN: \$2,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 15,412. NGC ID# 24SP, PCGS# 6641
- 7108 1942 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (220/7). PCGS Population: (93/1). CDN: \$2,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 27V9, PCGS# 6642
- 7109 1942 PR68 NGC. NGC Census: (220/7). PCGS Population: (93/1). CDN: \$2,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR68. Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 27V9, PCGS# 6642

FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

- 7110 1948 MS67 Full Bell Lines NGC. NGC Census: (28/0). PCGS Population: (40/1). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. NGC ID# 24SR, PCGS# 86651
- 7111 1950 MS67 Full Bell Lines NGC.
 NGC Census: (14/0). PCGS Population:
 (36/0). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for
 NGC/PCGS MS67.
 NGC ID# 24SW, PCGS# 86656
- 7112 1954-S MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (18/0 and 2/0+). PCGS Population: (14/0 and 2/0+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 4,993,400. NGC ID# 24TB, PCGS# 6669

PROOF FRANKLIN HALF DOLLAR

7113 1953 PR68 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (80/1). PCGS Population: (40/0). PR68. NGC ID# 6L9P, PCGS# 86694

SMS KENNEDY HALF DOLLAR

7114 1967 SMS MS69 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (4/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$3,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 24WJ, PCGS# 86847

PROOF KENNEDY HALF DOLLAR

7115 1964 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (129/0). NGC Census: (158/0). PR69. NGC ID# 24WF, PCGS# 96800

EARLY DOLLARS

- 7116 1797 9x7 Stars, Large Letters, B-1, BB-73 — Harshly Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Mintage 7,776.
- 7117 1799 7x6 Stars, B-10, BB-163, R.2, VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/20 and 0/2+). NGC Census: (3/38 and 0/0+). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS VF20. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40054 Base PCGS# 6878

SEATED DOLLARS

- 7118 1859-O MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (150/255 and 0/16+). NGC Census: (105/174 and 2/4+). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 360,000. NGC ID# 24YY, PCGS# 6947
- 7119 1860-O MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (302/369 and 0/21+). NGC Census: (168/261 and 0/8+). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 515,000. NGC ID# 24Z3, PCGS# 6950
- 7120 1863 Cleaned NGC Details. AU. Mintage 27,200.

PROOF SEATED DOLLAR

7121 1871 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (59/144 and 0/3+). NGC Census: (34/102 and 0/0+). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR62. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 252T. PCGS# 7019

PROOF TRADE DOLLAR

7122 1874 PR62 NGC. NGC Census: (24/99). PCGS Population: (65/113). CDN: \$2,050 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR62. Mintage 700. NGC ID# 27YK, PCGS# 7054

MORGAN DOLLARS

7123 1878 8TF Broken R & B, VAM-21, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/3). NGC Census: (1/1). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 253H, PCGS# 133822 Base PCGS# 7072





- 7124 1878 7/8TF Strong, VAM-38, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (390/32). NGC Census: (119/15). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 544,000. NGC ID# 2TXZ, PCGS# 134035 Base PCGS# 7078
- 7125 1878 7TF Reverse of 1879 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (202/17). PCGS Population: (456/47). CDN: \$1,680 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,300,000. NGC ID# 253L, PCGS# 7076
- 7126 1878-CC MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1314/228). PCGS Population: (2276/350). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 7127 1879 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (83/11). NGC Census: (40/4). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 97085
- 7128 1879-CC XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (442/3224 and 0/133+). NGC Census: (235/1802 and 0/44+). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS XF40. Mintage 756,000. NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 7086
- 7129 1879-CC Cleaned PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Mintage 756,000.

- 7130 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, XF45 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. PCGS Population: (290/1923). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45.
 NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088
- 7131 1879-O MS65 ANACS. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253V, PCGS# 7090
- 7132 1880-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS65 ANACS. A Top 100 Variety. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108
- 7133 1880-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (916/47). NGC Census: (503/34). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100
- 7134 1880-O MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (974/22 and 44/1+). PCGS Population: (1462/52 and 173/7+). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,305,000. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 7114
- 7135 1881-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (78/4). NGC Census: (545/48). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126
- 7136 1881-S MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (4996/404 and 410/20+). PCGS Population: (2716/247 and 447/23+). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130
- 7137 1883 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (174/5 and 56/1+). NGC Census: (156/6 and 13/0+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,291,039. NGC ID# 254G, PCGS# 7142
- 7138 1884-O MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (162/1). PCGS Population: (205/1). CDN: \$1,595 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,730,000. NGC ID# 254N, PCGS# 7154
- 7139 1884-O MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (162/1). PCGS Population: (205/1). CDN: \$1,595 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,730,000. NGC ID# 254N, PCGS# 7154
- 7140 1884-O MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (205/1). NGC Census: (162/1). CDN: \$1,595 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,730,000. NGC ID# 254N, PCGS# 7154
- 7141 1885-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1326/142). NGC Census: (753/133). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

- 7142 1886 MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (1035/39 and 72/3+). PCGS Population: (638/25 and 143/1+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166
- 7143 1886-O MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (609/413). PCGS Population: (884/932). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 10,710,000. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168
- 7144 1886-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (120/20). PCGS Population: (379/55). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 750,000. NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7170
- 7145 1887/6 VAM-2 MS65 NGC. A Top 100 Variety. NGC Census: (78/8). PCGS Population: (4/5). CDN: \$1,760 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254Z, PCGS# 133908 Base PCGS# 7174
- 7146 1887/6-O VAM-3 MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. CDN: \$1,675 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 11,550,000. NGC ID# 2553, PCGS# 133912 Base PCGS# 7178
- 7147 1887-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (392/17 and 55/1+). NGC Census: (90/7 and 8/0+). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,550,000. NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 7176
- 7148 1887-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (392/17). NGC Census: (90/7). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,550,000. NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 7176





7149 1888 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (112/1). PCGS Population: (72/0). CDN: \$4,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,183,832. NGC ID# 2555, PCGS# 7182

- 7150 1888 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (112/1). PCGS Population: (72/0). CDN: \$4,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,183,832. NGC ID# 2555, PCGS# 7182
- 7151 1888-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (112/15). PCGS Population: (382/43). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 657,000. NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 7186
- 7152 1888-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (382/43). NGC Census: (112/15). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 657,000. NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 7186
- 7153 1889 MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (237/8 and 19/0+). PCGS Population: (467/16 and 93/0+). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 21,726,811. NGC ID# 2558, PCGS# 7188
- 7154 1889-CC VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (716/4684 and 0/25+). NGC Census: (386/2887 and 0/19+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS VF25. Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190
- 7155 1889-CC Cleaned PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Mintage 350,000.
- 7156 1889-S MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (764/98 and 39/18+). NGC Census: (250/37 and 5/1+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 700,000. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194
- 7157 1889-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (763/97 and 39/19+). NGC Census: (250/37 and 5/1+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 700,000. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194
- 7158 1890-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1055/94). PCGS Population: (2514/405). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198
- 7159 1890-CC MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1055/94). PCGS Population: (2514/405). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198
- 7160 1890-S MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (252/8). NGC Census: (74/2). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,230,373. NGC ID# 255F, PCGS# 7202
- 7161 1891 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (249/12). NGC Census: (125/5). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,694,206. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204
- 7162 1891 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (249/12). NGC Census: (125/5). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,694,206. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

- 7163 1891-CC MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (3929/826 and 220/82+). NGC Census: (1178/142 and 31/4+). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206
- 7164 1891-CC MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (64/26). PCGS Population: (125/65). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 97207
- 7165 1891-CC GSA MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (22/115). PCGS Population: (27/20). CDN: \$2,350 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 518881 Base PCGS# 7206
- 7166 1892 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (359/12 and 75/0+). NGC Census: (107/4 and 7/0+). CDN: \$2,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,037,245. NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7212
- 7167 1892-CC MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2065/4875 and 39/253+). NGC Census: (1247/2420 and 19/72+). CDN: \$1,860 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,352,000. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214
- 7168 1892-S AU50 ANACS. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218
- 7169 1892-S AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (428/536). PCGS Population: (361/529). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218
- 7170 1892-S AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (428/536). PCGS Population: (361/529). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218
- 7171 1893-CC GSA Soft Pack VG8 NGC. NGC Census: (367/4557). PCGS Population: (463/8543). CDN: \$420 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS VG8 . Mintage 677,000. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222
- 7172 1893-CC XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (552/4656). NGC Census: (287/2412). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 677,000. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222
- 7173 1893-CC XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (294/2119). PCGS Population: (400/4259). CDN: \$2,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 677,000. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222
- 7174 1893-O AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (433/1208). PCGS Population: (543/1514). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

- 7175 1894 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (454/2769 and 0/63+). NGC Census: (320/2065 and 0/18+). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228
- 7176 1895-O AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (716/885). PCGS Population: (732/725). CDN: \$2,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 450,000. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236
- 7177 1895-S AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (160/1927 and 0/82+). NGC Census: (84/1188 and 0/10+). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238
- 7178 1896-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/1698 and 1/83+). NGC Census: (79/782 and 0/22+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,000,000. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244
- 7179 1899-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (554/144). NGC Census: (166/39). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,562,000. NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262
- 7180 1900-O MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (105/0). PCGS Population: (153/0). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,590,000. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7266
- 7181 1900-O/CC VAM-11 MS64 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 12,590,000. NGC ID# 256G, PCGS# 133963 Base PCGS# 7268
- 7182 1901-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (320/43). NGC Census: (100/8). CDN: \$2,150 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,284,000. NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276
- 7183 1902-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (415/67). NGC Census: (112/9). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282
- 7184 1902-S MS65 PCGS. Ex: Ray George. PCGS Population: (416/68). NGC Census: (112/9). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282
- 7185 1903-O MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (853/138 and 117/12+). NGC Census: (392/76 and 45/12+). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286





- 7186 1904 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (113/5). PCGS Population: (382/61). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,788,650. NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290
- 7187 1904 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (382/61). NGC Census: (113/5). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,788,650. NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290
- 7188 1921-D MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (395/25 and 97/0+). PCGS Population: (569/24 and 134/1+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

PROOF MORGAN DOLLAR

7189 1897 PR62 NGC. NGC Census: (32/120). PCGS Population: (50/153). CDN: \$2,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS PR62. Mintage 731. NGC ID# 27ZV, PCGS# 7332

PEACE DOLLARS

- 7190 1921 MS64+ CACG. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356
- 7191 1922 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (976/53 and 140/0+). NGC Census: (1687/2618 and 77/0+). CDN: \$415 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 51,737,000. NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357
- 7192 1922 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (47/2571). PCGS Population: (53/0). CDN: \$5,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 51,737,000. NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357
- 7193 1923 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (208/0). PCGS Population: (126/0). CDN: \$3,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,800,000. NGC ID# 257F, PCGS# 7360

7194 1925 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (181/1). PCGS Population: (217/1). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,198,000. NGC ID# 257L, PCGS# 7365

GOLD DOLLARS

- 7195 1850-O AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (67/86). PCGS Population: (26/41). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 25BJ, PCGS# 7512
- 7196 1850-O AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (26/41). NGC Census: (67/86). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 25BJ, PCGS# 7512
- 7197 1851-O MS63 NGC. Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection. NGC Census: (49/49). PCGS Population: (71/64). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 290,000. NGC ID# 25BN, PCGS# 7516
- 7198 1852-C AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (8/127). PCGS Population: (14/68). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 9,434. NGC ID# 25BR, PCGS# 7518
- 7199 1852-O MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (53/30). PCGS Population: (39/30). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 140,000. NGC ID# 25BT, PCGS# 7520
- 7200 1852-O MS62 NGC. CAC. Ex:

 "Col." E.H.R. Green, Eric P. Newman Collection. NGC Census: (53/30). PCGS Population: (39/30). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 140,000.

 Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$20.00; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Eric P. Newman Collection, Part V (Heritage, 11/2014), lot 3176.

 NGC ID# 25BT, PCGS# 7520
- 7201 1853 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (202/55). PCGS Population: (223/83). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,076,051. NGC ID# 25BU, PCGS# 7521
- 7202 1853 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (223/83). NGC Census: (202/55). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,076,051. NGC ID# 25BU, PCGS# 7521
- 7203 1855 Type Two MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (449/681). NGC Census: (450/397). CDN: \$1,775 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 758,269. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532
- 7204 1865 Altered Surfaces PCGS Genuine. Unc. Details. Mintage 3,725.

- 7205 1879 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (59/60). NGC Census: (28/34). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,000. NGC ID# 25DH, PCGS# 7580
- 7206 1879 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (20/14). PCGS Population: (47/12). CDN: \$2,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,000. NGC ID# 25DH, PCGS# 7580
- 7207 1885 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (55/30). PCGS Population: (39/19). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 11,100. NGC ID# 25DP, PCGS# 7586
- 7208 1889 MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (287/212 and 16/24+). PCGS Population: (416/282 and 32/32+). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 29,000. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

CLASSIC QUARTER EAGLES

- 7209 1836 Script 8, HM-4, R.1, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (219/275). PCGS Population: (54/149). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 547,986. NGC ID# 25FU, PCGS# 764698 Base PCGS# 7694
- 7210 1839-O HM-1, R.3, VF30 PCGS. CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS VF30. Mintage 17,781. NGC ID# 25G7, PCGS# 765181 Base PCGS# 7701

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

- 7211 1846-O AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (89/26). PCGS Population: (32/24). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 62,000. NGC ID# 25H4, PCGS# 7743
- 7212 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (130/27). PCGS Population: (112/53). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25]V, PCGS# 7794
- 7213 1862 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (72/61). PCGS Population: (35/43). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 98,508. NGC ID# 25JZ, PCGS# 7796
- 7214 1878 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (33/11). PCGS Population: (53/14). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 286,260. NGC ID# 25KY, PCGS# 7828
- 7215 1888 MS64 PCGS. Ex. D.L. Hansen Collection. PCGS Population: (69/31 and 4/7+). NGC Census: (75/32 and 4/3+). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 16,001. NGC ID# 25LC, PCGS# 7840

7216 1904 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (240/89). NGC Census: (224/127). CDN: \$960 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 160,700. NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856





- 7217 1904 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (121/6). PCGS Population: (83/6). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 160,700. NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856
- 7218 1904 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (83/5 and 13/0+). NGC Census: (121/6 and 11/0+). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 160,700. NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856
- 7219 1904 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (121/6). PCGS Population: (83/6). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 160,700. NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856
- 7220 1905 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (125/12). PCGS Population: (125/5). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 217,800. NGC ID# 25LW, PCGS# 7857
- 7221 1905 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (124/12). PCGS Population: (125/5). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 217,800. NGC ID# 25LW, PCGS# 7857
- 7222 1907 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (154/8). PCGS Population: (132/2). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 336,200. NGC ID# 25LY, PCGS# 7859
- 7223 1907 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (154/8). PCGS Population: (132/2). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 336,200. NGC ID# 25LY, PCGS# 7859

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLES

- 7224 1908 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1558/737). NGC Census: (1423/467). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939
- 7225 1908 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1424/467). PCGS Population: (1560/738). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939
- 7226 1910 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (865/243). PCGS Population: (514/161). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 492,000. NGC ID# 2892, PCGS# 7941
- 7227 1910 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (514/161 and 35/11+). NGC Census: (865/243 and 27/14+). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 492,000. NGC ID# 2892, PCGS# 7941
- 7228 1911 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1209/200). PCGS Population: (878/172). CDN: \$1,625 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 2893, PCGS# 7942
- 7229 1911-D Weak D Cleaned NGC Details. AU.
- 7230 1913 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1040/139). PCGS Population: (958/190). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 722,000. NGC ID# 2897, PCGS# 7945
- 7231 1913 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (958/190). NGC Census: (1040/139). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 722,000. NGC ID# 2897, PCGS# 7945
- 7232 1914 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (724/528). NGC Census: (929/494). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 2898, PCGS# 7946
- 7233 1914 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (929/494). PCGS Population: (724/528). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 2898, PCGS# 7946
- 7234 1915 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (964/219). NGC Census: (1214/229). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 289A, PCGS# 7948
- 7235 1915 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1214/229). PCGS Population: (964/220). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 289A, PCGS# 7948
- 7236 1925-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (760/60). NGC Census: (1066/99). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 289B, PCGS# 7949

7237 1927 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (570/25 and 49/1+). NGC Census: (463/25 and 34/0+). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 388,000. NGC ID# 289D, PCGS# 7951

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES

- 7238 1854 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (632/765). NGC Census: (1357/900). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 138,600. NGC ID# 25M3. PCGS# 7969
- 7239 1856-S Cleaned NGC Details. AU. Mintage 34,500.
- 7240 1860-S Rim Filing, Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. AU. Mintage 7,000.
- 7241 1866 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/117). NGC Census: (16/134). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 4,000. NGC ID# 25MM, PCGS# 7987
- 7242 1874 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (1037/806). PCGS Population: (586/803). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 41,800. NGC ID# 25MX, PCGS# 7998
- 7243 1874 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (586/803 and 4/26+). NGC Census: (1037/806 and 4/15+). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 41,800. NGC ID# 25MX, PCGS# 7998
- 7244 1874 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (335/419). PCGS Population: (148/623). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS61. Mintage 41,800. NGC ID# 25MX, PCGS# 7998
- 7245 1889 Cleaned PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Mintage 2,300.

CLASSIC HALF EAGLES

- 7246 1834 Plain 4, HM-3, R.2, AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (212/692). NGC Census: (172/1481). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 657,460. NGC ID# E2KE, PCGS# 765193 Base PCGS# 8171
- 7247 1838 HM-1, R.3, AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (52/175). NGC Census: (94/413). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 286,588. NGC ID# 25S4, PCGS# 765246 Base PCGS# 8176

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

7248 1843-D Medium D XF45 ANACS. Mintage 98,452. NGC ID# 25T4, PCGS# 8215

- 7249 1844-O AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (144/201). PCGS Population: (54/67). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 364,600. NGC ID# 25TA, PCGS# 8222
- 7250 1844-O AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (136/65). PCGS Population: (32/35). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 364,600. NGC ID# 25TA, PCGS# 8222





- 7251 1878-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS
 Population: (16/3 and 1/1+). NGC
 Census: (7/3 and 0/1+). CDN: \$2,200
 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63.
 Mintage 144,700.
 NGC ID# 25X6, PCGS# 8347
- 7252 1885-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (115/12). PCGS Population: (97/15). CDN: \$1,730 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,211,500. NGC ID# 25XT, PCGS# 8368
- 7253 1891-CC AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (388/1808). NGC Census: (302/1872). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 208,000. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378
- 7254 1892-CC AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (107/505). NGC Census: (74/606). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 82,968. NGC ID# 25Y7, PCGS# 8380
- 7255 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (297/44 and 23/10+). NGC Census: (735/96 and 33/6+). CDN: \$1,660 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,710,729. NGC ID# 25YS, PCGS# 8398
- 7256 1901-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (367/99). NGC Census: (425/81). CDN: \$1,730 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,648,000. NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 8404

7257 1903 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/17). NGC Census: (19/10). CDN: \$1,930 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 226,800. NGC ID# 25Z2, PCGS# 8407

INDIAN HALF EAGLES

- 7258 1909-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3039/103). PCGS Population: (3523/163). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514
- 7259 1911-D Cleaned PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Mintage 72,500.
- 7260 1913 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1954/739). NGC Census: (1156/461). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 915,900. NGC ID# 28DT, PCGS# 8525

LIBERTY EAGLES

- 7261 1842-O XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/115). NGC Census: (33/223). CDN: \$2,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 27,400. NGC ID# 262N, PCGS# 8587
- 7262 1844-O XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/189). NGC Census: (30/330). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 118,700. NGC ID# 262T, PCGS# 8591
- 7263 1846-O VF30 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (6/171). PCGS Population: (5/59). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS VF30. Mintage 81,780. NGC ID# 262X, PCGS# 8595
- 7264 1847-O AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/162). NGC Census: (142/583). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 571,500. NGC ID# 2632, PCGS# 8598
- 7265 1851-O XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (195/793). PCGS Population: (195/346). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 263,000. NGC ID# 263B, PCGS# 8607
- 7266 1851-O AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (260/156). PCGS Population: (77/51). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 263,000. NGC ID# 263B, PCGS# 8607
- 7267 1854-O Large Date XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (23/127). PCGS Population: (20/92). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 52,500. NGC ID# 263J, PCGS# 98614
- 7268 1860 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/41). NGC Census: (25/71). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 15,055. NGC ID# 2644, PCGS# 8631
- 7269 1861 Cleaned NGC Details. AU. Bulging Bun subtype. Mintage 113,164.

- 7270 1878-S AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (50/30). PCGS Population: (13/15). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 26,100. NGC ID# 265L, PCGS# 8682
- 7271 1883-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/29). NGC Census: (23/18). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 38,000. NGC ID# 2669, PCGS# 8702
- 7272 1888-O AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (93/528). PCGS Population: (77/451). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 21,335. NGC ID# 266L, PCGS# 8713
- 7273 1888-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (275/164). PCGS Population: (168/220). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 21,335. NGC ID# 266L, PCGS# 8713
- 7274 1890-CC Reverse Cleaned NGC Details. AU. Mintage 17,500.
- 7275 1890-CC Cleaned PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Mintage 17,500.
- 7276 1891-CC Cleaned PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Mintage 103,732.
- 7277 1892-O MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (205/197). NGC Census: (311/146). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 28,688. NGC ID# 266X, PCGS# 8723
- 7278 1892-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (311/146). PCGS Population: (205/197). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 28,688. NGC ID# 266X, PCGS# 8723
- 7279 1893-O MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (149/184). NGC Census: (156/88). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 17,000. NGC ID# 2673, PCGS# 8727
- 7280 1894-0 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (156/126). NGC Census: (171/79). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 107,500. NGC ID# 2676, PCGS# 8730
- 7281 1897-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (114/58). PCGS Population: (97/134). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 42,500. NGC ID# 267E, PCGS# 8738
- 7282 1901 MS62 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (1/3). PCGS Population: (0/0). MS62. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 267P, PCGS# 78747
- 7283 1901-S MS64+ CACG. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749
- 7284 1903-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (604/245). NGC Census: (299/57). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 112,771. NGC ID# 267W, PCGS# 8753

INDIAN EAGLES

- 7285 1907 No Motto MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2637/2679). PCGS Population: (2999/3529). CDN: \$1,475 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 239,400. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852
- 7286 1909-S/S VP-001 AU58 NGC. Breen-7108.

PCGS# 650437 Base PCGS# 8864



- 7287 1910-D MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (2744/1163). PCGS Population: (3114/1023). CDN: \$1,535 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866
- 7288 1911-S Cleaned NGC Details. AU. Mintage 51,000.
- 7289 1913 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (891/464). PCGS Population: (1360/604). CDN: \$1,385 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 442,071. NGC ID# 28GY, PCGS# 8873
- 7290 1913 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1357/602). NGC Census: (882/458). CDN: \$1,445 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 442,071. NGC ID# 28GY, PCGS# 8873
- 7291 1914-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (735/358). NGC Census: (266/303). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876
- 7292 1926 MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (15656/5665 and 501/373+). NGC Census: (18713/5798 and 151/115+). CDN: \$1,395 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9. PCGS# 8882

- 7293 1932 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13552/1918). NGC Census: (18231/3255). CDN: \$1,465 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884
- 7294 1932 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (13562/1922 and 851/151+). NGC Census: (18233/3254 and 1156/77+). CDN: \$1,545 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

- 7295 1862-S XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (250/778). PCGS Population: (237/396). CDN: \$2,500 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 854,173. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938
- 7296 1865 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (84/263). NGC Census: (65/658). CDN: \$2,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 351,200. NGC ID# 269U, PCGS# 8943
- 7297 1871-S AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (354/1230). PCGS Population: (223/752). CDN: \$2,007.15.Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU53. Mintage 928,000. NGC ID# 26AC, PCGS# 8962
- 7298 1874-CC Cleaned PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Mintage 115,085.
- 7299 1875-S Reverse Scratched NGC Details. Unc. Mintage 1,230,000.
- 7300 1876-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (2681/2445). PCGS Population: (1586/3438). CDN: \$2,092.15.Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,597,000. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978
- 7301 1879 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/710). NGC Census: (15/615). CDN: \$2,002.60. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS XF45. Mintage 207,630. NGC ID# 26B6, PCGS# 8988
- 7302 1880 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (114/179). PCGS Population: (93/147). CDN: \$2,400 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS AU55. Mintage 51,456. NGC ID# 26BA, PCGS# 8992
- 7303 1885-S Damage PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Mintage 683,500.
- 7304 1891-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2137/705). PCGS Population: (2950/1394). CDN: \$2,090 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,288,125. NGC ID# 26C4, PCGS# 9018
- 7305 1892-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1130/3146). NGC Census: (1785/2183). CDN: \$2,013.44.Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS61. Mintage 930,150. NGC ID# 26C7, PCGS# 9021

- 7306 1893 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3331/1552 and 75/79+). NGC Census: (4069/1490 and 11/10+). CDN: \$2,040 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 344,200. NGC ID# 26C8, PCGS# 9022
- 7307 1895 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (4417/625). PCGS Population: (4133/697). CDN: \$2,350 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,114,656. NGC ID# 26CD, PCGS# 9027
- 7308 1900 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (8403/550). PCGS Population: (13474/702). CDN: \$2,310 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,874,584. NGC ID# 26CP, PCGS# 9037
- 7309 1907 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8777/1634). NGC Census: (9914/1055). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,451,864. NGC ID# 26D7, PCGS# 9052

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES

- 7310 1908 No Motto MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (30389/10638). NGC Census: (13710/5300). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142
- 7311 1908 No Motto MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (30389/10638). NGC Census: (13710/5300). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142
- 7312 1908 No Motto MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (30390/10638). NGC Census: (13713/5300). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142
- 7313 1908 No Motto MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (30393/10638). NGC Census: (13713/5300). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142
- 7314 1914-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2115/753). PCGS Population: (3331/1404). CDN: \$2,135 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 453,000. NGC ID# 26FT, PCGS# 9165
- 7315 1922 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (9516/593 and 204/20+). PCGS Population: (11247/1652 and 348/60+). CDN: \$2,110 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173
- 7316 1923-D MS62 ANACS. Mintage 1,702,250. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

- 7317 1924 MS65 NGC. Ken Bressett Signature. NGC Census: (39911/6090). PCGS Population: (54542/10565). CDN: \$2,460 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177
- 7318 1926 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (9804/4501). PCGS Population: (8995/6025). CDN: \$2,110 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 816,750. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183
- 7319 1927 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32332/6951 and 1364/355+). NGC Census: (22327/2975 and 438/163+). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,946,750. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186
- 7320 1927 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32312/6953). NGC Census: (22318/2974). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,946,750. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186
- 7321 1928 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11371/3522). NGC Census: (7176/1517). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,816,000. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 9189

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER

7322 1921 Alabama 2x2 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (95/9). PCGS Population: (166/9). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 6,006. NGC ID# BYEZ, PCGS# 9225





7323 1935-D Arkansas MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (37/0 and 8/0+). PCGS Population: (61/2 and 9/0+). CDN: \$1,040 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,505. NGC ID# BYF6, PCGS# 9234

- 7324 1938 Arkansas MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (14/0 and 2/0+). PCGS Population: (21/0 and 2/0+). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,156. NGC ID# BYFE, PCGS# 9245
- 7325 1939-D Arkansas MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (11/0). PCGS Population: (16/2). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,104. NGC ID# BYFK, PCGS# 9250
- 7326 1939-S Arkansas MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (20/0). PCGS Population: (34/1). CDN: \$2,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,105. NGC ID# BYFL, PCGS# 9251
- 7327 1939-S Arkansas MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (20/0). PCGS Population: (34/1). CDN: \$2,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,105. NGC ID# BYFL, PCGS# 9251
- 7328 1936 Gettysburg MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (209/6 and 61/1+). NGC Census: (115/7 and 47/0+). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 26,928. NGC ID# BYGM, PCGS# 9305
- 7329 1925 Lexington MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/1 and 7/1+). NGC Census: (21/0 and 0/0+). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 7330 1937-D Oregon MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (73/2 and 13/0+). NGC Census: (101/1 and 10/0+). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 12,008. NGC ID# BYHG, PCGS# 9347
- 7331 1938-S Oregon MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (39/0). PCGS Population: (23/0). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 6,006. NGC ID# BYHK, PCGS# 9350
- 7332 1939 Oregon PDS Set MS66 PCGS. (Total: 3 coins) PCGS# 9355
- 7333 1925 Stone Mountain MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (216/20 and 31/0+). PCGS Population: (354/6 and 63/3+). MS67. Mintage 1,314,709. NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378
- 7334 1925 Vancouver MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (57/3). PCGS Population: (89/4). MS67. Mintage 14,994. NGC ID# BYJP, PCGS# 9399
- 7335 1947 Booker T. Washington MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/0). NGC Census: (29/0). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 100,017. NGC ID# BYJV, PCGS# 9408

- 7336 1951-D Washington-Carver MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (25/0). PCGS Population: (7/1). CDN: \$6,600 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,004. NGC ID# BYKZ, PCGS# 9431
- 7337 1936 Wisconsin MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (69/2). PCGS Population: (55/1). CDN: \$3,200 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 25,015. NGC ID# BYKU, PCGS# 9447

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD

- 7338 1903 Louisiana Purchase, Jefferson Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (104/10). PCGS Population: (145/3). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLD, PCGS# 7443
- 7339 1903 Louisiana Purchase, Jefferson Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (104/10). PCGS Population: (145/3). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLD, PCGS# 7443
- 7340 1903 Louisiana Purchase, Jefferson Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (104/10). PCGS Population: (145/3). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLD, PCGS# 7443
- 7341 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (132/12). PCGS Population: (144/7). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444
- 7342 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (132/12). PCGS Population: (144/7). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444
- 7343 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGĆ Census: (132/12). PCGS Population: (144/7). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444
- 7344 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (97/4). PCGS Population: (110/1). CDN: \$1,560 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 7345 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (97/4). PCGS Population: (110/1). CDN: \$1,560 Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 7346 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (97/4 and 16/0+). PCGS Population: (110/1 and 20/0+). CDN: \$1,560 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454

- 7347 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ **NGC.** NGC Census: (97/4 and 16/0+). PCGS Population: (110/1 and 20/0+). CDN: \$1,560 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 7348 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (97/4 and 16/0+). PCGS Population: (110/1 and 20/0+). CDN: \$1,560 Whsle. Bid for NGC/ PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 7349 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92/1 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (56/0 and 9/0+). MS67. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455

MODERN BULLION COINS

7350 1991 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, 9-11-01 WTC Ground Zero Recovery, MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (106/2073). NGC Census: (41/2574). CDN: \$2,062.70. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS68. Mintage 243,100. NGC ID# 26PF, PCGS# 9854





- 7351 2021 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Type Two, 32nd Coin Struck, MS69 NGC. Jennie Norris Signature. One of First 500 Struck. Census: (1989/904). PCGS Population: (123/246). CDN: \$2,067.70. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# EAZP, PCGS# 880921 Base PCGS# 880921
- 7352 2021 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Type Two, 76th Coin Struck, MS69 NGC. Jennie Norris Signature. One of First 500 Struck. NGC Census: (1989/904). PCGS Population: (123/246). CDN: \$2,067.70. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69.

NGC ID# EAZP, PCGS# 880921 Base PCGS# 880921

- 7353 2021 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Type Two, 85th Coin Struck, MS69 NGC. Jennie Norris Signature. One of First 500 Struck. NGČ Census: (1989/904). PCGS Population: (123/246). CDN: \$2,067.70. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# EAZP, PCGS# 880921 Base PCGS# 880921
- 7354 2021 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Type Two, 77th Coin Struck, MS69 NGC. Jennie Norris Signature. One of First 500 Struck. NGC Census: (1989/904). PCGS Population: (123/246). CDN: \$2,067.70. Whsle. Bid for NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# EAZP, PCGS# 880921 Base
 - PCGS# 880921
- 7355 Five-Piece 1986 Texas Bullion Round Set Uncertified. The set includes tenthounce, quarter-ounce, half-ounce, and one-ounce .999 Fine gold rounds, and a one-ounce .999 Fine silver round. Housed in a Capital holder. Perhaps an answer to the similar Federal gold and silver eagle denominations introduced that year. (Total: 5 tokens)

PATTERN

7356 1869 Standard Silver Quarter, Judd-728, Pollock-809, High R.6, PR63 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/4). NGC ID# 29SC, PCGS# 512010 Base PCGS# 60955

NUGGETS

- 7357 Gold Nugget, 3.30 grams (.106 troy oz.). From the Circle district in Alaska, not far from the famous Klondike gold-producing district. This is a thin, pancake-shaped nugget typical of the scarce nuggets located near bedrock schist. It measures 15 x 12 x 2 mm (.59 x .47 x .08 in).
- 7358 Gold Nugget, 4.17 grams (.134 troy oz.). A roughly square, wafer-thin nugget smooth-surfaced on one side by water, typical of flattened fragments found near gravel-bedrock contact. It measures 19 x 18 x 3 mm (.75 x .71 x .12 in). From Alaska's Circle district.
- 7359 Gold Nugget, 4.81 grams (.255 troy oz.). A lumpy, rectangular nugget from Alaska's Circle district, with little evidence of remnant matrix within the twisted, sparkling facets. It measures 22 x 9 x 7 mm (.87 x .35 x .28 in).

- 7360 Gold Nugget, 7.22 grams (.232 troy oz.). Gold mining in the Alaska Circle district began in 1893 and has continued since that time. Nugget finds are relatively rare compared to other gold mining locations, although goldrich gravel yields plentiful fine and flake gold throughout the district. This is a large, rather serpentine nugget from the area, its glistening gold dominating a few square-shaped matrix inclusions. It measures 25 x 17 x 9 mm (.98 x .67 x .35 in).
- **7361** Gold Nugget, 7.92 grams (.255 troy oz.). A craggy, roughly triangular nugget with only a trace of quartz matrix hidden within narrow fissures. This nugget comes from the Circle district of Alaska, one of the richest placer gold areas in the state. Larger than most nuggets found in the Circle district, it measures $29 \times 15 \times 7 \text{ mm} (1.14 \times .59 \times .28 \text{ in})$.
- 7362 Gold Nugget, 7.93 grams (.255 troy oz.). Ancient metamorphic activity along geologic fault lines yields much of Alaska's Circle district gold. Quartzite and mafic schist matrix exists within this glossy yellow-gold nugget. More or less flat on one side, this irregularly shaped nugget offers visual interest from every angle. 20 x 17 x 8 mm (.79 x .67 x .31 in).
- 7363 Gold Nugget, 8.94 grams (.287 troy oz.). Smoothed by alluvial action to an appealing oval shape, this flat gold nugget from the Alaskan Circle district is solid gold, with virtually no evidence of its ancient matrix. This specimen is rather thick and heavy in-hand. 18 x 14 x 3 mm (.71 x .55 x .12 in)
- **7364** Gold Nugget, 8.98 grams (.289 troy oz.). Smoothed by alluvial action, this Sierra County, California nugget offers great eye appeal. The quartz matrix is snow-white, interspersed with large gold nodules and veins for outstanding visual impact. 2 x 14 x 12 mm (.83 x .55 x .47 ip.)

- **7365 Gold Nugget, 13.05 grams (.420 troy oz.).** Sierra County, California yielded this large gold nugget. Snowwhite matrix forms a smooth base for the otherwise rounded nugget, which displays crystalline sparkle throughout the greenish-gold veins that account for most of this nugget's mass. It measures 23 x 18 x 17 mm (.91 x .71 x .67 in).
- 7366 Gold Nugget, 14.69 grams (.472 troy oz.). This large and oddly shaped gold nugget from Alaska's Circle district features pillowy-pink matrix subdivided by broad bands of lumpy gold. It provides a spectacular example of Alaska gold in its natural state. 29 x 24 x 13 mm (1.14 x .94 x .51 in).

End of Auction

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- Bids in Signature* Auctions may be placed as set forth in the printed catalog section entitled "Choose your bidding method." For auctions held solely on the Internet, see the alternatives on HA.com. Review at http://www.ha.com/c/ref/web-tips.zx#biddingTutorial.
- Presentment of Bids: Non-Internet bids (including but not limited to podium, fax, phone and mail bids) and floor bids must be on-increment or at a half increment ("Cut Bid"). Any podium, fax, phone, or mail bids that do not conform to a full or half increment will be rounded up or down to the nearest full or half increment and this revised amount will be considered your high bid.
- 10. Auctioneer's Execution of Certain Bids. Auctioneer cannot be responsible for your errors in bidding or entry of bids. When identical mail or fax bids are submitted, preference is given to the first received. To ensure the greatest accuracy, written bids should be entered on the standard printed bid sheet and received by Auctioneer at least two business days prior to Auction start. Auctioneer is not responsible for executing mail bids or fax bids received on or after the day the first lot is sold, nor Internet bids submitted after the published closing time; nor is Auctioneer responsible for proper execution of bids submitted by telephone, mail, fax, email, Internet, or in person once Auction begins. Bids placed electronically via the internet may not be withdrawn until your written request is received and acknowledged by Auctioneer (FAX: 214-409-1425); such requests must state the reason, and may constitute grounds for withdrawal of bidding privileges. Lots won by mail Bidders will not be delivered at the Auction unless prearranged.
- 11. Bid Increments. Bid increments (over the current bid level) determine the lowest amount you may bid on a particular lot. Bids greater than one increment over the current bid can be any whole dollar amount. It is possible under several circumstances for winning bids to be between increments, sometimes only \$1 above the previous increment. Please see: "How can I lose by less than an increment?" on our website. Bids will be accepted in whole dollar amounts only. No "buy" or "unlimited" bids will be accepted.

Current bidding increments during any live auction session or components thereof (e.g. mail/fax bids and LiveProxy bidding) (see HA.com/c/ref/web-tips.zx#guidelines-increments) ar

Current Bid	Bid Increment	Cur
< \$10	\$1	\$10,
\$10 - \$49	\$2	\$20,
\$50 - \$99	\$5	\$50,
\$100 - \$199	\$10	\$10
\$200 - \$499	\$20	\$20
\$500 - \$999	\$50	\$50
\$1,000 - \$1,999	\$100	\$1,0
\$2,000 - \$4,999	\$200	\$2,0
\$5,000 - \$9,999	\$500	>= 5

dideinies merements) are.	
Current Bid	Bid Increment
\$10,000 - \$19,999	\$1,000
\$20,000 - \$49,999	\$2,000
\$50,000 - \$99,999	\$5,000
\$100,000 - \$199,999	\$10,000
\$200,000 - \$499,999	\$20,000
\$500,000 - \$999,999	\$25,000
\$1,000,000 - \$1,999,999	\$50,000
\$2,000,000 - \$9,999,999	\$100,000
>= \$10,000,000	\$200,000
to a company	

Note: Half-increment bidding is available prior to the live auction session.

12. If Auctioneer calls for a full increment, Bidder may request Auctioneer to accept a Cut Bid only once per lot. After offering a Cut Bid, Bidder may continue to bid on lot only at full increments. Off-increment bids may be accepted by the Auctioneer at Signature* Auctions. Bids solicited by Auctioneer at other than the expected increment will not be considered Cut Bids.

Conducting the Auction:

- 13. Notice of the consignor's liberty to place bids on his lots in the Auction is hereby made in accordance with Article 2 of the Texas Business and Commercial Code. A "Minimum Bid" is an amount below which the lot will not sell. THE CONSIGNOR OF PROPERTY MAY PLACE WRITTEN "Minimum Bids" ON HIS LOTS IN ADVANCE OF THE AUCTION; ON SUCH LOTS, IF THE HAMMER PRICE DOES NOT MEET THE "Minimum Bid", THE CONSIGNOR MAY PAY A REDUCED COMMISSION ON THOSE LOTS. "Minimum Bids" are generally posted online several days prior to the Auction closing. Any successful bid placed by a consignor on his property on the Auction floor, by any means during the live session, or after the "Minimum Bid" for an Auction have been posted, will require the consignor to pay full Buyer's Premium and Seller's Commissions on such lot. Auctioneer or its affiliates expressly reserve the right to modify any such bids at any time prior to the hammer based upon data made known to the Auctioneer or its affiliates.
- 14. The highest qualified Bidder recognized by the Auctioneer shall be the Buyer. In the event of a tie bid, the earliest bid received or recognized wins. In the event of any dispute between any Bidders at an Auction, Auctioneer may at his sole discretion reoffer the lot. Auctioneer's decision and declaration of the winning Bidder shall be final and binding upon all Bidders. Bids properly offered, whether by floor Bidder or other means of bidding, may on occasion be missed or go unrecognized; in such cases, the Auctioneer may declare the recognized bid accepted as the winning bid, regardless of whether a competing bid may have been higher. Auctioneer reserves the right after the hammer fall to accept bids and reopen bidding for bids placed through the Internet or otherwise. Regardless of placed bids, Auctioneer reserves the right to withdraw any lot, or any part of a lot, from Auction at any time prior to the opening of any such lot by the auctioneer (crier), or in the

- case of Internet-only auctions when the bid opens for either live Internet bidding or the beginning of any extended period.
- 15. Auctioneer reserves the right to refuse to honor any bid or to limit the amount of any bid, in its sole discretion. A bid is considered not made in "Good Faith" when made by an insolvent or irresponsible person, a person under the age of eighteen, or is not supported by satisfactory credit, references, or otherwise. Regardless of the disclosure of his identity, any bid by a consignor or his agent on a lot consigned by him is deemed to be made in "Good Faith." Any person apparently appearing on the OFAC list is not eligible to bid.
- 16. Nominal Bids. The Auctioneer in its sole discretion may reject nominal bids, small opening bids, or very nominal advances
- 17. Lots bearing bidding estimates shall open at Auctioneer's discretion (generally 40%-60% of the low estimate). In the event that no bid meets or exceeds that opening amount, the lot shall pass as unsold or the Auctioneer may place a protective bid on behalf of the consignor.

 18. All items are to be purchased per lot as numerically indicated and no lots will be broken.
- 19. Auctioneer reserves the right to rescind the sale in the event of nonpayment, breach of a warranty, disputed ownership, auctioneer's clerical error or omission in exercising bids and reserves, or for any other reason and in Auctioneer's sole discretion.
- 20. Auctioneer occasionally experiences Internet and/or Server service outages, and Auctioneer periodically schedules system downtime for maintenance and other purposes, during which Bidders cannot participate or place bids. If such outages occur, bidding may be extended at Auctioneer's discretion. Bidders unable to place their bids through the Internet are directed to contact Client Services at 877-HERITAGE (437-4824)
- 21. The Auctioneer, its affiliates, or their employees consign items to be sold in the Auction, and may bid on those lots or any other lots.
- 22. The Auctioneer may extend advances, guarantees, or loans to certain consignors.
- 23. The Auctioneer has the right to sell certain unsold items after the close of the Auction. Such lots shall be considered sold during the Auction and all these Terms and Conditions shall apply to such sales including but not limited to the Buyer's Premium, return rights, and disclaimers.

- 24. All sales are strictly for cash in United States dollars (including U.S. currency, bank wire, cashier checks, travelers checks, eChecks, and bank money orders, and are subject to all reporting requirements). All deliveries are subject to good funds; funds being received in Auctioneer's account before delivery of the merchandise; and all payments are subject to a clearing period. Auctioneer reserves the right to determine if a check constitutes "good funds": checks drawn on a U.S. bank are subject to a ten business day hold, thirty days when drawn on an international bank. Clients with pre-arranged credit may receive immediate credit for payments via eCheck, personal, or corporate checks. All others will be subject to a hold of 5 business days, or more, for the funds to clear prior to releasing merchandise. (Ref. T&C item 7 Credit for additional information.) Payments can be made 24-48 hours post auction from the My Orders page of the HA.com website. Payment via credit card (Visa, Mastercard, and Discover) will be accepted upon prior approval by Auctioneer. All payments by credit card will incur a surcharge of 2.5%. Payment by eCheck, wire transfer, or check will not incur a surcharge. This fee only applies to credit transactions, and does not exceed Auctioneer's cost of processing.
- Payment is due upon closing of the Auction session, or upon presentment of an invoice. Auctioneer reserves the right to void an invoice if payment in full is not received within 7 days after Auction close. In cases of nonpayment, Auctioneer's election to void a sale does not relieve the Bidder from their obligation to pay Auctioneer its fees (seller's and buyer's premium) on the lot and any other damages pertaining to the lot or Auctioneer. Alternatively, Auctioneer at its sole option, may charge a twenty (20%) fee based on the amount of the purchase. In either case the Auctioneer may offset amount of its claim against any monies owing to the
- Bidder or secure its claim against any of the Bidder's properties held by the Auctioneer.

 26. Purchased lots may be subject to taxes or fees imposed by various foreign taxing agencies. Buyer is responsible for paying all foreign imposed taxes whether VAT, GST, etc. prior to delivery unless other arrangements are made in writing. Lots delivered to Buyer, or Buyer's representative are subject to all applicable state and local taxes, unless appropriate permits are on file with Auctioneer. Should state sales tax become applicable in the state for delivery prior to delivery of the property on the invoice, Buyer agrees to pay all applicable state sales tax as required by the delivery state as of the shipping date. Buyer agrees to pay Auctioneer the actual amount of tax due in the event that sales tax is not properly collected due to: 1) an expired, inaccurate, or inappropriate tax certificate or declaration, 2) an incorrect interpretation of the applicable statute, 3) or any other reason. The appropriate form or certificate must be on file at and verified by Auctioneer five days prior to Auction, or tax must be paid; only if such form or certificate is received by Auctioneer within 4 days after Auction can a refund of tax paid be made. Lots from different Auctions may not be aggregated for sales tax purposes.
- 27. In the event that Buyer's payment is dishonored upon presentment(s), Buyer shall pay the maximum statutory processing fee set by applicable state law. If Buyer attempts to pay via eCheck and Buyer's financial institution denies this bank account, or the payment cannot be completed using the selected funding source, Buyer agrees to complete payment using your credit card on file (subject to the surcharge detailed in paragraph 24).
- 28. If any Auction invoice submitted by Auctioneer is not paid in full when due, the unpaid balance will bear interest at the highest rate permitted by law from the date of invoice until paid. Any invoice not paid when due will bear a three percent (3%) late fee on the invoice amount. If the Auctioneer refers any invoice to an attorney for collection, Buyer agrees to pay attorney's fees, court costs, and other collection costs incurred by Auctioneer. If Auctioneer assigns collection to its in-house legal staff, such attorney's time expended on the matter shall be compensated at a rate comparable to the hourly rate of independent attorneys.
- 29. In the event Buyer fails to pay any amounts due, Buyer authorizes Auctioneer to charge the Buyer's credit card on file with Auctioneer in the amount required to pay the invoice in full or sell the lot(s) securing the invoice to any underbidders in the Auction that the lot(s) appeared, or at subsequent private or public sale, or relist the lot(s) in a future auction conducted by Auctioneer. A defaulting Buyer agrees to pay for the reasonable costs of resale (including a 15% seller's commission, if consigned to an auction conducted by Auctioneer). The defaulting Buyer is liable to pay any difference between his total original invoice for the lot(s), plus any applicable interest, and the net proceeds for the lot(s) if sold at private sale or the subsequent hammer price
- of the lot(s) less the 15% seller's commissions, if sold at an Auctioneer's auction.

 30. Title shall not pass to Buyer until all invoices are paid in full. Auctioneer shall have a lien against the merchandise purchased by Buyer to secure payment of any and all outstanding Auction invoices. Auctioneer is further granted a lien and the right to retain possession of any other property of Buyer then held by Auctioneer or its affiliates to secure payment of any Auction invoice or any other amounts due Auctioneer or affiliates from Buyer. With respect to these lien rights, Auctioneer shall have all the rights of a secured creditor under Article 9 of the Texas Uniform Commercial Code, including but not limited to the right of sale (including a 15% seller's commission, if consigned to an auction conducted by Auctioneer). Any Heritage foreclosure auction venue is deemed a reasonably commercial sale. In addition, with respect to payment of the Auction invoice(s), Buyer waives any and all rights of offset he might otherwise have against Auctioneer and the consignor of the merchandise included on the invoice. If Buyer owes Auctioneer or its affiliates on any account, Auctioneer and its affiliates shall have the right to offset such unpaid account by any credit balance due Buyer, and it may secure by possessory lien any unpaid amount by any of the Buyer's property in their possession.

Delivery; Shipping; and Handling Charges:

31. Buyer is liable for all shipping, handling, registration, and renewal fees, if any. Please refer to Auctioneer's website HA.com/c/shipping.zx for the latest charges or call Auctioneer. Auctioneer is unable to combine purchases from other auctions or affiliates into one package for shipping purposes. Merchandise will be shipped in a commercially reasonable time after payment in good funds for the merchandise and the shipping fees is received or credit extended, except when third-party shipment occurs. Buyer on lots designated for third-party shipment must designate the common carrier, accept risk of loss, and prepay shipping costs. Buyer

- agrees that Service and Handling charges related to shipping items which are not pre-paid may be charged to the credit card on file with Auctioneer (subject to the surcharge detailed in paragraph 24).
- 32. Successful international Bidders shall provide written shipping instructions, including specified customs declarations, to Auctioneer for any lots to be delivered outside of the United States. NOTE: Declaration value shall be the item'(s) hammer price together with its buyer's premium and Auctioneer shall use the correct harmonized code for the lot.
- 33. On all shipments in which Auctioneer charges the Delivery, Handling, and Transit Fee infira, any risk of loss during shipment will be borne by Auctioneer until the common carrier's confirmation of delivery to the address of record in Auctioneer's file, this is the "Secure Location". A common carrier's confirmation is conclusive to prove delivery to Buyer; if the client has a Signature release on file with the carrier, the package is considered delivered without Signature. Auctioneer shall arrange, select, and engage common carriers and other transportation vendors on your behalf. Transit services are subject to the following terms and conditions:
 - a. <u>Scope of Transit Services</u>: Merchandise for transit will be insured under one or more insurance policies issued by an authorized broker to Auctioneer. The merchandise will be insured for the invoice price of the properties (hammer price plus Buyer's Premium) ("Insured Value"). For each shipment, Buyer will provide a Secure Location to which the items will be delivered. NOTICE: Auctioneer is neither an insurance company nor a common carrier of any type.
 - b. <u>Auctioneer's Compensation for Transit Services</u>: Auctioneer will provide transit services to Buyer for % of 1% of the Insured Value, plus packaging and handling fees and fees for the common carrier (collectively, "Delivery, Handling, and Transit Fee"). Buyer agrees to pay Delivery, Handling, and Transit Fee and comply with all terms of payment as set forth herein.
 - c. <u>Auctioneer's Limitation of Liability for Transit Services</u>: Buyer understands and agrees that Auctioneer's liability for loss of or damage to the items, if any, ends when the items have been delivered to the Secure Location, and Auctioneer has received evidence of delivery. Any claim that property has sustained loss or damage during transit must be reported to Auctioneer within seventy-two (72) hours of the delivery date. Any recovery for loss of or damage to any merchandise is limited to the lesser of actual cash value of the merchandise or the Insured Value. <u>Under no circumstances is Auctioneer liable for consequential or punitive damages</u>.
- punitive damages.

 34. It shall be the responsibility for Buyer to arrange pick-up or shipping in a timely manner (within 10 days). Merchandise will be subject to storage and moving charges, including a \$100 administration fee plus \$10 daily storage for larger items and \$5 daily for smaller items (storage fee per item) after 35 days. In the event the merchandise is not removed within ninety days, the merchandise may be offered for sale to recover any past due storage or moving fees, including a 20% Seller's Commission.
- 35. A. NOTIČE OF CITES COMPLIANČE: The purchase of items made from protected species: Any property made of or incorporating endangered or protected species or wildlife may have import and/or export restrictions established by the Convention of International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) in various countries and domestically. Plant and animal properties include (but are not limited to) items made of (or including) Brazilian rosewood, ivory, whalebone, turtle shell, coral, crocodile, alligator, lizard, or other wildlife. These items may not be available to ship internationally or, in some cases, domestically. Domestic bans and restrictions exist in these states: 1) California state law prohibits the importation of any product containing Python skin into the State of California, thus no lot containing Python skin will be shipped to or invoiced to a person or company in California. 2) Fossil Ivory is currently banned or restricted in 5 U.S. states: New York, New Jersey, California, Hawaii, and New Mexico. By placing a bid, the bidder acknowledges that he or she is aware of any restriction in their country or place of residence and takes responsibility for: 1) obtaining all information on such restricted items for both export and import; 2) obtaining all such licenses and/or permits. Delay, failure, or incapacity to obtain any such license or permit does not relieve the buyer of timely payment or afford them the capacity to void their purchase or payment. Lots containing potentially regulated wildlife material are noted in the description as a convenience to our clients. Heritage Auctions does not accept liability for errors or failure to mark lots containing protected or regulated species. For further assistance, please contact client services at 1-800-872-6467.
- 35. B. California State law prohibits the importation of any product containing Python skin into the State of California. No merchandise containing Python skin will be shipped to or invoiced to a person or company in California.
- 35. C. Auctioneer shall not be liable for any loss caused by or resulting from:
 - Seizure or destruction under quarantine or Customs regulation, or confiscation by order of any Government or public authority, or risks of contraband or illegal transportation of trade, or
- Breakage of statuary, marble, glassware, bric-a-brac, porcelains, jewelry, and similar fragile articles.
 Any request for shipping verification for undelivered packages must be made within 30 days of shipment by
- 36. Any request for shipping verification for undelivered packages must be made within 30 days of shipment by Auctioneer.

Cataloging, Warranties, and Disclaimers:

- 37. NO WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO ANY DESCRIPTION CONTAINED IN THIS AUCTION OR ANY SECOND OPINE. Any description of merchandise or second opine contained in this Auction is for the sole purpose of identifying merchandise for those Bidders who do not have the opportunity to view merchandise prior to bidding, and no description of merchandise has been made part of the basis of the bargain or has created any express warranty that merchandise would conform to any description made by Auctioneer. Color variations can be expected in any electronic or printed imaging, and are not grounds for the return of any lot. NOTE: Auctioneer, in specified auction venues, e.g. Fine Art, may have express written warranties and Bidder is referred to those specific terms and conditions.
- 38. Auctioneer is selling only such right or title to merchandise being sold as Auctioneer may have by virtue of consignment agreements on the date of auction and disclaims any warranty of title to the merchandise. Auctioneer disclaims any warranty of merchantability or fitness for any particular purposes. All images, descriptions, sales data, and archival records are the exclusive property of Auctioneer, and may be used by Auctioneer for advertising, promotion, archival records, and any other uses deemed appropriate.
- 39. Translations of foreign language documents may be provided as a convenience to interested parties. Auctioneer makes no representation as to the accuracy of those translations and will not be held responsible for errors in bidding arising from inaccuracies in translation.
 40. Auctioneer disclaims all liability for damages, consequential or otherwise, arising out of or in connection with
- 40. Auctioneer disclaims all liability for damages, consequential or otherwise, arising out of or in connection with the sale of any merchandise by Auctioneer to Bidder. No third party may rely on any benefit of these Terms and Conditions and any rights, if any, established hereunder are personal to Bidder and may not be assigned. Any statement made by the Auctioneer is an opinion and does not constitute a warranty or representation. No employee of Auctioneer may alter these Terms and Conditions, and, unless signed by a principal of Auctioneer, any such alteration is null and void.
- 41. Auctioneer shall not be liable for breakage of glass or damage to frames (patent or latent); such defects, in any event, shall not be a basis for return or reduction in purchase price.

Release

- 42. In consideration of participation in Auction and the placing of a bid, Bidder expressly releases Auctioneer, its officers, directors and employees, its affiliates, and its outside experts that provide second opines, from any and all claims, cause of action, whose of action, whether at law or equity or any arbitration or mediation rights existing under the rules of any professional society or affiliation based upon the assigned description, or a derivative theory, breach of warranty express or implied, representation or other matter set forth within these Terms and Conditions of Auction or otherwise. In the event of a claim, Bidder agrees that such rights and privileges conferred therein are strictly construed as specifically declared herein, and are the exclusive remedy. Bidder, by non-compliance to these express terms of a granted remedy, shall waive any claim against Auctioneer.
- 43. Notice: Some merchandise sold by Auctioneer is inherently dangerous e.g. firearms, cannons, and small items that may be swallowed or ingested or may have latent defects all of which may cause harm to a person. Buyer accepts all risk of loss or damage from its purchase of these items and Auctioneer disclaims any liability whether under contract or tort for damages and losses, direct or inconsequential, and expressly disclaims any warranty as to safety or usage of any lot sold.

Dispute Resolution, Arbitration, and Remedies:

- By placing a bid or otherwise participating in Auction, Bidder accepts these Terms and Conditions of Auction, and specifically agrees to the dispute resolution provided herein.
- 44. Exclusive Dispute Resolution Process: All claims, disputes, or controversies in connection with, relating to, and/or arising out of Bidder's participation in Auction or purchase of any lot, any interpretation of the Terms and Conditions of Sale or any amendments thereto, any description of any lot or condition report, any damage to any lot, any alleged verbal modification of any term of sale or condition report or description, and/or any purported settlement whether asserted in contract, tort, under Federal or State statute or regulation, or any claim made by Bidder of a lot or Bidder's participation in Auction involving the auction or a specific lot involving a warranty or representation of a consignor or other person or entity including Auctioneer {which claim Bidder consents to be made a party} (collectively, "Claim") shall be exclusively heard by, and the claimant (or respondent) and Auctioneer each consent to the Claim being presented in a confidential binding arbitration before a single arbitrator administrated by and conducted under the rules of, the American Arbitration Association. The locale for all such arbitrations shall be Dallas, Texas. The arbitrator's award may be enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction. In the event that any Claim needs to be litigated, including actions to compel arbitration, construe the agreement, actions in aid of arbitration, or otherwise, such litigation shall be exclusively in the Courts of the State of Texas, in Dallas County, Texas, and if necessary the corresponding appellate courts. If a Claim involves a consumer, exclusive subject matter jurisdiction for the Claim is in the State District Courts of Dallas County. Texas and the consumer consents to subject matter and in personam jurisdiction; further CONSUMER EXPRESSLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY. A consumer may elect arbitration as specified above. Any claim involving the purchase or sale of numismatic or related items may be submitted through binding PNG arbitration. A Claim is not subject to class certification.
- 45. Choice of Law: Agreement and any Claim shall be determined and construed under Texas law. For auctions conducted by Heritage Auctions (HK) Limited, any Agreement and any Claim shall be determined and construed under Hong Kong law.
- 46. Fees and Costs: The prevailing party (a party that is awarded substantial and material relief on its damage claim based on damages sought versus awarded or the successful defense of a Claim based on damages sought versus awarded) may be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.
- 47. Remedies: Any Claim must be brought within two (2) years of the alleged breach, default or misrepresentation or the Claim is waived. After one (1) year has elapsed, Auctioneer's maximum liability shall be limited to any commissions and fees Auctioneer earned on that lot. Auctioneer in no event shall be responsible for consequential damages, incidental damages, compensatory damages, or any other damages arising or claimed to be arising from the auction of any lot. Exemplary or punitive damages are not permitted and are waived. In the event that Auctioneer cannot deliver the lot or subsequently it is established that the lot lacks title, or other transfer or condition issue is claimed, in such cases the sole remedy shall be limited to rescission of sale and refund of the amount paid by Buyer; in no case shall Auctioneer's maximum liability exceed the high bid on that lot, which bid shall be deemed for all purposes the value of the lot. In the event of an attribution error, Auctioneer may at its sole discretion, correct the error on the Internet, or, if discovered at a later date, refund Buyer's purchase price without further obligation. Nothing herein shall be construed to extend the time of return or conditions and restrictions for return.
- 48. These Terms & Conditions provide specific remedies for occurrences in the auction and delivery process. Where such remedies are afforded, they shall be interpreted strictly. Bidder agrees that any claim shall utilize such remedies; Bidder making a claim in excess of those remedies provided in these Terms and Conditions agrees that in no case whatsoever shall Auctioneer's maximum liability exceed the high bid on that lot, which bid shall be deemed for all purposes the value of the lot.

Miscellaneous:

- 49. Agreements between Bidders and consignors to effectuate a non-sale of an item at Auction, inhibit bidding on a consigned item to enter into a private sale agreement for said item, or to utilize Auctioneer's Auction to obtain sales for non-selling consigned items subsequent to Auction, are strictly prohibited. If a subsequent sale of a previously consigned item occurs in violation of this provision, Auctioneer reserves the right to charge Bidder the applicable Buyer's Premium and consignor a Seller's Commission as determined for each auction venue and by the terms of the seller's agreement.
- 50. Acceptance of these Terms and Conditions qualifies Bidder as a client who has consented to be contacted by Heritage in the future. In conformity with "do-not-call" regulations promulgated by the Federal or State regulatory agencies, participation by Bidder is affirmative consent to being contacted at the phone number shown in his application and this consent shall remain in effect until it is revoked in writing. Heritage may from time to time contact Bidder concerning sale, purchase, and auction opportunities available through Heritage and its affiliates and subsidiaries.
- 51. Rules of Construction: Auctioneer presents properties in a number of collectible fields, and as such, specific venues have promulgated supplemental Terms and Conditions. Nothing herein shall be construed to waive the general Terms and Conditions of Auction by these additional rules and shall be construed to give force and effect to the rules in their entirety.

State Notices:

Notice as to an Auction in California. Auctioneer has in compliance with Title 2.95 of the California Civil Code as amended October 11, 1993 Sec. 1812.600, posted with the California Secretary of State its bonds for it and its employees, and the auction is being conducted in compliance with Sec. 2338 of the Commercial Code and Sec. 535 of the Penal Code.

Notice as to an Auction in Texas. Notice is hereby given that the auctioneer is licensed by the Texas Department of Professional Licensing and Regulation, and any concerns may be addressed to Department at P. O. Box 12157, Austin, TX 78711, (512) 463-6599, or https://www.tdlr.texas.gov/.

Additional Terms & Conditions: COINS & CURRENCY

- 3 & CURRENCY TERM A: Signature* Auctions are not on approval. No certified material may be urned because of possible differences of opinion with respect to the grade offered by any thirdy organization, dealer, or service. No guarantee of grade is offered for uncertified Property sold 3 subsequently submitted to a third-party grading service. There are absolutely no exceptions to spolicy. Under extremely limited circumstances, (e.g. gross cataloging error) a purchaser, who did thid from the floor, may request Auctioneer to evaluate voiding a sale: such request must be made writing detailing the alleged gross error; submission of the lot to the Auctioneer must be pre-proved by the Auctioneer; and bidder must notify Ron Brackemyre (1-800-872-6467 Ext. 1312) in iting of such request within three (3) days of the non-floor bidder's receipt of the lot. Any lot that to be evaluated must be in our offices within 30 days after Auction. Grading or method of nufacture do not qualify for this evaluation process nor do such complaints constitute a basis to illenge the authenticity of a lot. AFTER THAT 30-DAY PERIOD, NO LOTS MAY BE RETURNED R REASONS OTHER THAN AUTHENTICITY. Lots returned must be housed intact in their ginal holder. No lots purchased by floor Bidders may be returned (including those Bidders acting agents for others) except for authenticity. Late remittance for purchases may be considered just ase to revoke all return privileges.
- 5 & CURRENCY TERM B: Auctions conducted solely on the Internet THREE (3) DAY RETURN LICY: Certified Coin and Uncertified and Certified Currency lots paid for within seven days of the ction closing are sold with a three (3) day return privilege unless otherwise noted in the description 'Sold As Is, No Return Lot'. You may return lots under the following conditions: Within three days receipt of the lot, you must first notify Auctioneer by contacting Client Service by phone (877-IRITAGE (437-4824)) or e-mail (Bid@HA.com), and immediately ship the lot(s) fully insured to attention of Returns, Heritage Auctions, 2801 W. Airport Freeway, Dallas TX 75261. Lots must be used intact in their original holder and condition. You are responsible for the insured, safe delivery any lots. A non-negotiable return fee of 5% of the purchase price (\$10 per lot minimum) will be fucted from the refund for each returned lot or billed directly. Postage and handling fees are not unded. After the three-day period (from receipt), no items may be returned for any reason. Late nittance for purchases revokes these Return privileges.
- 5 & CURRENCY TERM C: Bidders who have inspected the lots prior to any Auction, or attended : Auction, or bid through an Agent, will not be granted any return privileges, except for reasons of henticity.
- 5 & CURRENCY TERM D: Coins sold referencing a third-party grading service are sold "as is" hout any express or implied warranty, except for a guarantee by Auctioneer that they are genuine. train warranties may be available from the grading services and the Bidder is referred to them for ther details: Numismatic Guaranty Corporation (NGC), P.O. Box 4776, Sarasota, Fl. 34230, p://www.ngccoin.com/ services/writtenguarantee.asp; Professional Coin Grading Service (PCGS), Box 9458, Newport Beach, CA 92658, http://www.pcgs.com/guarantee.html; ANACS, 6555 S. nton St. Ste. 303, Englewood, CO 80111; and Independent Coin Grading Co. (ICG), 7901 East leview Ave, Suite 50, Englewood, CO 80111.
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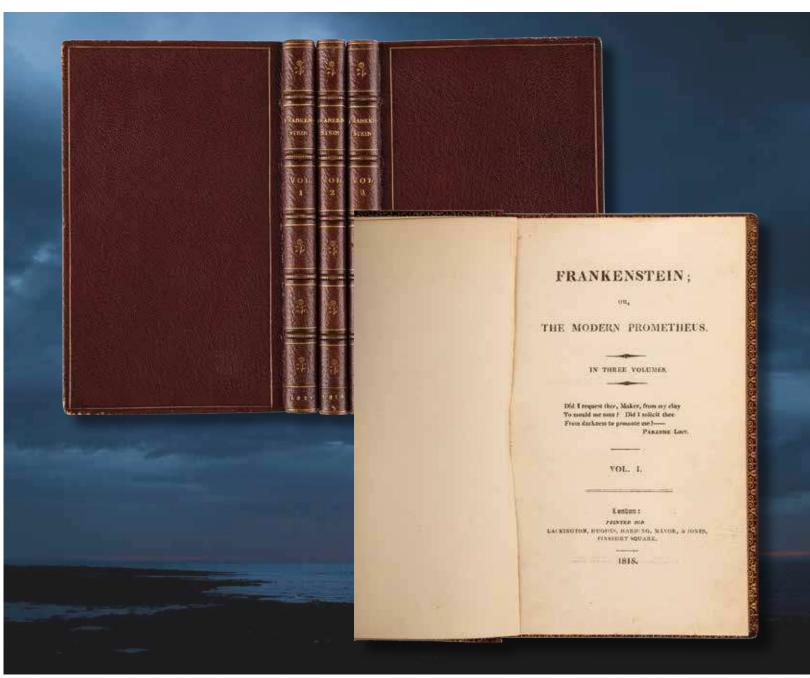
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World Paper Money	Dallas	April 18, 2024	CLOSED
CSNS US Coins	Dallas	May 8-12, 2024	March 25, 2024
CSNS World Coins Platinum Session and	Dallas	May 8-10, 2024	March 15, 2024
CSNS Currency	Dallas	May 8-10, 2024	March 18, 2024
FINE & DECORATIVE ARTS	LOCATION	AUCTION DATES	CONSIGNMENT DEADLINES
Fine & Decorative Asian Art	Dallas	March 20, 2024	CLOSED
Fine Minerals	Dallas	March 27, 2024	CLOSED
Urban Art	Dallas	March 28, 2024	CLOSED
Prints & Multiples	Dallas	April 16, 2024	CLOSED
Pursuit of Beauty: Art Nouveau, Art Deco & Art Glass	Dallas	April 18, 2024	CLOSED
Illustration Art	Dallas	April 23, 2024	CLOSED
Nature & Science	Dallas	April 24, 2024	CLOSED
Photographs	Dallas	April 30, 2024	CLOSED
Texas Art	Dallas	May 11, 2024	March 8, 2024
Modern & Contemporary Art	Dallas	May 14, 2024	March 12, 2024
American Art	Dallas	May 15, 2024	March 13, 2024
Silver & Vertu	Dallas	May 16, 2024	March 6, 2024
Imperial Fabergé & Russian Works of Art	Dallas	May 17, 2024	March 7, 2024
Design	Dallas	May 23, 2024	March 13, 2024
HISTORICAL COLLECTIBLES	LOCATION	AUCTION DATES	CONSIGNMENT DEADLINES
Historical Manuscripts	Dallas	April 5, 2024	CLOSED
The World of Edgar Rice Burroughs	Dallas	April 25, 2024	CLOSED
Americana & Political	Dallas	April 26-27, 2024	CLOSED
Books	Dallas	May 7-8, 2024	March 7, 2024
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LUXURY LIFESTYLE	LOCATION	AUCTION DATES	CONSIGNMENT DEADLINES
Fine & Rare Wine	Beverly Hills	March 22, 2024	CLOSED
Luxury Accessories	Dallas	May 2, 2024	March 4, 2024
Spring Fine Jewelry	Dallas	May 6, 2024	February 9, 2024
Watches & Fine Timepieces	Dallas	June 5, 2024	March 21, 2024
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The Neil Gaiman Collection Comics & Comic Art	Dallas	March 14, 2024	CLOSED
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Spring Sports Card Catalog Auction	Dallas	March 22-23, 2024	CLOSED
Movie Posters	Dallas	March 30, 2024	CLOSED
Comics & Comic Art	Dallas	April 4-7, 2024	CLOSED
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Spring Sports Catalog Auction	Dallas	May 9-11, 2024	March 18, 2024
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